



MCB FUNDS
Investments for Life

ANNUAL REPORT 2026

Funds Under Management of
MCB Investment Management Limited



ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ALLOCATION FUND

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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Board of Directors	Mr. Haroun Rashid Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Chairman Director Chief Executive Officer Director Director Director Director Director
Audit Committee	Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	Chairman Member Member
Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Credit Committee	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Member Member Member Member
IT & Digital Risk Management Committee	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Syed Sohail Ahmed Mr. Shabbir Hussain Mr. Muhammad Arsalan Mr. Raheel Iqbal (CISO)	Chairman Member Member Member Member Member Member
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	
Chief Operating & Financial Officer	Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	
Company Secretary & Financial Controller	Mr. Muhammad Rehan Khan	
Trustee	Digital Custodian Company Limited 4th Floor, Pardesi House, Old Queens Road, Karachi, Pakistan Ph: (92-21) 32419770 Fax: (92-21) 32416371 Web: www.digitalcustodian.co	
Bankers	MCB Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Limited	
Auditors	BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants 2nd Floor, Block-C, Lakson Square, Building No.1 Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi	
Legal Advisor	Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi	
Rating	AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA	
Transfer Agent	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present **Alhamra Smart Portfolio** accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2026.

Economy Review

The country posted a current account deficit of USD 139 million in fiscal year 2026 (FY26) compared to a surplus of USD 1,838 million in the corresponding period last year. Trade Deficit increased by 25.4% YoY as exports declined by 4.6% while imports increased by 9.0%. The remittances inflows grew at a healthy rate of 8.6% to USD 41.6 billion. The country's external position remained robust as SBP's foreign exchange reserves increased to around USD 18.4 billion compared to USD 14.5 billion at the end of the last fiscal year. The local currency depicted strength against the greenback as the USD/PKR appreciated by 2.0% to 278.2 during the period.

Headline inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, averaged 7.0% during FY26, compared with 4.5% in the previous year. The acceleration was primarily driven by higher global oil prices, which translated into increased domestic fuel prices and generated broader second-round inflationary pressures across transportation, energy-intensive goods, and other components of the consumer basket.

Pakistan's provisional GDP growth clocked at 3.7% in FY26 with Agricultural, Industrial and Services sectors increasing by 2.9%, 3.5% and 4.1% respectively. On the fiscal front, FBR tax collection increased by 10.7% during FY26 to PKR 13,004 billion, exceeding the twice downward-revised target by PKR 21 billion. Meanwhile, the fiscal deficit narrowed substantially to PKR 3,778 billion (3.0% of GDP) from PKR 6,168 billion (5.4% of GDP) in the previous year. This marked improvement was primarily supported by lower financing costs, stronger revenue mobilization, and continued fiscal discipline.

Equity Market Review

Pakistan equities delivered another strong year in FY26, with the KSE-100 Index gaining 43.5% to close at 180,302 points, marking a third consecutive year of positive returns. The market's performance was supported by continued improvement in macroeconomic conditions, including stronger foreign exchange reserves, progress under the IMF programme, sovereign credit-rating upgrades and a more supportive monetary backdrop. Investor confidence was further reinforced by improving external relations, renewed foreign investment interest, progress on circular debt resolution and resilient corporate earnings across key sectors. These developments drove the index to an all-time high of 189,167 points in January 2026.

The second half of the year was, however, characterised by elevated volatility. Escalating tensions between the US and Iran pushed international oil prices to around USD 120 per barrel, raising concerns over inflation, the external account and the domestic interest-rate outlook. This triggered a sharp market correction during February and March. Sentiment subsequently improved during the final quarter as geopolitical tensions eased, oil prices moderated and the market reassessed the underlying strength of Pakistan's macroeconomic and corporate fundamentals. The recovery was further supported by IMF approval of USD 1.3 billion under the EFF and RSF programmes, the successful issuance of Pakistan's inaugural USD 250 million Panda Bond and a market-friendly FY27 Federal Budget. As a result, the KSE-100 recovered strongly through April, May and June, ending FY26 close to its record high despite significant interim volatility.

During FY26, foreign investors, insurance companies, and banks were major net sellers, with outflows of USD 847.7 million, USD 242.7 million, and USD 177.1 million, respectively. This selling was mainly absorbed by companies, mutual funds, and individuals, with inflows of USD 587.5 million, USD 406.8

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

million, and USD 330.1 million, respectively. On the activity front, average trading volumes for the KSE-All Index increased to 910.9 million shares, compared to about 618.4 million shares in FY25. Meanwhile, average trading value during the period increased by 54.7% over the last year to USD 151.8 million.

Banks, Fertilizer, and E&P sectors were the major contributors to the index rally, adding 21,612, 7,748, and 6,151 points, respectively. Attractive dividend yields and valuations garnered investor interest in the Banking and Fertilizer sectors, while the E&P sector also remained in the limelight due to the one-off PKR 1.2trn disbursement by the GoP under the circular debt clearance plan and rising oil prices.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund posted a return of 14.38% against 18.66% for the benchmark. The fund was 3.2% invested in Cash, 24.6% in Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund and 72.2% in Alhamra Islamic Income Fund as at June 30, 2026.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2026 stood at Rs. 245 million as compared to Rs. 221 million as at June 30, 2025 registering an increase of 10.85%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2026 was Rs. 174.2927 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 160.2631 per unit as at June 30, 2025 an increase of Rs. 14.0296 per unit.

Economy & Market – Future Outlook

The renewed escalation in the Iran–US conflict has triggered a sharp increase in global oil prices, with Brent crude trading at around USD 100 per barrel at the time of writing amid concerns over potential supply disruptions through the Strait of Hormuz and the Bab al-Mandab Strait. This has immediate macroeconomic implications, particularly for oil-importing economies like Pakistan, as higher oil prices raise the import bill, fuel inflation, and exert pressure on the currency. However, the situation remains highly fluid, with outcomes dependent on the duration and intensity of the conflict. If tensions do not escalate further, the impact on macros is likely to remain manageable, but a prolonged conflict could keep oil prices elevated and pose additional risks to inflation, external balances, and overall economic stability.

Given the increase in global oil prices and refinery margins, we now expect Pakistan's current account deficit to widen to approximately USD 2.5 billion, or 0.5% of GDP, in FY27, compared with USD 139 million, or 0.03% of GDP, in FY26. Elevated oil prices remain the key downside risk to the external account. Based on our estimates, every USD 10 per barrel increase above our base-case oil price assumption of USD 80 per barrel could add approximately USD 2.0 billion to the import bill and, by extension, the current account deficit. Nevertheless, the continuation of the IMF program remains an important source of external stability, as it should facilitate Pakistan's access to multilateral, bilateral and commercial financing. Pakistan's continued geopolitical relevance may also support additional inflows from friendly countries. In this regard, Saudi Arabia has recently provided an additional USD 3.0 billion in deposits and extended its existing USD 5.0 billion facility for a further three years. The currency outlook will remain closely linked to the trajectory of international oil prices, external financing flows and broader geopolitical conditions. Under our base case, we have assumed approximately 5.0% depreciation in the Pakistani rupee and expect the USD/PKR exchange rate to close at around 292 by June 2027.

Higher international oil prices, together with corresponding adjustments in domestic fuel prices, are also expected to keep inflationary pressures elevated in the near term. We now project average CPI inflation of approximately 8.4% in FY27, compared with 7.0% in FY26. On the growth front, GDP is expected to

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

expand by between 3.5% and 4.0% in FY27, although any further escalation in the Middle East conflict would pose a downside risk to this forecast. On the fiscal front, we expect the fiscal deficit to normalize to 3.6% of GDP in FY27 compared to 3.0% GDP in FY26. Fiscal deficit is expected to remain contained due to IMF strict requirement to generate a primary surplus of PKR 2.8 trillion (2.0% of GDP).

The Monetary Policy Committee increased the policy rate by 100 basis points to 11.5% at its April 2026 meeting, following an extended period of monetary easing, and subsequently maintained the rate at its June 2026 meeting. Going forward, developments in the Middle East are likely to remain a key driver of macroeconomic variables and, by extension, the monetary policy outlook. We expect the central bank to maintain a data-dependent approach in shaping upcoming policy decisions.

From the capital market perspective particularly equities, the market is still trading at attractive valuations. Market cap to GDP ratio is at 15.6%, a discount of 13.8% from its historical average of 18.1%. We believe a closer view of sectors and stocks will remain important and investment selection should focus on companies, which trade at a discount to their intrinsic value. As of the close of the quarter, the market is trading at a forward Price to Earnings ratio of 8.1x, while offering a dividend yield of 6.1%. For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year.

Mutual Fund Industry Review

The Net Assets of the open-end mutual funds industry increased by about 14.3% during FY26 to PKR 4,209 billion. Total money market funds declined by 0.9% since June 2025. Within the money market sphere, conventional funds showed a decrease of 6.5% to PKR 914 billion while Islamic funds increased by 5.0% to PKR 957 billion. In addition, the total fixed Income and Fixed Rate funds increased by about 15.9% since June 2025 to PKR 1,440 billion while Equity and related funds increased by 62.3% to PKR 797 billion.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 44.5%, followed by Income and fixed return funds with 34.2% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 18.9% as at the end of June 2026.

Mutual Fund Industry Outlook

Money market funds should benefit from higher liquidity as they are ideal for investors with a short-term horizon and low risk profile. For medium to long term investors the interest in capital markets particularly equities will continue to remain strong. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge in digital access and online customer experience; we are prepared to get benefits of the growing number of investors available online.

HOLDING COMPANY

On April 18, 2023, MCB Bank Limited (MCB), being the parent company of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, has acquired 21,664,167 (30.09%) shares of MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investment Limited (MCB-AH) from Arif Habib Corporation Limited (AHCL). By virtue of this transaction MCB Bank Limited's shareholding in MCB-AH has increased from 36,956,768 (51.33%) shares to 58,620,935 (81.42%) and AHCL no longer holds any shares in MCB-AH.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board comprises of eight (8) members including Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and has a diverse mix of gender and knowledge. The Board consists of 2 female and 6 male directors, categorized as follows:

- 4 Non – Executive Directors;
- 3 Independent Directors; and
- 1 Executive Director (CEO).

The details of above are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Status	Membership in other Board Committees
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Non-Executive Director	None
2.	Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai	Non-Executive Director	HR&R* Committee
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	HR&R* Committee Audit Committee IT&DRMC**Committee
4.	Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	Non-Executive Director	Audit Committee
5.	Ms. Sadia Muzaffar	Independent Director	Audit Committee (Chairman)
6.	Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy	Independent Director	HR&R* Committee (Chairman)
7.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Independent Director	HR&R* Committee IT&DRMC**Committee (Chairman)
8.	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Executive Director	HR&R* Committee IT&DRMC**Committee

* HR&R stands for Human Resource and Remuneration

** IT&DRMC stands for IT & Digital Risk Management Committee

Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance. The Fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

The Board of Directors is pleased to report that:

- a. The financial statements, present fairly the state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- b. Proper books of accounts of the fund have been maintained;
- c. Appropriate accounting policies as stated in the notes to the financial statements have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.;
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further;
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the fund's ability to continue as going concern;
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations;
- h. The outstanding taxes, statutory charges and duties, if any, have been fully disclosed in the audited financial statements;
- i. The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report;
- j. As at June 30, 2026, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Directors' Training Program, as contained in Regulation No. 19 of the Code;
- k. The detailed pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2026 is annexed;
- l. A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, members of the Board and Committees of the Board;
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below are the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2026:

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, eight (8) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1. Sadia Muzaffar*	8	2	2	-
2. Syed Savail Meekal Hussain**	8	6	6	-
3. Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	8	8	8	-
4. Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	8	8	8	-

* Appointed on February 07, 2026

** Resigned on February 06, 2026

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, two (2) meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1. Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy	2	2	2	-
2. Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	2	2	2	-
3. Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai	2	2	2	-
4. Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	2	2	2	-
5. Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	2	2	2	-

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

3. Meeting of the IT & Digital Risk Management Committee.

During the year, one (1) meeting of the IT & Digital Risk Management Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
1. Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	1	1	1	-
2. Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	1	1	1	-
3. Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	1	1	1	-
4. Syed Sohail Ahmed	1	1	1	-
5. Mr. Shabbir Hussain	1	1	1	-
6. Mr. Muhammad Arsalan	1	1	1	-
7. Mr. Raheel Iqbal (CISO)*	1	1	1	-

* The Company has outsourced its Information Security function to Risk Associates. Pursuant to the outsourcing arrangement, Risk Associates has nominated Mr. Raheel Iqbal to perform the duties of the Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) on behalf of Risk Associates.

- n. No trades were carried out in the Units of the Fund during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Fund's external auditor's **M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants** have retired after completion of audit for Financial Year ended June 30, 2026. The Audit Committee has recommended re-appointment of **M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants** as external auditors of the Fund for financial year ending June 30, 2027 and the Board has also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee. **M/s. BDO Ebrahim & Co., Chartered Accountants** has also expressed their willingness to act as the Fund's external auditors.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,



Khawaja Khalil Shah
Chief Executive Officer
August 04, 2026



Manzar Mushtaq
Director
August 04, 2026

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

n. دوران سال منجمنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سیکریٹری اور چیف اسٹریٹل آڈیٹر اور ان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں نے فنڈ کے یونٹس میں کوئی خرید و فروخت نہیں کی۔

خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز M/s بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس 30 جون 2026ء کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے آڈٹ کی تکمیل کے بعد ریٹائر ہو گئے ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2027ء کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے کمپنی کے خارجی آڈیٹرز کے طور پر M/s بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کی دوبارہ تقرری کی تجویز پیش کی ہے، اور بورڈ نے بھی اس تجویز کی توثیق کی ہے۔
M/s بی ڈی او ابراہیم اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس نے بھی فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز کے طور پر کام کرنے کے لیے رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔

اظہار تشکر

فنڈ کے قابل قدر سرمایہ کاروں، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان، اور فنڈ کے ٹرسٹیز کی مسلسل معاونت اور حمایت کے لیے بورڈ اُن کا شکریہ ادا کرتا ہے۔
مزید برآں، ڈائریکٹرز منجمنٹ ٹیم کی کاوشوں کو خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائریکٹرز،

Mansoor Mushtaq

منظر مشتاق

ڈائریکٹر

04 اگست 2026ء

خواجہ خلیل شاہ

چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

04 اگست 2026ء

ڈائریکٹر رپورٹ

2. ہیومن ریسورس اور ریمپوزیشن کمیٹی کی میٹنگز

دوران سال، ہیومن ریسورس اور ریمپوزیشن کمیٹی کی دو (2) میٹنگ ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد			منعقدہ میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
منظور شدہ چھٹی	حاضری	مطلوبہ حاضری		
-	2	2	2	1. جناب فہد کمال چنائے
-	2	2	2	2. جناب خواجہ خلیل شاہ
-	2	2	2	3. جناب محمد نعمان چغتائی
-	2	2	2	4. جناب احمد جہانگیر
-	2	2	2	5. محترمہ ماوراء عادل خان

3. آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈیجیٹل رسک مینجمنٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگز

دوران سال آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈیجیٹل رسک مینجمنٹ کمیٹی کی ایک (1) میٹنگ ہوئی۔ شرکاء کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد			منعقدہ میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
منظور شدہ چھٹی	حاضری	مطلوبہ حاضری		
-	1	1	1	1. محترمہ ماوراء عادل خان
-	1	1	1	2. جناب احمد جہانگیر
-	1	1	1	3. جناب خواجہ خلیل شاہ
-	1	1	1	4. سید سہیل احمد
-	1	1	1	5. جناب شبیر حسین
-	1	1	1	6. جناب محمد ارسلان
-	1	1	1	7. جناب راحیل اقبال (سی آئی ایس او)*

* کمپنی نے انفارمیشن سیکورٹی (معلومات کی حفاظت) کے شعبے کو آؤٹ سورس کر کے رسک ایسو سیٹس کو سوئپ دیا ہے۔ اس انتظام کے تحت رسک ایسو سیٹس نے اپنی جانب سے جناب راحیل اقبال کو چیف انفارمیشن سیکورٹی آفیسر (سی آئی ایس او) کے طور پر نامزد کیا ہے۔

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

- g. لسٹنگ ضوابط میں تفصیلاً بیان کردہ کارپوریٹ گورننس کی بہترین روایات سے کوئی قابل ذکر انحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے؛
- h. واجب الاداء ٹیکسز، قانونی چار جز اور ڈیوٹیز، اگر کوئی ہیں تو، کو آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کر دیا گیا ہے؛
- i. پراویڈنٹ / گریجویٹ اور پینشن فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاریوں کی قدر کے بیان کا اطلاق فنڈ پر نہیں ہوتا لیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے، چنانچہ ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ میں اس حوالے سے کوئی بیان شامل نہیں کیا گیا ہے؛
- j. 30 جون 2026ء کو کمپنی ضابطہء اخلاق کے ریکولیشن نمبر 19 میں بیان کردہ ڈائریکٹرز ٹریننگ پروگرام کے تقاضوں پر عمل پیرا ہے؛
- k. 30 جون 2026ء کو حصص یافتگی کا تفصیلی خاکہ ملحق ہے؛
- l. بورڈ اور اس کے ارکان اور کمیٹیوں کی کارکردگی کی سالانہ جانچ کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اور مؤثر طریقہ کار نافذ کیا گیا ہے؛
- m. بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی میننگ میں حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کی گئی ہیں۔ سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2026 کے دوران کمیٹی میننگز کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

1. آڈٹ کمیٹی کی میننگز

دوران سال، آڈٹ کمیٹی کی آٹھ (8) میننگ ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

میننگز کی تعداد				
نام	منعقدہ میننگز کی تعداد	مطلوبہ حاضری	حاضری	منظور شدہ چھٹی
1. محترمہ سعدیہ مظفر*	8	2	2	-
2. جناب سید ساویل میکال حسین**	8	6	6	-
3. جناب احمد جہانگیر	8	8	8	-
4. جناب منظر مشتاق	8	8	8	-

* 07 فروری 2026ء کو تقرری ہوئی

** 06 فروری 2026ء کو مستعفی ہو گئے

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

6.	جناب فہد کمال چنائے	انڈینڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر کمیٹی* (چیئرمین)
7.	محترمہ ماوراء عادل خان	انڈینڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر* کمیٹی، آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈی آر ایم سی** کمیٹی
8.	جناب خواجہ خلیل شاہ	ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر* کمیٹی، آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈی آر ایم سی** کمیٹی

* ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمونریشن

** آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈیجیٹل رسک مینجمنٹ کمیٹی

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کمپنی کے تمام اہم معاملات کا جائزہ لیتے ہیں۔ اس میں مندرجہ ذیل معاملات شامل ہیں، لیکن صرف ان تک محدود نہیں:
کمپنی کی حکمت عملی کی سمت، سالانہ کاروباری منصوبے اور اہداف، طویل المیعاد سرمایہ کاریوں کے فیصلے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ معیار برقرار رکھنے کے لیے پُر عزم ہیں۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کو خوشی ہے کہ وہ مندرجہ ذیل امور رپورٹ کر رہے ہیں:

- مالیاتی گوشوارے کمپنی کے معاملات کی صورتحال، اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج، نقد کی آمد و رفت اور اس کی ایکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کو منصفانہ انداز میں پیش کرتے ہیں؛
- کمپنی کی درست بکس آف اکاؤنٹس تیار کی گئی ہیں؛
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں موزوں اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کا اطلاق کیا گیا ہے، جو مالیاتی گوشواروں سے منسلک اہم نکات میں مذکور ہیں، اور اکاؤنٹنگ تخمینے معقول اور محتاط اندازوں پر مبنی ہیں؛
- مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات (جس حد تک ان کا پاکستان میں اطلاق ہوتا ہے) نان-بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسٹیبلشمنٹ اینڈ ریگولیشنز) رولز 2003، نان-بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز اینڈ نوٹیفائیڈ اینسٹیز ریگولیشنز 2008، متعلقہ سٹڈیز کے تقاضوں اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی تعمیل کی گئی ہے؛
- انٹرل کنٹرول کا نظام مضبوط خطوط پر استوار ہے اور اس کا موثر نفاذ اور نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اور اسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں؛
- کمپنی کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی بڑے شبہات نہیں ہیں؛

ہولڈنگ کمپنی

18 اپریل 2023ء کو ایم سی بی بینک لمیٹڈ (ایم سی بی) نے، ایم سی بی-عارف حبیب سیونگزمینڈ انویسٹمنٹس لمیٹڈ (ایم سی بی-اے ایچ) کی سپرنٹ (سرپرست) کمپنی کی حیثیت میں، عارف حبیب کارپوریشن لمیٹڈ (اے ایچ سی ایل) سے ایم سی بی-اے ایچ کے 21,664,167 (یعنی 30.09 فیصد) حصص خرید لیے۔ اس سودے کے ذریعے ایم سی بی بینک لمیٹڈ کی ایم سی بی-اے ایچ میں حاملیت حصص 36,956,768 (یعنی 51.33 فیصد) حصص سے بڑھ کر 58,620,935 (یعنی 81.42 فیصد) ہو گئی ہے اور اے ایچ سی ایل اب ایم سی بی-اے ایچ میں حصص کی حامل نہیں ہے۔ اس کے نتیجے میں کمپنی کا نام ایم سی بی-اے ایچ سے تبدیل کر کے ایم سی بی انویسٹمنٹ مینجمنٹ لمیٹڈ کر دیا گیا۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیار کے لئے پرعزم ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز (8) ارکان پر مشتمل ہے، بشمول چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر (سی ای او)۔ یہ ارکان صنف اور علم کا ایک متنوع امتزاج ہیں۔ بورڈ میں 2 خاتون اور 6 مرد ڈائریکٹرز شامل ہیں، جن کی زمرہ بندی درج ذیل ہے:

* 4 نان-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹرز؛

* 3 انڈپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹرز؛ اور

* 1 ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر (سی ای او)

تفصیل درج ذیل ہے:

نمبر شمار	نام	حیثیت	دیگر بورڈ کمیٹیوں میں رکنیت
1.	جناب ہارون رشید	نان-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	کوئی نہیں
2.	جناب محمد نعمان چغتائی	نان-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر * کمیٹی
3.	جناب احمد جہانگیر	نان-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	ایچ آر اینڈ آر * کمیٹی، آڈٹ کمیٹی، آئی ٹی اینڈ ڈی آر ایم سی ** کمیٹی
4.	جناب منظر مشتاق	نان-ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر	آڈٹ کمیٹی
5.	محترمہ سعدیہ مظفر	انڈپنڈنٹ ڈائریکٹر	آڈٹ کمیٹی (چیرمین)

کیپیٹل مارکیٹ، خاص طور پر ایکویٹیز، کے زاویے سے مارکیٹ میں اب بھی سستی قدر پر تجارت ہو رہی ہے۔ مارکیٹ cap کا جی ڈی پی کے ساتھ تناسب 15.6 فیصد ہے، جو اس کے تاریخی اوسط 13.6 فیصد کے مقابلے میں 18.1 فیصد کم ہے۔ ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ سیکٹرز اور اسٹاکس کا باریک بینی پر مبنی زاویہ اہمیت کا حامل رہے گا، اور سرمایہ کاری کے انتخاب کے لیے ایسی کمپنیوں پر توجہ مرکوز کرنی چاہیے جو اپنی اندرونی قدر میں بھرپور کمی پر تجارت کرتی ہیں۔ سہ ماہی کے اختتام پر مارکیٹ میں ہونے والی تجارت میں قیمت کا آمدنی کے ساتھ تناسب 8.1 گنا ہے، جبکہ ڈیویڈنڈ سے حاصل ہونے والا منافع 6.1 فیصد ہے۔

میوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن-اینڈ میوچل فنڈز کی صنعت کے net اثاثہ جات مالی سال 2026ء کے دوران تقریباً 14.3 فیصد بڑھ کر 4,209 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ منی مارکیٹ کے کل فنڈز میں جون 2025ء کے بعد سے 0.9 فیصد کمی ہوئی۔ منی مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کار میں روایتی فنڈز 6.5 فیصد کم ہو کر 914 بلین روپے ہو گئے، جبکہ اسلامک فنڈز 5.0 فیصد بڑھ کر 957 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ مزید براں، جون 2025ء کے بعد سے فلسفہ انکم اور فلسفہ ریٹ فنڈ کے مجموعی حجم میں تقریباً 15.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا اور یہ 1,440 بلین روپے تک پہنچ گئے، جبکہ ایکویٹی اور اس سے متعلقہ فنڈز میں 62.3 فیصد اضافہ ہوا اور ان کی مالیت 797 بلین روپے ہو گئی۔

جون 2026ء کے اختتام پر مختلف زمروں میں حصص (Segment Share) کے اعتبار سے منی مارکیٹ فنڈز تقریباً 44.5 فیصد حصص کے ساتھ سرفہرست رہے، اس کے بعد انکم اور فلسفہ ریٹ فنڈز کے حصص 34.2 فیصد، اور ایکویٹی اور ایکویٹی سے منسلک فنڈز کے حصص 18.9 فیصد رہے۔

میوچل فنڈز صنعت کے مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

منی مارکیٹ فنڈز کو بہتر نقدیت کا فائدہ اٹھانا چاہیے کیونکہ یہ درمیانی سے طویل مدت کے لیے اور کم ریسک کے ساتھ سرمایہ کاری کرنے والوں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہوتے ہیں۔ معاشی بحالی کے تیز تر اور وسیع تر ہونے کے ساتھ ساتھ کیپیٹل مارکیٹس، خصوصاً ایکویٹیز، میں گہری دلچسپی برقرار رہے گی۔ ہمارے آپریشنز بلا رکاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور صارفین کو اچھا تجربہ فراہم کرنے کے معاملے میں ہماری بہتر استعداد کی بدولت ہم آن لائن دستیاب سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لیے تیار ہیں۔

عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں اور ریفرنری کے منافعوں کے فرق میں اضافے کے پیش نظر اب ہماری توقع ہے کہ پاکستان کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ مالی سال 2027 میں بڑھ کر تقریباً 2.5 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.5 فیصد) ہو جائے گا، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 139 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.03 فیصد) تھا۔ تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں بیرونی کھاتے کے لیے بدستور سب سے بڑا منفی پہلو ہے۔ ہمارے اندازوں کے مطابق اگر ہماری بنیادی مفروضہ کردہ قیمت 80 ڈالر فی بیرل سے اوپر تیل کی قیمت میں ہر 10 ڈالر فی بیرل اضافہ ہوتا ہے تو درآمدی بل میں تقریباً 2.0 بلین ڈالر کا اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے، اور اس کے نتیجے میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ بھی اتنی ہی حد تک بڑھ سکتا ہے۔ اس کے باوجود آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کا جاری رہنا بیرونی معاشی استحکام کا ایک اہم ذریعہ ہے، کیونکہ اس سے پاکستان کو کثیر الملکی، دو طرفہ اور تجارتی مالی معاونت تک رسائی حاصل ہونے میں سہولت ملنی چاہیے۔ پاکستان کی مسلسل جغرافیائی و سیاسی اہمیت بھی دوست ممالک سے مزید رقوم کی آمد میں معاون ثابت ہو سکتی ہے۔ اس حوالے سے سعودی عرب نے حال ہی میں مزید 3.0 بلین ڈالر کے ڈپازٹس فراہم کیے ہیں اور اپنی موجودہ 5.0 بلین ڈالر کی سہولت کی مدت میں مزید تین سال کی توسیع کی ہے۔ کرنسی کے مستقبل کے امکانات بدستور عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں کے رجحان، بیرونی مالی معاونت کی آمد اور وسیع تر جغرافیائی و سیاسی حالات سے گہرا تعلق رکھیں گے۔ ہماری بنیادی صورتحال کے مفروضے کے تحت ہم نے روپے کی قدر میں تقریباً 5.0 فیصد کمی فرض کی ہے، اور توقع ہے کہ جون 2027 تک ڈالر اور روپے کا تناسب تقریباً 292 روپے پر پہنچ جائے گا۔

عالمی سطح پر تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں اور ان کے مطابق ملکی سطح پر ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں کی جانے والی تبدیلیاں قلیل مدت میں مہنگائی کے دباؤ کو بلند رکھنے کا باعث بنیں گی۔ اب ہماری توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 2027 میں 'سی پی آئی' افراط زر تقریباً 8.4 فیصد رہے گی، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 7.0 فیصد تھی۔ شرح نمو کے حوالے سے مالی سال 2027 میں 'جی ڈی پی' میں 3.5 فیصد سے 4.0 فیصد کے درمیان اضافے کی توقع ہے۔ تاہم مشرق وسطیٰ کے تنازعے میں مزید کسی بھی اضافے سے اس شرح نمو کی پیش گوئی پر خطرہ پیدا ہو سکتا ہے۔ مالیاتی محاذ پر ہماری توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 2027 میں مالیاتی خسارہ 'جی ڈی پی' کے 3.6 فیصد تک معقول پر آجائے گا، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 'جی ڈی پی' کا 3.0 فیصد تھا۔ مالیاتی خسارہ محدود رہنے کی توقع ہے کیونکہ آئی ایم ایف کی جانب سے 2.8 ٹریلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کے 2.0 فیصد) کے بنیادی سرپلس کے حصول کی سخت شرط عائد ہے۔

مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی (ایم پی سی) نے طویل عرصے تک جاری رہنے والی مالیاتی تسہیل کے بعد اپریل 2026 کے اجلاس میں پالیسی شرح میں 100 بیس پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کرتے ہوئے اسے 11.5 فیصد کر دیا، اور بعد ازاں جون 2026 کے اجلاس میں اس شرح کو برقرار رکھا۔ مستقبل میں مشرق وسطیٰ میں ہونے والی پیش رفت مجموعی معاشی عوامل اور اس کے نتیجے میں مانیٹری پالیسی کے مستقبل کے امکانات کو متاثر کرنے والا ایک اہم عنصر رہنے کا امکان ہے۔ ہماری توقع ہے کہ مرکزی بینک آئندہ پالیسی فیصلے کرتے وقت اعداد و شمار اور معاشی صورتحال پر منحصر حکمت عملی اختیار کرے گا۔

انڈیکس کے منافعوں میں سب سے بڑا کردار بینکاری، کھاد اور ای اینڈ پی شعبوں کا تھا جنہوں نے بالترتیب 21,612، 7,748 اور 6,151 پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کیا۔ ڈیویڈنڈ کے پُرکشش منافعوں اور قدر بندیوں کی بدولت بینکاری اور کھاد کے شعبوں میں سرمایہ کاروں کی دلچسپی مبذول ہوئی، جبکہ حکومت پاکستان کی طرف سے گردش قرض کی ادائیگی کے منصوبے کے تحت 1.2 ٹریلین روپے کے یک مشتمل اجراء اور تیل کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں کے باعث ای اینڈ پی شعبہ بھی مرکز نگاہ بنا رہا۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران فنڈ نے 14.38 فیصد منافع پوسٹ کیا، جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل بیچ مارک منافع 18.66 فیصد تھا۔ 30 جون 2026ء کو فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری 3.2 فیصد نقد میں، 24.6 فیصد الحمراء اسلامک اسٹاک فنڈ میں، اور 72.2 فیصد الحمراء اسلامک انکم فنڈ میں تھی۔ 30 جون 2026ء کو فنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 245 ملین روپے تھے، جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل 30 جون 2025ء کو 221 ملین روپے تھے، چنانچہ 10.85 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ 30 جون 2026ء کو net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (این اے وی) فی یونٹ 174.2927 روپے تھی، جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل 30 جون 2025ء کو ابتدائی این اے وی فی یونٹ 160.2631 روپے تھی، چنانچہ 14.0296 روپے فی یونٹ اضافہ ہوا۔

معیشت اور مارکیٹ - مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

ایران اور امریکا کے درمیان تنازعے میں حالیہ دوبارہ پیدا ہونے والی کشیدگی نے عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافہ کر دیا ہے۔ بریٹن خام تیل کی قیمت تقریباً 100 ڈالر فی بیرل کے قریب رہی، جبکہ آبنائے ہرمز اور آبنائے باب المندب کے ذریعے تیل کی ترسیل میں ممکنہ رکاوٹوں کے خدشات موجود ہیں۔ اس صورتحال کے فوری مجموعی معاشی اثرات مرتب ہوتے ہیں، خاص طور پر پاکستان جیسی تیل درآمد کرنے والی معیشتوں پر تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں درآمدی بل پر بوجھ، مہنگائی میں اضافے اور کرنسی پر دباؤ کا سبب بنتی ہیں۔ تاہم صورتحال ابھی تک انتہائی غیر یقینی اور تیزی سے تبدیلی کی طرف مائل ہے، اور اس کے نتائج کا انحصار تنازعے کی مدت اور شدت پر رہے گا۔ اگر کشیدگی میں مزید اضافہ نہ ہوا تو مجموعی معاشی اثرات پر قابو پانا ممکن ہوگا، تاہم اگر تنازعہ طویل عرصے تک جاری رہا تو تیل کی قیمتیں بلند سطح پر برقرار رہ سکتی ہیں اور مہنگائی، بیرونی مالیاتی توازن اور مجموعی معاشی استحکام کے لیے مزید خطرات پیدا ہو سکتے ہیں۔

ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کا جائزہ

پاکستان کی ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کے لیے 2026 ایک اور مضبوط مالی سال ثابت ہوا جس کے دوران 'کے ایس ای-100' انڈیکس میں 43.5 فیصد اضافہ ہوا اور یہ 180,302 پوائنٹس پر بند ہوا۔ یہ مسلسل تیسرا سال تھا جب مارکیٹ نے مثبت منافع دیا۔ مارکیٹ کی کارکردگی کو مجموعی معاشی حالات میں مسلسل بہتری سے تقویت ملی، جس میں زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں اضافہ، آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے تحت پیش رفت، خود مختار کریڈٹ ریٹنگ میں بہتری، اور زیادہ سازگار مالیاتی پالیسی کے ماحول جیسے عوامل شامل تھے۔ سرمایہ کاروں کے اعتماد کو بیرونی تعلقات میں بہتری غیر ملکی سرمایہ کاری میں دوبارہ پیدا ہونے والی دلچسپی، گردش قرض کے حل کی جانب پیش رفت اور اہم شعبوں میں کمپنیوں کی مضبوط اور مستحکم آمدنی نے مزید تقویت دی۔ ان مثبت پیش رفتوں کی نتیجے میں جنوری 2026 میں انڈیکس 189,167 پوائنٹس کی تاریخ کی بلند ترین سطح پر پہنچ گیا۔

تاہم سال کی دوسری ششماہی میں مارکیٹ میں نمایاں اتار چڑھاؤ دیکھنے میں آیا۔ امریکا اور ایران کے درمیان بڑھتی ہوئی کشیدگی کے باعث عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتیں تقریباً 120 امریکی ڈالر فی بیرل تک پہنچ گئیں، جس سے مہنگائی، بیرونی کھاتے اور ملکی شرح سود کے مستقبل کے حوالے سے خدشات پیدا ہوئے۔ اس صورتحال کے نتیجے میں فروری اور مارچ کے دوران مارکیٹ میں شدید تصحیح دیکھنے میں آئی۔ بعد ازاں، آخری سہ ماہی کے دوران سرمایہ کاروں کا اعتماد دوبارہ بہتر ہوا کیونکہ جغرافیائی و سیاسی کشیدگی میں کمی آئی، تیل کی قیمتیں معتدل ہوئیں اور مارکیٹ نے پاکستان کی مجموعی معاشی اور کارپوریٹ بنیادی صورتحال کی مضبوطی کا دوبارہ جائزہ لیا۔ مارکیٹ کی بحالی کو آئی ایم ایف کی جانب سے 'ای ایف ایف' اور 'آر ایس ایف' پروگراموں کے تحت 13 ارب امریکی ڈالر کی منظوری، پاکستان کی جانب سے پہلی مرتبہ 250 ملین امریکی ڈالر کے پانڈا بانڈ کا کامیاب اجراء، اور مارکیٹ کے لیے سازگار مالی سال 2027 کا وفاقی بجٹ پیش کیے جانے سے مزید تقویت ملی۔ نتیجتاً 'کے ایس ای-100' انڈیکس نے اپریل، مئی اور جون کے دوران نمایاں بحالی دکھائی اور مالی سال 2026 کا اختتام اپنی ریکارڈ بلند سطح کے قریب کیا۔ اگرچہ اس دوران مارکیٹ میں نمایاں عارضی اتار چڑھاؤ بھی دیکھنے میں آیا۔

مالی سال 2026 کے دوران غیر ملکی سرمایہ کار، انشورنس کمپنیاں اور بینک بڑے net فروخت کنندگان رہے، جن کے ذریعے بالترتیب 847.7 ملین ڈالر، 242.7 ملین ڈالر اور 177.1 ملین ڈالر کا خارجی بہاؤ ہوا۔ اس فروخت کو بنیادی طور پر کمپنیوں، میوچل فنڈز اور انفرادی سرمایہ کاروں نے جذب کیا، جن کے ذریعے بالترتیب 587.5 ملین ڈالر، 406.8 ملین ڈالر اور 330.1 ملین ڈالر کا اندرونی بہاؤ ہوا۔ کاروباری سرگرمی کے لحاظ سے 'کے ایس ای-آل انڈیکس' میں روزانہ اوسط خرید و فروخت کا حجم بڑھ کر 910.9 ملین حصص ہو گیا، جبکہ مالی سال 2025 میں یہ تقریباً 618.4 ملین حصص تھا۔ اس دوران اوسط تجارتی مالیت گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 54.7 فیصد بڑھ کر 151.8 ملین ڈالر ہو گئی۔

عزیز سرمایہ کار

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے المحرماء اسمارٹ پورٹ فولیو کے اکاؤنٹس برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2026ء کا جائزہ پیش خدمت ہے۔

معیشت کا جائزہ

مُلک نے مالی سال 2026 میں 139 ملین ڈالر کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ ریکارڈ کیا، جبکہ گزشتہ سال اسی مدت میں 1,838 ملین ڈالر کا سرپلس تھا۔ برآمدات میں 4.6 فیصد کمی، جبکہ درآمدات میں 9.0 فیصد اضافہ ہونے کے باعث تجارتی خسارے میں سال در سال (YoY) 25.4 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ ترسیلات زر میں 8.6 فیصد کی اچھی شرح سے اضافہ ہوا اور یہ 41.6 بلین ڈالر تک پہنچ گئیں۔ مُلک کی بیرونی مالیاتی صورتحال مضبوط رہی کیونکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس بی پی) کے زیرِ مبادلہ کے ذخائر گزشتہ مالی سال کے اختتام پر 14.5 بلین ڈالر کے مقابلے میں بڑھ کر تقریباً 18.4 بلین ڈالر ہو گئے۔ مقامی کرنسی نے امریکی ڈالر (گرین بیک) کے مقابلے میں استحکام کا مظاہرہ کیا اور اس عرصے کے دوران USD/PKR شرح 2.0 فیصد کی بہتری کے ساتھ 278.2 تک پہنچ گئی۔

ہیڈ لائن افراط زر، جس کی پیمائش کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) کے ذریعے کی جاتی ہے، مالی سال 2026 کے دوران اوسطاً 7.0 فیصد رہی، جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ 4.5 فیصد تھی۔ مہنگائی میں یہ اضافہ بنیادی طور پر عالمی سطح پر تیل کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں کے باعث ہوا، جس کے نتیجے میں مُلک میں ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا اور ٹرانسپورٹ، زیادہ توانائی استعمال کرنے والی اشیاء اور دیگر اشیائے صرف پر بھی بالواسطہ اضافی مہنگائی کا دباؤ پیدا ہو گیا۔

پاکستان کی عارضی 'جی ڈی پی' شرح نمو مالی سال 2026 میں 3.7 فیصد رہی، جبکہ زراعت، صنعت اور خدمات کے شعبوں میں بالترتیب 2.9 فیصد، 3.5 فیصد اور 4.1 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ مالیاتی محاذ پر مالی سال 2026 کے دوران ایف بی آر کی ٹیکس وصولیوں میں 10.7 فیصد اضافہ ہوا، اور یہ 13,004 بلین روپے تک پہنچ گئیں، جو دو مرتبہ کم کیے گئے نظر ثانی شدہ ہدف سے بھی 21 بلین روپے زیادہ ہے۔ دریں اثناء مالیاتی خسارہ گزشتہ سال 6,168 بلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کا 5.4 فیصد) کے مقابلے میں کم ہو کر 3,778 بلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کا 3.0 فیصد) رہ گیا۔ اس نمایاں بہتری کی بنیادی وجوہات میں کم مالیاتی اخراجات، محصولات کی بہتر وصولی اور مسلسل مالیاتی نظم و ضبط شامل تھے۔

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Fund Type and Category

Alhamra Smart Portfolio is a Shariah Compliant Islamic Asset Allocation Plan.

Fund Benchmark

KMI-30 Index and 75% six (6) months PKISRV + 25% Six (6) month average deposit rates of three (3) AA rated Scheduled Islamic Banks or Islamic Windows of Conventional Banks as selected by MUFAP.

Investment Objective

Alhamra Smart Portfolio is a Shari'ah Compliant Islamic Asset Allocation Plan with an objective to earn a potentially high return through active asset allocation among Shari'ah Compliant Islamic Scheme based on the Fund Manager's outlook of the asset classes.

Manager's Review

The fund posted a return of 14.38% during the period under review against the benchmark return of 18.66%. Equity exposure of the fund at June end was 24.6% which was invested in Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund, while 72.2% of the fund was invested in Alhamra Islamic Income Fund, whereas cash exposure was 3.2%.

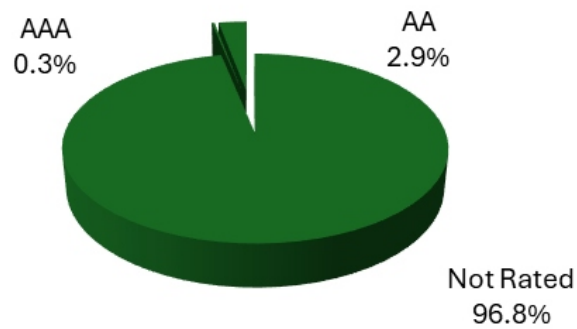
The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2026 stood at Rs. 245 million as compared to Rs. 221 million as at June 30, 2025 registering an increase of 10.86%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2026 was Rs.174.2927 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 160.2631 per unit as at June 30, 2025 registering an increase of 14.0296 per unit.

Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2026 (% of total assets)

Asset Allocation (%age of Total Assets)	Jun-26
Cash	3.2%
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	72.2%
Others including receivables	0.0%
Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund	24.6%

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Asset Quality as on June 30, 2026 (% of total assets)



Syed Muhammad Usama Iqbal
Fund Manager

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ALLOCATION FUND

Report of the Trustee Pursuant to Regulation 41(h) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

Al-Hamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund, an open-end Scheme established under a Trust Deed executed between MCB Investment Management Limited formerly MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited as Management Company and Digital Custodian Company Limited as Trustee on November 25, 2016. The scheme was approved by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan on December 02, 2016.

1. MCB Investment Management Limited, the Management Company of Al-Hamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund has, in all material respects, managed Al-Hamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund during the year ended June 30, 2026 in accordance with the provisions of the following:
 - (i) Investment limitations imposed on the Asset Management Company and the Trustee under the trust deed and other applicable laws;
 - (ii) the valuation or pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement;
 - (iii) the creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed;
 - (iv) and any regulatory requirement
2. Statement on the shortcoming(s) that may have impact on the decision of the existing or the potential unit holders remaining or investing in the Collective Investment Scheme; and

Statement

No short coming has been addressed during the year ended June 30, 2026.

3. Disclosure of the steps taken to address the shortcoming(s) or to prevent the recurrence of the short coming(s).

Disclosure of the steps

We have critically examined the fund in accordance with circular, directives, NBFC Regulations 2008 and its constitutive documents. However, no shortcoming has been addressed.

Dabeer Khan
Manager Compliance
Digital Custodian Company Limited

Karachi: August 25, 2026

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REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY BOARD

Karachi: July 30, 2026

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY BOARD

Alhamdulillah, We the Shariah Advisory Board of **Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation** (the Fund), are issuing this report in accordance with the Offering document of the Fund. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the Shariah compliance of the Fund's activities.

It is the responsibility of M/s MCB Investment Management Limited, the management company of the fund, to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure compliance with Shariah guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review of the representation made by the management, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified.

A review is limited primarily to inquire to the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the management company to comply with prescribed criteria. In the light of the above, we hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed and approved the modes of investment of Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund (ALHIAAP) in the light of the Shariah guidelines.
- All the provisions of the scheme and investments made on account of ALHIAAP by Management Company are Shariah Compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.
- On the basis of information provided by the Management Company, all the operations of ALHIAAP for the year ended June 30, 2026 have been in compliance with Shariah principles.

May Allah bless us with Tawfeeq to accomplish these cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the hereafter, and forgive our mistakes.



Dr Muhammad Zubair Usmani
(Shariah Advisor)



Dr Ejaz Ahmed Samadani
(Shariah Advisor)

For and on behalf of Shariah Advisory Board

SHARIAH COMPLIANCE AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



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Independent Assurance Report on Compliance with the Shariah Governance Regulations, 2023

To the unit holders of Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund (the Fund)

1. Introduction

We have undertaken a reasonable assurance engagement that the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has required in terms of its Shariah Governance Regulations, 2023 (the Regulations) - External Shariah Audit of **Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund (the Fund)** for assessing compliance of the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications with Shariah principles for the year ended June 30, 2026. This engagement was conducted by a multidisciplinary team including assurance practitioners and independent Shariah scholar(s).

2. Applicable Criteria

The criteria for the assurance engagement, against which the underlying subject matter (financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications for the year ended June 30, 2026) is assessed, comprise the Shariah principles and rules as defined in the Regulations and reproduced as under.

- i. Legal and regulatory framework administered by the Commission;
- ii. Shariah standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), as notified by Commission;
- iii. Islamic Financial Accounting Standards, developed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, as notified by the Commission;
- iv. Guidance and recommendations of the Shariah advisory committee, as notified by Commission; and
- v. Approvals, rulings or pronouncements of the Shariah supervisory board or the Shariah advisor of the Islamic financial institution, in line with (i) to (iv) above

The above criteria were evaluated for their implications on the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2026, which are annexed.

3. Management's Responsibility for Shariah Compliance

Management is responsible to ensure that the financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications, entered into by the Fund with its customers, other financial institutions, and stakeholders, and related policies and procedures, are, in substance and in their legal form, in compliance with the requirements of Shariah rules and principles. The management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of appropriate internal control procedures with respect to such compliance and maintenance of relevant accounting records.

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Islamabad Office West Lower Ground, Pak Plaza (19-A) Fazl-e-Haq Road, Blue Area, Islamabad (Pakistan)



SHARIAH COMPLIANCE AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



4. Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Chartered Accountants issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality, and professional behavior.

The firm applies International Standard on Quality Control 1 "Quality Control for Firms That Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, And Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements" and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control, including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards, and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

5. Our Responsibility and Summary of the Work Performed

Our responsibility in connection with this engagement is to express an opinion on the compliance of the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications with Shariah principles, in all material respects, for the year ended June 30, 2026, based on the evidence we have obtained. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000, 'Assurance Engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial statements', issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

That standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the compliance of the Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications with Shariah principles is free from material misstatement.

The procedures selected by us for the engagement depended on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material non-compliance with the Shariah principles. In making those risk assessments, we considered and tested the internal control relevant to the Fund's compliance with the Shariah principles in order to design procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. We have designed and performed necessary verification procedures on various financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions having Shariah implications and related policies and procedures based on judgmental and systematic samples with regard to the compliance of Shariah principles (criteria specified in para 2 above).

We believe that the evidence we have obtained through performing our procedures was sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

7. Conclusion

Based on our reasonable assurance engagement, we report that in our opinion, Fund's financial arrangements, contracts, and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2026 are in compliance with the Shariah principles (criteria specified in para 2 above), in all material respects.


UHY Hassan Naeem & Co,
Chartered Accountants
Engagement Partner: Arslan Ahmed
Dated: July 29, 2026

Audit | Tax | Consulting

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MEMBER OF THE
FORUM OF FIRMS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ACTIVE ALLOCATION FUND

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Alhamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund ("the Fund"), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2026, and the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of movement in unit holders' fund and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2026, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



Following is the key audit matter:

S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Existence and valuation of investments As disclosed in note 6 to the accompanying financial statements of the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2026, the investments held by the Fund (comprised of open-end mutual funds) amounting to Rs. 237.974 million which represent 97.2% of the Net Assets Value (NAV) of the Fund. As these investments represent a significant element of the statement of assets and liabilities, any discrepancy in the valuation or existence of investments could cause the NAV to be materially misstated. In view of the significance of these investments in relation to the Fund's total assets and NAV, we considered the existence and valuation of such investments as a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures included the following: • Evaluated the design and implementation of key controls over investments, and tested controls over acquisition, disposals and periodic valuation of investments portfolio. • Performed substantive audit procedures on year-end balance of open-end mutual funds including review of related reconciliations and re-performance of valuation based on NAV from Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP). • Assessed the Fund's compliance with the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) in relation to the investment concentration and exposure limits. • Evaluated the adequacy of the overall disclosures in the financial statements in respect of the investment, ensuring compliance with the NBFC Regulations and the relevant accounting requirements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management and Board of Directors of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and for such internal control as management determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



We communicate with the Board of Directors of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, in our opinion the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Tariq Feroz Khan.

KARACHI

DATED: 18 SEP 2026

UDIN: AR202610166sylvYVkdJ


BDO EBRAHIM & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2026

		2026 Alhamra Smart Portfolio	2025 Alhamra Smart Portfolio
	Note	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
ASSETS			
Balances with banks	5	7,765	9,243
Investments	6	237,974	212,908
Mark-up receivable	7	74	83
TOTAL ASSETS		245,813	222,234
LIABILITIES			
Payable to the MCB Investments Management Limited -Management Company	8	8	9
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited- Trustee	9	23	23
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	10	20	15
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	11	996	794
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,047	841
NET ASSETS		244,766	221,393
REPRESENTED BY			
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)		244,766	221,393
Contingencies and commitments	13	--- (Number of units) ---	
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	14	1,404,340	1,381,435
		----- (Rupees) -----	
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT		174.2927	160.2631

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	Note	2026 ----- (Rupees in '000) -----	2025 -----
INCOME			
Capital gain on sale of investments - net		23,823	11,106
Markup on bank deposits		738	723
Dividend income		-	10,080
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss-net	6.2	13,244	16,147
TOTAL INCOME		37,805	38,056
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of the Management Company	8.1	74	70
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the Management Company	8.2	11	11
Remuneration of Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee	9.1	261	250
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee	9.2	39	37
Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan - Annual fee	10.1	267	161
Auditors' remuneration	12	1,139	816
Settlement and bank charges		10	12
Legal and professional charges		207	204
TOTAL EXPENSES		2,008	1,561
Net income for the year before taxation		35,797	36,495
Taxation	15	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation		35,797	36,495
Earnings per unit	16		
Allocation of net income for the year:			
Net income for the year after taxation		35,797	36,495
Income already paid on units redeemed		(8,010)	(1,904)
		27,786	34,591
Accounting income available for distribution:			
- Relating to capital gains		28,739	25,304
- Excluding capital gains		(953)	9,287
		27,786	34,591

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026	2025
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	-----
Net income for the year after taxation	35,797	36,495
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>35,797</u>	<u>36,495</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026		2025	
	Capital Value	Undistributed income	Capital Value	Undistributed income
Net Assets at the beginning of the year	156,719	64,674	108,855	30,083
		221,393		138,938
Issuance of 1,944,515 (2025: 619,642) units				
- Capital value	311,633	-	79,854	-
- Element of income	1,324	1,324	13,676	-
	312,957	-	93,530	-
		312,957		93,530
Redemption of 1,921,610 (2025: 315,819) units				
- Capital value	(307,963)	-	(40,712)	-
- Element of loss	1,661	(8,010)	(4,954)	(1,904)
	(306,302)	(8,010)	(45,666)	(1,904)
		(314,312)		(47,570)
Total comprehensive income for the year		35,797		36,495
Distribution during the year @ Rs 7		(9,670)		-
Distribution during the year @ Rs 1		(1,398)		-
Net income for the year less distribution		24,729		36,495
Net assets at end of the year	163,374	81,393	156,719	64,674
		244,766		221,393

Net Assets at the beginning of the year

Issuance of 1,944,515 (2025: 619,642) units

- Capital value
- Element of income

Redemption of 1,921,610 (2025: 315,819) units

- Capital value
- Element of loss

Total comprehensive income for the year

Distribution during the year @ Rs 7

Distribution during the year @ Rs 1

Net income for the year less distribution

Net assets at end of the year

Undistributed income brought forward

- Realised
- Unrealised

Accounting income available for distribution:

- Relating to capital gains
- Excluding capital gains

Distribution during the year

Undistributed income carried forward

Undistributed income carried forward

- Realised
- Unrealised

Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year

Net assets value per unit at end of the year

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	2026	2025
Note	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the year before taxation	35,797	36,495
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:		
Capital gain on sale of investments - net	(23,823)	(11,106)
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss-net	(13,244)	(16,147)
Mark-up on bank deposits	(738)	(723)
Dividend income	-	(10,080)
	(37,804)	(38,056)
(Increase) / decrease in asset		
Investments - net	12,001	(49,504)
Increase/ (Decrease) in liabilities		
Payable to the MCB Investments Management Limited - Management Company	(1)	3
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	5	4
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	201	205
	205	212
Mark-up received on bank deposits	747	690
Dividend received	-	10,080
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	10,945	(40,083)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Amount received on issuance of units	312,957	93,530
Amount paid on redemption of units	(314,312)	(47,570)
Dividend paid	(11,068)	-
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(12,423)	45,960
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(1,478)	5,877
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9,243	3,366
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7,765	9,243

The annexed notes 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Al-Hamra Islamic Active Allocation Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed dated, November 25, 2016, executed between MCB Investment Management Limited as Management Company and Digital Custodian Company Limited as the Trustee. The Fund was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on December 02, 2016 under the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations 2008). The Trust Act, 1882 has been repealed due to the promulgation of Provincial Trust Act namely “Sindh Trusts Act, 2020” (the Sindh Trust Act) as empowered under the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Fund is required to be registered under the Sindh Trust Act. Accordingly, on August 13, 2021 the above-mentioned Trust Deed has been registered under the Sindh Trust Act.
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the Rules) through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund commenced its operations from December 29, 2016. The Fund is an open-end Shariah Compliant Fund of Funds that shall invest in other Shariah compliant Collective Investment Schemes as specified in the Investment Policy contained in the offering document and SECP circular No. 7 of 2009, as may be amended or substituted from time to time. The units of the Fund are redeemable subject to a contingent load. The Fund adheres to the Shariah Governance Regulations, 2023 issued by the SECP.
- 1.4 The duration of the Fund is perpetual however, Allocation Plans launched may have a set time frame. The Fund commenced its operations from December 29, 2016 and on that date, had offered one type of Allocation Plan (Plan-I) which matured on December 28, 2020. On June 16, 2017, the Fund launched Allocation Plan-II which matured on June 16, 2021. The Management Company has settled the unit holders of Plan-I and Plan-II. On June 10, 2021, the Fund launched Alhamra Smart Portfolio. The Fund is allowed to invest in Shariah Compliant Collective Investment Schemes or in cash and / or near cash instruments as allowed under circular no. 7 of 2009 dated March 06, 2009 issued by the SECP.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of 'AM1' (Stable Outlook) dated October 03, 2025 to the Management Company.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Digital Custodian Company Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations).

Where provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Accounting Standards, the provisions of, directives and notifications issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless stated otherwise.

These financial statements have been prepared under accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees (Rs.) , which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on the historical experience and various other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which from the basis of making judgement about carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The estimates and Judgements that have a significant effect on the financial statements of the fund relate to following:

Classification and valuation of investments

For details please refer notes 4.2.1.1 and 18 to these financial statements.

Impairment of investment

For details please refer notes 4.2.1.2 to these financial statements.

3 APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS

3.1 New accounting standards, amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2026

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2026. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or did not have significant impact on the financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

**Effective date
(annual periods
beginning on or
after)**

Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Lack of Exchangeability

January 01, 2026

The IASB issued Disclosures about Uncertainties in the Financial Statements - Illustrative examples, which amended multiple IFRS Accounting Standards to include illustrative examples demonstrating how companies can apply IFRS Accounting Standards when reporting the effects of uncertainties in their financial statements.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

3.2 New accounting standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding nature-dependent electricity contracts that are often structured as power purchase agreements (PPAs)	January 01, 2026
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - Amendments regarding translations to a hyperinflationary presentation currency	January 01, 2027
Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates' - Amendments to the Fair Value Option for Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	January 01, 2027
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	January 01, 2027
IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements	January 01, 2027
IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	January 01, 2027

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs and IASs.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards' has been issued by IASB effective from July 01, 2009. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 17 - 'Insurance contracts' has been notified by the IASB to be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. However SECP has notified the timeframe for the adoption of IFRS - 17 which will be adopted by January 01, 2027.

IFRS 20 'Regulatory Assets and Regulatory Liabilities' has been issued by IASB effective from January 01, 2029. However, it has not been adopted yet locally by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which was issued by the IASB in April 2024 supersedes IAS 1 and will result in major consequential amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards including IAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements (renamed from Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). Even though IFRS 18 will not have any effect on the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, it is expected to have a significant effect on the presentation and disclosure of certain items. These changes include categorisation and sub-totals in the income statement, aggregation/disaggregation and labelling of information, and disclosure of management-defined performance measures.

4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of balances with banks and short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

4.2 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

4.2.1 Financial assets

4.2.1.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

4.2.1.1.1 Debt instruments

A debt instrument is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) only if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument held for trading purposes is classified as measured at FVTPL.

In addition, on initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a debt instrument that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI or at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Business model assessment

The Fund determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Fund's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- The objectives for the portfolio, in particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the entity's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed;
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected);

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realized in a way that is different from the Fund's original expectations, the Fund does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but

incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

Assessments whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)

As a second step of its classification process the Fund assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortization of the premium/discount).

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Fund applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVTPL.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognized at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs associated with these financial assets are charged to the income statement.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Subsequent Measurement

Debt instruments at amortized cost

After initial measurement, such debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVTPL are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in income statement.

Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at FVOCI are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in other comprehensive income (OCI).

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost or FVTPL. The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

4.2.1.1.2 Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Fund may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

An equity instrument held for trading purposes is classified as measured at FVTPL.

4.2.1.2 Impairment of financial assets

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS 9 requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognized.

The guiding principle of the expected credit loss (ECL) model is to reflect the general pattern of deterioration or improvement in the credit quality of financial instruments. The amount of ECLs recognised as a loss allowance or provision depends on the extent of credit deterioration since initial recognition. Under the general approach, there are two measurement bases:

- 12-month ECLs (Stage 1), which applies to all items (from initial recognition) as long as there is no significant deterioration in credit quality.
- Lifetime ECLs (Stages 2 and 3), which applies when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred on an individual or collective basis.

The Fund's financial assets include mainly investment, advances and deposits, dividend and mark-up receivable and bank balances.

4.2.1.3 Regular way contracts

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

4.2.1.4 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

4.2.1.5 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

4.2.1.6 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.4 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realized or unrealized, is distributed to the unit holders.

The Fund is also exempted from the Provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

The Fund does not account for deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing in cash at least 90% of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realized or unrealized, to its unit holders.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

4.5 Proposed distributions

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are not recognized before the reporting date.

4.6 Issuance and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours on that date. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company, if applicable.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable to units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price represents the net assets value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load (if applicable), any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable. Redemption of units is recorded on acceptance of application for redemption.

4.7 Element of income

Element of income represents the difference between net assets value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting year. Element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

4.8 Net assets value per unit

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

4.9 Revenue recognition

- Realized gain / (loss) on sale of investment is accounted for in the income statement in the period in which it arises.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

- Unrealised gain / (loss) arising on revaluation of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' is included in the income statement in the period in which it arises.
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Mark-up on bank balances is recognised on effective interest rate method.

4.10 Expenses

All expenses chargeable to the Fund including remuneration of the Management Company, Trustee fee and annual fee of the SECP are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis.

4.11 Earning per unit (EPU)

Earning per unit has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, determination of weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.12 Transactions with related parties / connected persons

Transactions with connected persons are carried in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of NBFC Regulations and the Trust Deed respectively.

	Note	2026 ----- (Rupees in '000) -----	2025
5 BALANCES WITH BANKS			
In current accounts	5.1	562	2,060
In savings accounts	5.2	7,203	7,183
		<u>7,765</u>	<u>9,243</u>

5.1 This account is maintained with MCB Bank Limited, a related party.

5.2 These carry markup ranging from 8.5% to 10.75% (2025: 8.5% to 17%) per annum.

6 INVESTMENTS

At fair value through profit or loss

- Units of open-end mutual funds	6.1	<u>237,974</u>	<u>212,908</u>
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**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

6.1 Units of open-end mutual funds

Name of the fund	Number of units			Balances as at June 30, 2026			Market value as a percentage of total investment	
	As at July 01, 2025	Purchased during the year	Redeemed during the year	As at June 30, 2026	Carrying Value	Market Value		Unrealised gain
----- (Rupees in '000) ----- % -----								
Alhamra Smart Portfolio (Related party)								
Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund	2,226,483	3,906,391	4,220,904	1,911,970	54,209	60,495	6,286	25.42%
Alhamra Islamic Income Fund	1,528,691	4,320,313	4,178,610	1,670,394	170,522	177,480	6,958	74.58%
Total as at June 30, 2026					224,731	237,974	13,243	
Total as at June 30, 2025					196,761	212,908	16,147	

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

		2026	2025
	Note	----- (Rupees in '000) -----	
6.2 Unrealised gain on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss-net			
Market value of investments	6.1	237,974	212,908
Less: carrying value of investments	6.1	(224,731)	(196,761)
		<u>13,244</u>	<u>16,147</u>
7 MARK-UP RECEIVABLE			
On saving accounts		<u>74</u>	<u>83</u>
8 PAYABLE TO MCB INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED			
Management remuneration payable	8.1	7	8
Sindh sales tax payable on management remuneration	8.2	1	1
		<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>
8.1	As per the offering document, the Management Company has charged management fee at the rate of 10% (2025: 10%) on accrued bank mark-up calculated on daily basis.		
8.2	During the year, sindh sales tax on management fee has been charged at 15% (2025: 15%).		
9 PAYABLE TO DIGITAL CUSTODIAN COMPANY LIMITED - TRUSTEE			
Trustee remuneration payable	9.1	20	20
Sindh sales tax payable on trustee remuneration	9.2	3	3
		<u>23</u>	<u>23</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

- 9.1 Under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Trustee is entitled to a remuneration, to be paid monthly in arrears as per the following tariff structure.

Net Assets Value (NAV)	Tariff per annum
Up to Rs.1 billion	Rs.0.09% per annum of Daily Net Assets or Rs.0.25 million per annum, whichever is higher
Over Rs.1 billion	Rs.0.9 million plus 0.065% per annum of Daily Net Assets exceeding Rs.1 billion

- 9.2 Sindh sales tax at 15% (2025: 15%) is charged on Trustee remuneration.

	2026	2025
Note	-----	(Rupees in '000) -----

10 PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

Annual fee	10.1	20	15
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- 10.1 In accordance with the NBFC Regulations, a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS) is required to pay annual fee to the SECP.

In accordance with the SRO No. 592(I)/2023 dated May 17, 2023 issued by SECP, the Fund has charged SECP fee at the rate of 0.095% (2025: 0.095%) of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the year.

11 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Auditors' remuneration payable	653	586
Payable to legal advisor	41	39
Withholding tax payable	302	169
	<u>996</u>	<u>794</u>

12 AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Annual audit fee	415	429
Half yearly review fee	200	189
Other certification and services	335	133
Out of pocket expenses and other taxes	189	65
	<u>1,139</u>	<u>816</u>

13 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2026 (2025: Nil).

	2026	2025
	-----	Units -----

14 NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

Total units in issue at the beginning of the year	1,381,435	1,077,792
Add: Units issued	1,944,515	619,462
Less: Units redeemed	(1,921,610)	(315,819)
Total units in issue at the end of the year	<u>1,404,340</u>	<u>1,381,435</u>

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

15 TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than ninety percent of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed to the unit holders as cash dividend. Furthermore, regulation 63 of the NBFC Regulations requires the Fund to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Fund has not recorded any tax liability in respect of income relating to the current year as the Management Company has distributed cash dividend during the year end that is at least 90 percent of the Fund's accounting income for the year ended June 30, 2026 as reduced by capital gains (whether realised or unrealised) to its unit holders in the form of cash.

16 EARNING PER UNIT

Earning per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed in these financial statements as in the opinion of the Management Company the determination of the cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units is not practicable.

17 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OUTSTANDING WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / OTHER RELATED PARTIES

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owning directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company is determined in accordance with the provision of the NBFC Regulations and constitutive documents of the Fund respectively.

Details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties / connected persons, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

2026 **2025**
 ----- (Rupees in '000) -----

17.1 Transactions during the year:

MCB Investment Management Limited - Management Company

Remuneration of the Management Company	74	70
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the Management - Company	11	11
Allocated expense	-	-

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration of the Trustee	261	250
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of Trustee	39	37

Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund		
Purchase of 3,906,391 (2025: 1,232,346) units	113,965	25,978
Redemption of 4,220,904 (2025: 1,297,027) units	127,295	26,602

Alhamra Islamic Income Fund		
Purchase of 4,320,313 (2025: 1,370,560) units	457,361	142,686
Redemption of 4,178,610 (2025: 818,013) units	456,030	92,558

MCB Bank Limited - Parent of the Management Company		
Bank Charges	5	10

17.2 Balances outstanding at year end:

MCB Investment Management Limited - Management Company		
Management remuneration payable	7	8
Sindh sales tax payable on remuneration of the Management Company	1	1

Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		
Trustee remuneration payable	20	20
Sindh sales tax payable on trustee remuneration	3	3

MCB Bank Limited - Parent of the Management Company		
Balances with bank - current account	562	2,060

2026 2025
----- (Rupees in '000) -----

Alhamra Islamic Stock Fund - Fund under common management		
Outstanding 1,911,970 and (2025: 2,226,485) units (investments made by the Fund)	60,495	53,480

Alhamra Islamic Income Fund - Fund under common management		
Outstanding 1,670,394 and (2025: 1,528,691) units (investments made by the Fund)	177,480	159,428

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

17.3 Transactions during the year with connected persons / related parties in units of the Fund:

----- 2026 -----						
As at July 01, 2025	Issued for cash / conversion in / transfer in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfer out	As at June 30, 2026	As at July 01, 2025	Issued for cash / conversion in / transfer in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfer out
----- (Number of units) -----			----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
Group / associated companies						
MCB Investment Management Limited	970,545	41,822	-	1,012,367	155,543	6,491
						176,448
----- 2025 -----						
As at July 01, 2024	Issued for cash / conversion in / transfer in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfer out	As at June 30, 2025	As at July 01, 2024	Issued for cash / conversion in / transfer in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfer out
----- (Number of units) -----			----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
Group / associated companies						
MCB Investment Management Limited	970,545	-	-	970,545	125,112	-
						155,543

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

The main concentration to which the Fund is exposed arises from the Fund's bank balances. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on other receivable balances. The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	-----2026-----		-----2025-----	
	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----			
Bank balances	7,765	7,765	9,243	9,243
Investments	237,974	237,974	212,908	212,908
Mark-up receivable	74	74	83	83
	<u>245,813</u>	<u>245,813</u>	<u>222,234</u>	<u>222,234</u>

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets as at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

Bank balances by rating category

	2026		2025	
	Rupees in '000	%	Rupees in '000	%
Balances with banks				
AAA	562	7.24%	2,060	22.29%
AA	7,203	92.76%	7,183	77.71%
	<u>7,765</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>9,243</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Investment -

Units of open-end mutual funds

AA-(f)	<u>237,974</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>212,908</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
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Above rates are on the basis of available ratings assigned by PACRA and VIS as of June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

18 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the investment committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mention risks. The Board of Directors of the Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund primarily invests in Shariah compliant Islamic schemes of the Management Company and Shariah compliant Islamic schemes of other asset management companies subject to the prior approval of the Commission and the Shariah Advisor, Islamic Bank and Islamic banking windows of conventional bank account.

18.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the SECP and the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the NBFC Rules, 2003.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, profit rate risk and other price risk.

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund does not have any financial instruments in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

(ii) Yield / Profit rate risk

Yield / profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market profit rates. As of June 30, 2026, the Fund is exposed to such risk on its balances held with banks. The Investment Committee of the Fund reviews the portfolio of the Fund on a regular basis to ensure that the risk is managed within the acceptable limits.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

a) Sensitivity analysis of variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2026, the Fund is exposed to cash flow profit rate risk on bank deposits. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease as on June 30, 2026, with all other variables held constant, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been lower / higher by Rs 0.072 million (2025: Rs 0.072 million).

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2026 the Fund does not hold any fixed rate instruments, therefore, the Fund is not exposed to fair value interest rate risk.

Interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date. The composition of the fund's investment may change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as at June 30, 2026 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

The Fund's interest rate sensitivity related to financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2026 can be determined as follows:

2026						
Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Exposed to profit rate risk			Not exposed to profit rate risk	Total	
	Up to three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year			
	(Rupees in '000)					
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Bank balances	8.5% to 10%	7,203	-	-	562	7,765
Investments		-	-	-	237,974	237,974
Mark-up receivable		-	-	-	74	74
		7,203	-	-	238,610	245,813
Financial liabilities						
Payable to the MCB Investments Management Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	7	7
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	20	20
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	694	694
		-	-	-	721	721
On-balance sheet gap (a)		7,203	-	-	237,889	245,092
Off-balance sheet financial instruments						
		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		7,203	-	-		
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap		7,203	7,203	7,203		

There is no off-balance sheet financial instrument that exist as at year ended June 30, 2026.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

2025						
Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Exposed to profit rate risk			Not exposed to profit rate risk	Total	
	Up to three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year			
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Bank balances	8.5% to 17%	7,183	-	-	2,060	9,243
Investments		-	-	-	212,908	212,908
Mark-up receivable		-	-	-	83	83
		7,183	-	-	215,051	222,234
Financial liabilities						
Payable to the Management Company		-	-	-	8	8
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	20	20
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	625	625
		-	-	-	653	653
On-balance sheet gap (a)						
		7,183	-	-	214,398	221,581
Off-balance sheet financial instruments						
		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)						
		-	-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)						
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap						
		7,183	-	-		

There is no off-balance sheet financial instrument that exist as at year ended June 30, 2025.

18.2 Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund has exposure to equity price risk arising from its investments in equity securities. The Fund manages its price risk arising from investment in the equity securities by diversifying its portfolio within the eligible limits prescribed in the Fund's constitutive documents, the NBFC Regulations and circulars issued by SECP from time to time.

18.3 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of a loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted and arises principally from bank balances, investments and mark-up receivable.

The Fund's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Investment Committee. In addition, the risk is managed through assignment of credit limits and by following strict credit evaluation criteria laid down by the Management Company. The Fund does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial assets.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

18.4 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

18.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions, if any, at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

The Fund has the ability to borrow in the short-term to ensure settlement. During the current year, the Fund did not availed any borrowing. As per the NBFC Regulations the maximum amount available to the Fund from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of the net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund and bear interest at commercial rates.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

2026						
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total

Rupees in '000

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB Investment Management Limited
Payable Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee
Accrued expenses and other liabilities

7	-	-	-	-	-	7
20	-	-	-	-	-	20
694	-	-	-	-	-	694
721	-	-	-	-	-	721

2025						
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total

Rupees in '000

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB Investment Management Limited
Payable Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee
Accrued and other liabilities

8	-	-	-	-	-	8
20	-	-	-	-	-	20
625	-	-	-	-	-	625
653	-	-	-	-	-	653

18.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

2026		
At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total

(Rupees in '000)

Financial assets

Bank Balances
Investments
Markup receivable

7,765	-	7,765
-	237,974	237,974
74	-	74
7,839	237,974	245,813

2026		
At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total

(Rupees in '000)

Financial liabilities

Payable to the MCB Investments Management Limited - Management Company
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee
Accrued and other liabilities

7	-	7
20	-	20
694	-	694
721	-	721

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

----- 2025 -----			
	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
	----- (Rupees in '000) -----		
Financial assets			
Balances with banks	9,243	-	9,243
Investments	-	212,908	212,908
Markup receivable	83	-	83
	9,326	212,908	222,234
Financial liabilities			
Payable to the MCB Investments Management Limited - Management Company	8	-	8
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee	20	-	20
Accrued and other liabilities	625	-	625
	653	-	653

19. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objective when managing unit holders' funds is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimum returns to its unit holders, to maintain a strong base of assets to meet unexpected losses or opportunities and to ensure reasonable safety of capital. The Fund manages its investment portfolio and other assets by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in markets' conditions. The capital structure depends on the issuance and redemption of units.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain fund size (i.e. net assets of the Fund) of Rs.100 million at all times during the life of the scheme. The Fund has maintained and complied with the requirement of minimum fund size during the current year.

In accordance with the risk management policies as stated above, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests, such liquidity being augmented by short-term borrowings or disposal of investments where necessary.

20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from the respective book values.

Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2025 the Fund held the following financial instruments measured at fair values:

		2026			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees in '000)			
Alhamra Smart Portfolio					
At fair value through profit or loss		-	237,974	-	237,974
		-	237,974	-	237,974
		2025			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees in '000)			
Alhamra Smart Portfolio					
At fair value through profit or loss		-	212,908	-	212,908
		-	212,908	-	212,908

- 20.1** Fair values of investments in units of mutual funds are determined based on redemption prices disclosed at the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan as at the close of the business days.

During the year ended June 30, 2026, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfer into and out of level 3 fair value measurements.

The Fund has not disclosed the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or repriced periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair values.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

21 PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Experience in years	Qualification
1	Khawaja Khalil Shah	Chief Executive Officer	34	MBA
2	Muhammad Asim	Chief Investment Officer	23	MBA & CFA
3	Awais Abdul Sattar	Portfolio Manager Equities	15	MBA & CFA
4	Saad Ahmed	Head of Fixed Income	20	MBA
5	Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal	Fund Manager - Fixed Income Funds	22	Graduate
6	Raza Inam	Head of Research	12	B Sc. CFA

21.1 Other funds managed by the fund manager

Mr. Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal is the Manager of the Fund as at year end. Other funds being managed by him are as follows:

- Pakistan Income Fund
- Alhamra Islamic Income Fund
- Alhamra Islamic Money Market Fund
- MCB Pakistan Fixed Return Plan XXIII
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund II Plan III
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan I
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan II
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan IV
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan VI
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan VII
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan VIII
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan IX
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Fund III Plan X
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Plan VIII
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Plan IX
- MCB DCF Fixed Return Plan X
- Alhamra Wada Plan XVII
- Alhamra Wada Plan XX

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

22. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDING

Detail of pattern of unitholding

----- 2026 -----				
	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Net assets value of the amount invested	Percentage of total investment
----- (Rupees in '000) -----				
Individuals	55	391,973	68,317	28%
Associated Companies	1	1,012,367	176,448	72%
	<u>56</u>	<u>1,404,340</u>	<u>244,766</u>	<u>100%</u>

----- 2025 -----				
	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Net assets value of the amount invested	Percentage of total investment
----- (Rupees in '000) -----				
Individuals	33	410,890	65,851	29.74%
Associated Companies	1	970,545	155,543	70.26%
	<u>34</u>	<u>1,381,435</u>	<u>221,393</u>	<u>100%</u>

23. ATTENDANCE AT THE MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th and 215th meeting of the Board of Directors were held on July 29, 2025, August 04, 2025, August 20, 2025, September 10, 2025, October 10, 2025, October 15, 2025, January 28, 2026, February 02, 2026, April 16, 2026 and April 21, 2026 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by the directors and other persons in the meetings is given below:

Sr.No	Name of persons attending the meetings	Designation	Number of Meetings Held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave Granted	Meetings Not Attended
1	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman	10	10	9	1	211th BOD
2	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	10	10	10	-	-
3	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain (resigned on Feb 06, 2026)	Director	10	8	8	-	-
4	Ms. Sadia Muzaffar (appointed on Feb 07, 2026)	Director	10	2	2	-	-
5	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Director	10	10	10	-	-
6	Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy	Director	10	10	8	2	210th BOD and 211th BOD
7	Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	Director	10	10	10	-	-
8	Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai	Director	10	10	7	3	208th BOD, 210th BOD and 212th BOD
9	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Chief Executive Officer	10	10	10	-	-

24. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Alhamra Smart Portfolio is 0.72% (2025: 0.92%) as on June 30, 2026 and these include 0.11% (2025: 0.12%) representing Government Levy and SECP fee respectively.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

25. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have also been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for better presentation. However, there has been no material reclassification to report.

26. GENERAL

26.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee unless otherwise specified.

27. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 04 August 2026, by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer



Director

**PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026**

No. of Unit Holders	Unit holdings	Total units held
44	A. 001-10,000	51,239
11	B. 10,001 – 100,000	340,729
1	D. 1000,001 & Above	1,012,372
56		1,404,340

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Performance Information	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	244.7662	221.3931	138.9380	114.7190	145.4089
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	174.2927	160.2631	128.9095	110.3383	100.1599
Closing Offer Price	180.3058	165.7922	133.2795	114.0788	103.5553
Highest offer price per unit	180.3058	165.7922	138.1578	114.2728	106.4141
Lowest offer price per unit	158.5493	133.3990	103.6431	102.7317	102.1542
Highest Redemption price per unit	174.2927	160.2631	133.6278	110.5260	102.9249
Lowest Redemption price per unit	153.2618	128.9502	100.2448	99.3633	98.8047
Distribution per unit – Rs. *	8.0000	7.0000	15.0921	-	0.6881
Interim					
Final					
Average Annual Return - %					
One year	14.38	24.32	33.61	10.16	0.97
Two year	19.35	28.97	21.89	5.57	0.43
Three year	24.10	22.70	14.91	3.67	NA
Net (loss) / Income for the period – Rs. in million	35.7962	36.4959	36.2330	11.8840	1.3706
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	11.0683	11.5740	16.7920	-	1.0984
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	24.7278	24.9218	19.4410	11.8840	0.2722

* Date of Distribution

2026	
Date	Rate

June 22, 2026	1.0000
July 02, 2025	7.0000

2025	
Date	Rate

July 02, 2025	7.0000
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2024	
Date	Rate

July 01, 2023	10.0921
June 30, 2024	5.0000

2023	
Date	Rate

Nil

2022	
Date	Rate

June 30, 2022	0.6881
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Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.

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