



MCB FUNDS
Investments for Life

ANNUAL REPORT 2026

MCB Punjab Pension Fund Managed by
MCB Investment Management Limited



MCB PUNJAB PENSION FUND

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Vision

“To be the most coveted Savings and Investment company,
while leading the effort to make the saving
population and industry grow”

Mission

“To be the preferred Savings and Investment Manager in Pakistan
by being best in class in customer services
and maximizing stakeholders’ value”

Core Values

HONESTY

We ensure to build trust through responsible actions and honest
relationships with our colleagues, customers and stakeholders

INTEGRITY

We work with integrity in everything we do, and embody our principles
when working with stakeholders as well as internal and external customers.
We assure to promote the integrity for the ultimate benefit for everyone

ETHICS

As a trusted custodian of customer funds, we are committed to
conforming to the highest level of ethical standards in the workplace
that involves putting customer interest first and maintaining
our stakeholders trust in the Company

PROFESSIONALISM

We value everyone and treat our external and internal
customers and our stakeholders with respect, dignity and professionalism

FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Board of Directors	Mr. Haroun Rashid Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Chairman Director Chief Executive Officer Director Director Director Director Director
Audit Committee	Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	Chairman Member Member
Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Muhammad Nauman Chughtai	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Credit Committee	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Ms. Sadia Muzaffar Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Member Member Member Member
IT & Digital Risk Management Committee	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Syed Sohail Ahmed Mr. Shabbir Hussain Mr. Muhammad Arsalan Mr. Raheel Iqbal (CISO)	Chairman Member Member Member Member Member Member
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	
Chief Operating & Financial Officer	Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	
Company Secretary & Financial Controller	Mr. Muhammad Rehan Khan	
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	
Chief Operating & Financial Officer	Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	
Company Secretary	Mr. Muhammad Rehan Khan	
Trustee	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'S.M.C.H.S Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcpakistan.com	
Bankers	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited	
Auditors	Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-75350.	
Legal Advisor	Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi	
Rating	AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA	
Transfer Agent	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE PENSION FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present **MCB Punjab Pension Fund – Money Market Sub Fund** accounts review for the period starting from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026.

Economy Review

The country posted a current account deficit of USD 139 million in fiscal year 2026 (FY26) compared to a surplus of USD 1,838 million in the corresponding period last year. Trade Deficit increased by 25.4% YoY as exports declined by 4.6% while imports increased by 9.0%. The remittances inflows grew at a healthy rate of 8.6% to USD 41.6 billion. The country's external position remained robust as SBP's foreign exchange reserves increased to around USD 18.4 billion compared to USD 14.5 billion at the end of the last fiscal year. The local currency depicted strength against the greenback as the USD/PKR appreciated by 2.0% to 278.2 during the period.

Headline inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, averaged 7.0% during FY26, compared with 4.5% in the previous year. The acceleration was primarily driven by higher global oil prices, which translated into increased domestic fuel prices and generated broader second-round inflationary pressures across transportation, energy-intensive goods, and other components of the consumer basket.

Pakistan's provisional GDP growth clocked at 3.7% in FY26 with Agricultural, Industrial and Services sectors increasing by 2.9%, 3.5% and 4.1% respectively. On the fiscal front, FBR tax collection increased by 10.7% during FY26 to PKR 13,004 billion, exceeding the twice downward-revised target by PKR 21 billion. Meanwhile, the fiscal deficit narrowed substantially to PKR 3,778 billion (3.0% of GDP) from PKR 6,168 billion (5.4% of GDP) in the previous year. This marked improvement was primarily supported by lower financing costs, stronger revenue mobilization, and continued fiscal discipline.

FUND PERFORMANCE

The fund generated an annualized return of 10.07% during the period. The fund's exposure towards cash stood at 42.8%.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2026 stood at Rs. 0.53 million. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2026 was Rs. 105.6286.

Economy & Market – Future Outlook

The renewed escalation in the Iran-US conflict has triggered a sharp increase in global oil prices, with Brent crude trading at around USD 100 per barrel at the time of writing amid concerns over potential supply disruptions through the Strait of Hormuz and the Bab al-Mandab Strait. This has immediate macroeconomic implications, particularly for oil-importing economies like Pakistan, as higher oil prices raise the import bill, fuel inflation, and exert pressure on the currency. However, the situation remains highly fluid, with outcomes dependent on the duration and intensity of the conflict. If tensions do not escalate further, the impact on macros is likely to remain manageable, but a prolonged conflict could keep oil prices elevated and pose additional risks to inflation, external balances, and overall economic stability.

Given the increase in global oil prices and refinery margins, we now expect Pakistan's current account deficit to widen to approximately USD 2.5 billion, or 0.5% of GDP, in FY27, compared with USD 139 million, or 0.03% of GDP, in FY26. Elevated oil prices remain the key downside risk to the external

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE PENSION FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

account. Based on our estimates, every USD 10 per barrel increase above our base-case oil price assumption of USD 80 per barrel could add approximately USD 2.0 billion to the import bill and, by extension, the current account deficit. Nevertheless, the continuation of the IMF program remains an important source of external stability, as it should facilitate Pakistan's access to multilateral, bilateral and commercial financing. Pakistan's continued geopolitical relevance may also support additional inflows from friendly countries. In this regard, Saudi Arabia has recently provided an additional USD 3.0 billion in deposits and extended its existing USD 5.0 billion facility for a further three years. The currency outlook will remain closely linked to the trajectory of international oil prices, external financing flows and broader geopolitical conditions. Under our base case, we have assumed approximately 5.0% depreciation in the Pakistani rupee and expect the USD/PKR exchange rate to close at around 292 by June 2027.

Higher international oil prices, together with corresponding adjustments in domestic fuel prices, are also expected to keep inflationary pressures elevated in the near term. We now project average CPI inflation of approximately 8.4% in FY27, compared with 7.0% in FY26. On the growth front, GDP is expected to expand by between 3.5% and 4.0% in FY27, although any further escalation in the Middle East conflict would pose a downside risk to this forecast. On the fiscal front, we expect the fiscal deficit to normalize to 3.6% of GDP in FY27 compared to 3.0% GDP in FY26. Fiscal deficit is expected to remain contained due to IMF strict requirement to generate a primary surplus of PKR 2.8 trillion (2.0% of GDP).

The Monetary Policy Committee increased the policy rate by 100 basis points to 11.5% at its April 2026 meeting, following an extended period of monetary easing, and subsequently maintained the rate at its June 2026 meeting. Going forward, developments in the Middle East are likely to remain a key driver of macroeconomic variables and, by extension, the monetary policy outlook. We expect the central bank to maintain a data-dependent approach in shaping upcoming policy decisions.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year.

Mutual Fund Industry Review

The Net Assets of the open-end mutual funds industry increased by about 14.3% during FY26 to PKR 4,209 billion. Total money market funds declined by 0.9% since June 2025. Within the money market sphere, conventional funds showed a decrease of 6.5% to PKR 914 billion while Islamic funds increased by 5.0% to PKR 957 billion. In addition, the total fixed Income and Fixed Rate funds increased by about 15.9% since June 2025 to PKR 1,440 billion while Equity and related funds increased by 62.3% to PKR 797 billion.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 44.5%, followed by Income and fixed return funds with 34.2% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 18.9% as at the end of June 2026.

Mutual Fund Industry Outlook

Money market funds should benefit from higher liquidity as they are ideal for investors with a short-term horizon and low risk profile. For medium to long term investors the interest in capital markets particularly equities will continue to remain strong. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge in digital access and online customer experience; we are prepared to get benefits of the growing number of investors available online.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE PENSION FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

HOLDING COMPANY

On April 18, 2023, MCB Bank Limited (MCB), being the parent company of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, has acquired 21,664,167 (30.09%) shares of MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investment Limited (MCB-AH) from Arif Habib Corporation Limited (AHCL). By virtue of this transaction MCB Bank Limited's shareholding in MCB-AH has increased from 36,956,768 (51.33%) shares to 58,620,935 (81.42%) and AHCL no longer holds any shares in MCB-AH.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Fund's external auditor's **M/s. Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants** have retired after completion of audit for Financial Year ended June 30, 2026. The Audit Committee has recommended re-appointment of **M/s. Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants** as external auditors of the Fund for financial year ending June 30, 2027 and the Board has also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee. **M/s. Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants** has also expressed their willingness to act as the Fund's external auditors.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,



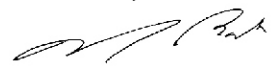
Khawaja Khalil Shah
Chief Executive Officer
August 04, 2026

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

اظہار تشکر

فنڈ کے قابل قدر سرمایہ کاروں، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان، اور فنڈ کے ٹرسٹیز کی مسلسل معاونت اور حمایت کے لیے بورڈ اُن کا شکریہ ادا کرتا ہے۔
مزید برآں، ڈائریکٹرز مینجمنٹ ٹیم کی کاوشوں کو خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائریکٹرز،



خواجہ خلیل شاہ

چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

04 اگست 2026ء

جون 2026 کے اختتام پر مختلف زمروں میں حصص (Segment Share) کے اعتبار سے منی مارکیٹ فنڈز تقریباً 44.5 فیصد حصص کے ساتھ سرفہرست رہے، اس کے بعد انکم اور فیکسڈ ریٹرن فنڈز کے حصص 34.2 فیصد، اور ایکویٹی اور ایکویٹی سے منسلک فنڈز کے حصص 18.9 فیصد رہے۔

میوچل فنڈز صنعت کے مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

منی مارکیٹ فنڈز کو بہتر نقدیت کا فائدہ اٹھانا چاہیے کیونکہ یہ درمیانی سے طویل مدت کے لیے اور کم ریسک کے ساتھ سرمایہ کاری کرنے والوں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہوتے ہیں۔ معاشی بحالی کے تیز تر اور وسیع تر ہونے کے ساتھ ساتھ کیپیٹل مارکیٹس، خصوصاً ایکویٹیز، میں گہری دلچسپی برقرار رہے گی۔ ہمارے آپریشنز بلاؤ کاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور صارفین کو اچھا تجربہ فراہم کرنے کے معاملے میں ہماری بہتر استعداد کی بدولت ہم آن لائن دستیاب سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لیے تیار ہیں۔

ہولڈنگ کمپنی

18 اپریل 2023ء کو ایم سی بی بینک لمیٹڈ (ایم سی بی) نے، ایم سی بی-عارف حبیب سیونگز اینڈ انویسٹمنٹس لمیٹڈ (ایم سی بی-اے ایچ) کی پیرنٹ (سرپرست) کمپنی کی حیثیت میں، عارف حبیب کارپوریشن لمیٹڈ (اے ایچ سی ایل) سے ایم سی بی-اے ایچ کے 21,664,167 (یعنی 30.09 فیصد) حصص خرید لیے۔ اس سودے کے ذریعے ایم سی بی بینک لمیٹڈ کی ایم سی بی-اے ایچ میں حاملیت حصص 36,956,768 (یعنی 51.33 فیصد) حصص سے بڑھ کر 58,620,935 (یعنی 81.42 فیصد) ہو گئی ہے اور اے ایچ سی ایل اب ایم سی بی-اے ایچ میں حصص کی حامل نہیں ہے۔ اس کے نتیجے میں کمپنی کا نام ایم سی بی-اے ایچ سے تبدیل کر کے ایم سی بی انویسٹمنٹ مینجمنٹ لمیٹڈ کر دیا گیا۔

خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز M/s یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس 30 جون 2026ء کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے آڈٹ کی تکمیل کے بعد ریٹائر ہو گئے ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2027ء کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے کمپنی کے خارجی آڈیٹرز کے طور پر M/s یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کی تقرری کی تجویز پیش کی ہے، اور بورڈ نے بھی اس تجویز کی توثیق کی ہے۔ M/s یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس نے بھی فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز کے طور پر کام کرنے کے لیے رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔

امکانات بدستور عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں کے رجحان، بیرونی مالی معاونت کی آمد اور وسیع تر جغرافیائی و سیاسی حالات سے گہرا تعلق رکھیں گے۔ ہماری بنیادی صورتحال کے مفروضے کے تحت ہم نے روپے کی قدر میں تقریباً 5.0 فیصد کمی فرض کی ہے، اور توقع ہے کہ جون 2027 تک ڈالر اور روپے کا تناسب تقریباً 292 روپے پر پہنچ جائے گا۔

عالمی سطح پر تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں اور ان کے مطابق ملکی سطح پر ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں کمی جانے والی تبدیلیاں قلیل مدت میں مہنگائی کے دباؤ کو بلند رکھنے کا باعث بنیں گی۔ اب ہماری توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 2027 میں 'سی پی آئی' افراط زر تقریباً 8.4 فیصد رہے گی، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 7.0 فیصد تھی۔ شرح نمو کے حوالے سے مالی سال 2027 میں 'جی ڈی پی' میں 3.5 فیصد سے 4.0 فیصد کے درمیان اضافے کی توقع ہے۔ تاہم مشرق وسطیٰ کے تنازعے میں مزید کسی بھی اضافے سے اس شرح نمو کی پیش گوئی پر خطرہ پیدا ہو سکتا ہے۔ مالیاتی محاذ پر ہماری توقع ہے کہ مالی سال 2027 میں مالیاتی خسارہ 'جی ڈی پی' کے 3.6 فیصد تک معقول پر آجائے گا، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 'جی ڈی پی' کا 3.0 فیصد تھا۔ مالیاتی خسارہ محدود رہنے کی توقع ہے کیونکہ آئی ایم ایف کی جانب سے 2.8 ٹریلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کے 2.0 فیصد) کے بنیادی سرپلس کے حصول کی سخت شرط عائد ہے۔

مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی (ایم پی سی) نے طویل عرصے تک جاری رہنے والی مالیاتی تسہیل کے بعد اپریل 2026 کے اجلاس میں پالیسی شرح میں 100 بیس پوائنٹس کا اضافہ کرتے ہوئے اسے 11.5 فیصد کر دیا، اور بعد ازاں جون 2026 کے اجلاس میں اس شرح کو برقرار رکھا۔ مستقبل میں مشرق وسطیٰ میں ہونے والی پیش رفت مجموعی معاشی عوامل اور اس کے نتیجے میں مانیٹری پالیسی کے مستقبل کے امکانات کو متاثر کرنے والا ایک اہم عنصر رہنے کا امکان ہے۔ ہماری توقع ہے کہ مرکزی بینک آئندہ پالیسی فیصلے کرتے وقت اعداد و شمار اور معاشی صورتحال پر منحصر حکمت عملی اختیار کرے گا۔

حاملین قرض کے لیے ہمیں اُمید ہے کہ منی مارکیٹ فنڈ سال بھر پالیسی شرحوں کی بلا رُکاوٹ عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔

میوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن-اینڈ میوچل فنڈز کی صنعت کے net اثاثہ جات مالی سال 2026ء کے دوران تقریباً 14.3 فیصد بڑھ کر 4,209 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ منی مارکیٹ کے کل فنڈز میں جون 2025ء کے بعد سے 0.9 فیصد کمی ہوئی۔ منی مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کار میں روایتی فنڈز 6.5 فیصد کم ہو کر 914 بلین روپے ہو گئے، جبکہ اسلامک فنڈز 5.0 فیصد بڑھ کر 957 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ مزید براں، جون 2025ء کے بعد سے فلسفہ انکم اور فلسفہ ریٹ فنڈ کے مجموعی حجم میں تقریباً 15.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا اور یہ 1,440 بلین روپے تک پہنچ گئے، جبکہ ایکویٹی اور اس سے متعلقہ فنڈز میں 62.3 فیصد اضافہ ہوا اور ان کی مالیت 797 بلین روپے ہو گئی۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

دورانِ مدت فنڈ کا ایک سال پر محیط منافع 10.07 فیصد تھا۔ فنڈ کی نقد میں سرمایہ کاری 42.8 فیصد تھی۔
30 جون 2026 کو فنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 0.53 ملین روپے تھے، جبکہ net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (این اے وی) فی یونٹ 105.6286 روپے تھی۔

معیشت اور مارکیٹ - مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

ایران اور امریکا کے درمیان تنازعے میں حالیہ دوبارہ پیدا ہونے والی کشیدگی نے عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں میں نمایاں اضافہ کر دیا ہے۔ برینٹ خام تیل کی قیمت تقریباً 100 ڈالر فی بیرل کے قریب رہی، جبکہ آبنائے ہرمز اور آبنائے باب المندب کے ذریعے تیل کی ترسیل میں ممکنہ رکاوٹوں کے خدشات موجود ہیں۔ اس صورتحال کے فوری مجموعی معاشی اثرات مرتب ہوتے ہیں، خاص طور پر پاکستان جیسی تیل درآمد کرنے والی معیشتوں پر تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں درآمدی بل پر بوجھ، مہنگائی میں اضافے اور کرنسی پر دباؤ کا سبب بنتی ہیں۔ تاہم صورتحال ابھی تک انتہائی غیر یقینی اور تیزی سے تبدیلی کی طرف مائل ہے، اور اس کے نتائج کا انحصار تنازعے کی مدت اور شدت پر رہے گا۔ اگر کشیدگی میں مزید اضافہ نہ ہوا تو مجموعی معاشی اثرات پر قابو پانا ممکن ہوگا، تاہم اگر تنازعہ طویل عرصے تک جاری رہا تو تیل کی قیمتیں بلند سطح پر برقرار رہ سکتی ہیں اور مہنگائی، بیرونی مالیاتی توازن اور مجموعی معاشی استحکام کے لیے مزید خطرات پیدا ہو سکتے ہیں۔

عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں اور ریفرنسری کے منافعوں کے فرق میں اضافے کے پیش نظر اب ہماری توقع ہے کہ پاکستان کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ مالی سال 2027 میں بڑھ کر تقریباً 2.5 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.5 فیصد) ہو جائے گا، جبکہ مالی سال 2026 میں یہ 139 ملین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.03 فیصد) تھا۔ تیل کی بڑھی ہوئی قیمتیں بیرونی کھاتے کے لیے بدستور سب سے بڑا منفی پہلو ہے۔ ہمارے اندازوں کے مطابق اگر ہماری بنیادی مفروضہ کردہ قیمت 80 ڈالر فی بیرل سے اوپر تیل کی قیمت میں ہر 10 ڈالر فی بیرل اضافہ ہوتا ہے تو درآمدی بل میں تقریباً 2.0 بلین ڈالر کا اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے، اور اس کے نتیجے میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ بھی اتنی ہی حد تک بڑھ سکتا ہے۔ اس کے باوجود آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کا جاری رہنا بیرونی معاشی استحکام کا ایک اہم ذریعہ ہے، کیونکہ اس سے پاکستان کو کثیر الملکی، دو طرفہ اور تجارتی مالی معاونت تک رسائی حاصل ہونے میں سہولت ملتی چاہیے۔ پاکستان کی مسلسل جغرافیائی و سیاسی اہمیت بھی دوست ممالک سے مزید رقوم کی آمد میں معاون ثابت ہو سکتی ہے۔ اس حوالے سے سعودی عرب نے حال ہی میں مزید 3.0 بلین ڈالر کے ڈپازٹس فراہم کیے ہیں اور اپنی موجودہ 5.0 بلین ڈالر کی سہولت کی مدت میں مزید تین سال کی توسیع کی ہے۔ کرنسی کے مستقبل کے

منجانب ڈائریکٹرز ایم سی بی پنجاب پینشن فنڈ - منی مارکیٹ ذیلی فنڈ کی 08 دسمبر 2025 تا 30 جون 2026 مدت کے اکاؤنٹس کا جائزہ پیش خدمت ہے۔

معیشیت کا جائزہ

مُلک نے مالی سال 2026 میں 139 ملین ڈالر کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ ریکارڈ کیا، جبکہ گزشتہ سال اسی مدت میں 1,838 ملین ڈالر کا سرپلس تھا۔ برآمدات میں 4.6 فیصد کمی، جبکہ درآمدات میں 9.0 فیصد اضافہ ہونے کے باعث تجارتی خسارے میں سال در سال (YoY) 25.4 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ ترسیلات زر میں 8.6 فیصد کی اچھی شرح سے اضافہ ہوا اور یہ 41.6 بلین ڈالر تک پہنچ گئیں۔ مُلک کی بیرونی مالیاتی صورتحال مضبوط رہی کیونکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس بی پی) کے زیرِ مبادلہ کے ذخائر گزشتہ مالی سال کے اختتام پر 14.5 بلین ڈالر کے مقابلے میں بڑھ کر تقریباً 18.4 بلین ڈالر ہو گئے۔ مقامی کرنسی نے امریکی ڈالر (گرین بیک) کے مقابلے میں استحکام کا مظاہرہ کیا اور اس عرصے کے دوران USD/PKR شرح 2.0 فیصد کی بہتری کے ساتھ 278.2 تک پہنچ گئی۔

ہیڈ لائن افراط زر، جس کی پیمائش کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) کے ذریعے کی جاتی ہے، مالی سال 2026 کے دوران اوسطاً 7.0 فیصد رہی، جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ 4.5 فیصد تھی۔ مہنگائی میں یہ اضافہ بنیادی طور پر عالمی سطح پر تیل کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں کے باعث ہوا، جس کے نتیجے میں مُلک میں ایندھن کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا اور ٹرانسپورٹ، زیادہ توانائی استعمال کرنے والی اشیاء اور دیگر اشیاء صرف پر بھی بالواسطہ اضافی مہنگائی کا دباؤ پیدا ہو گیا۔

پاکستان کی عارضی جی ڈی پی شرح نمو مالی سال 2026 میں 3.7 فیصد رہی، جبکہ زراعت، صنعت اور خدمات کے شعبوں میں بالترتیب 2.9 فیصد، 3.5 فیصد اور 4.1 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ مالیاتی محاذ پر مالی سال 2026 کے دوران ایف بی آر کی ٹیکس وصولیوں میں 10.7 فیصد اضافہ ہوا، اور یہ 13,004 بلین روپے تک پہنچ گئیں، جو دو مرتبہ کم کیے گئے نظر ثانی شدہ ہدف سے بھی 21 بلین روپے زیادہ ہے۔ دریں اثناء مالیاتی خسارہ گزشتہ سال 6,168 بلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کا 5.4 فیصد) کے مقابلے میں کم ہو کر 3,778 بلین روپے (جی ڈی پی کا 3.0 فیصد) رہ گیا۔ اس نمایاں بہتری کی بنیادی وجوہات میں کم مالیاتی اخراجات، محصولات کی بہتر وصولی اور مسلسل مالیاتی نظم و ضبط شامل تھے۔

REPORT OF THE PENSION FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Fund Type and Category

MCB Punjab Pension Fund – Money Market Sub Fund (MCBPPF-MM) is an open-end Shariah Compliant Pension Scheme.

Investment Objective

The investment objective is to earn returns from investments in Money Markets of Pakistan, thus incurring a relatively lower risk than debt investments.

Manager's Review

The fund was launched on 08-Dec-2025. The fund posted an annualized return of 10.07% during the period under review. Cash exposure was 42.8%, while exposure at T-bills stood at 54.4% at period end.

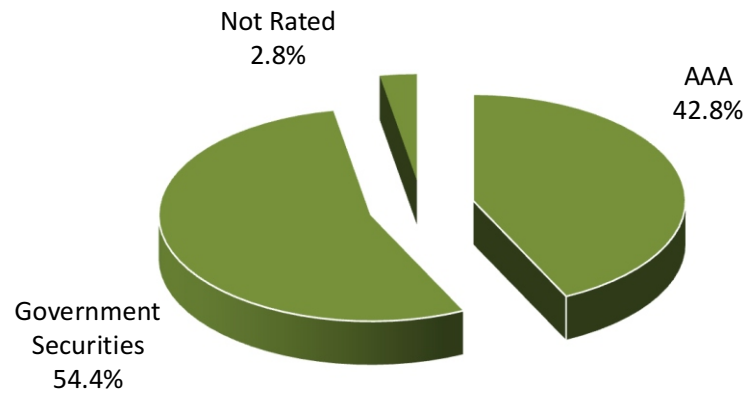
The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2026 stood at Rs. 0.53 million. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2026 was Rs. 105.6286.

Asset Allocation (MCBPPF-MM Sub-fund) as of June 30, 2026 (% of Total Assets)

MCBPPF-Money Market (%age of Total Assets)	Jun-26
Cash	42.8%
T-Bills	54.4%
Others including receivables	2.8%

REPORT OF THE PENSION FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

Asset Quality (MCBPPF-MM Sub-fund) as of June 30, 2026 (% of Total Assets)



Saad Ahmed

Fund Manager

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE PARTICIPANTS



Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To The Unit Holders of MCB Punjab Pension Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **MCB Punjab Pension Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2026, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of movement in participants' sub funds and statement of cash flows for the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026 (the period) and notes including a summary of material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2026, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund and MCB Investment Management Limited (The Pension Fund Manager) in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Pension Fund Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Fund Manager and Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager for the financial statements

The Pension Fund Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the Pension Fund Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, The Pension Fund Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless The Pension Fund Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors of The Pension Fund Manager are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE PARTICIPANTS



Yousuf Adil
Chartered Accountants

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with Board of Directors of The Pension Fund regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Hena Sadiq**.


Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: September 25, 2026

UDIN: AR202610057TBGJE9X5F

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STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2026

		June 30, 2026				
	Note	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
----- (In Rupees) -----						
ASSETS						
Bank balances	4	517,187	516,617	516,896	226,329	1,777,029
Investments	5	-	-	-	287,723	287,723
Profit receivable		4,718	4,708	4,717	13,076	27,219
Advances against tax		-	-	-	1,431	1,431
Total assets		521,905	521,325	521,613	528,559	2,093,402
LIABILITIES						
Payable to the Pension Fund Manager	6	491	491	491	225	1,698
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	7	492	492	492	76	1,552
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	8	114	114	114	115	457
Total liabilities		1,097	1,097	1,097	416	3,707
NET ASSETS		520,808	520,228	520,516	528,143	2,089,695
PARTICIPANTS IN SUB FUNDS (AS PER STATEMENTS OF MOVEMENT IN PARTICIPANT'S SUB FUNDS)						
		520,808	520,228	520,516	528,143	
----- (Number of units) -----						
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	12	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	
----- (Rupees) -----						
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT		104.1616	104.0455	104.1032	105.6286	
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	9					

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026					
	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
Note ----- (In Rupees) -----					
Income					
Profit on bank deposits	21,905	21,325	21,613	22,755	87,598
Net capital gain on sale of investments-net	-	-	-	609	609
Income on government securities	-	-	-	6,162	6,162
Unrealised gain / (loss) on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss - net	-	-	-	706	706
Total income	21,905	21,325	21,613	30,232	95,075
Expenses					
Remuneration of Pension Fund Manager	427	427	427	1,286	2,567
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of Pension Fund Manager	64	64	64	195	387
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	428	428	428	429	1,713
Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of the Trustee	64	64	64	64	256
Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee	114	114	114	115	457
Total expenses	1,097	1,097	1,097	2,089	5,380
Net income for the period before taxation	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143	89,695
Taxation	-	-	-	-	-
Net income for the period after taxation	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143	89,695

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026					
	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	----- (In Rupees) -----				
Net income for the period after taxation	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143	89,696
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143	89,696

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN PARTICIPANTS' SUB-FUNDS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026				
Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total

----- (In Rupees) -----

Net assets at the beginning of the period

- - - - -

Amount received on issuance of units

500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	2,000,000
-	-	-	-	-

Amount paid on redemption of units

500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 2,000,000

Net Income for the period

20,808 20,228 20,516 28,143 89,696

Net assets at the end of the period

520,808 520,228 520,516 528,143 2,089,697

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026

Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
------------------------------	-----------------------------	------------------	-----------------------------	-------

Note ----- (In Rupees) -----

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income for the period	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143	89,695
---------------------------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

Adjustments for non cash items:

Unrealised (gain) / loss on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss - net	-	-	-	(706)	(706)
	20,808	20,228	20,516	27,437	88,989

(Increase) / decrease in assets

Investments	-	-	-	(287,017)	(287,017)
Profit receivable	(4,718)	(4,708)	(4,717)	(13,076)	(27,219)
Advance against tax	-	-	-	(1,431)	(1,431)
	(4,718)	(4,708)	(4,717)	(301,524)	(315,667)

Increase / (decrease) in liabilities

Payable to Pension Fund Manager	491	491	491	225	1,698
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	492	492	492	76	1,552
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	114	114	114	115	457
	1,097	1,097	1,097	416	3,707

Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	17,187	16,617	16,896	(273,671)	(222,971)
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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from issuance of units	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	2,000,000
Payments on redemption of units	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	2,000,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	517,187	516,617	516,896	226,329	1,777,029

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	517,187	516,617	516,896	226,329	1,777,029

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Punjab Pension Fund (the Fund) has been established under a Trust Deed executed between MCB Investment Management Limited as Pension Fund Manager and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee dated November 27, 2025 under the Voluntary Pension System (VPS) Rules, 2005. The Pension Fund Manager is a Non-Banking Finance Company licensed by the Commission under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations 2008 ("Regulations") through license SECP/LRD/LD/21/AMCWMCBASIL2025 dated June 30, 2025 to carry out Asset Management Services and is registered with the Commission under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 through Certificate of Registration No. SECP/LD/21/PFM/MCBASIL/2022 dated November 16, 2023 as a Pension Fund Manager and is a designated fund manager appointed by the Government of Punjab (the "Punjab Government") through the Secretary to Government, Finance Department under an Agreement dated pursuant to Punjab Defined Contribution Pension Scheme Rules, 2025 (the "Punjab Rules" as amended from time to time).
- 1.2 MCB Investment Management Limited has been licensed to act as a Pension Fund Manager under the voluntary Pension Scheme rules, 2005 (VPS Rules) through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Pension Fund Manager is located at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-end pension fund consisting of four sub-funds namely; Equity Active Sub-Fund, Equity Index Sub-Fund, Debt Sub-Fund and Money Market Sub-Fund. Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The number of units of any sub-fund purchased out of contributions depends on the Allocation Scheme selected by the respective Participant out of the allocation schemes offered by the Pension Fund Manager.
- 1.4 The Investment objective of MCB Punjab Pension Fund is to provide a secure source of savings and regular income after retirement to the employee(s).

The MCB Punjab Pension Fund will consist of four (4) Sub-Funds as below and their investment objectives are as follows:

- a) Equity Active Sub Fund (The Equity Sub Fund): To earn returns from investments in Pakistani Capital Markets.
 - b) Equity Index Sub Fund (The Equity Sub Fund) To provide investors an opportunity to track closely the performance of the KSE 30 index by investing in companies of the Index in proportion to their weightages.
 - c) Debt Sub Fund to earn returns from investments in debt markets of Pakistan, thus incurring a relatively lower risk than equity investments.
 - d) Money Market Sub Fund to earn returns from investments in money markets of Pakistan, thus incurring a relatively lower risk than debt investments.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) has maintained quality rating of 'AM1' dated October 03, 2025 to the Pension Fund Manager.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with Part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
 - The requirements of the Trust Deed, Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 (VPS Rules) and the directives issued by the SECP.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

There are no prior period amounts of the statement of asset and liabilities, income statement, statement of other comprehensive income, statement of movement in participants' sub-funds and the statement of cash flows as the Fund was launched on December 08, 2025.

Wherever the requirements of the Trust Deed, the Companies Act 2017, the VPS Rules or the directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS. The requirements of the Trust Deed, the Companies Act 2017, the VPS Rules (2005) or the requirements of the said directives prevail.

2.2 Standard and amendments to IFRS that are not yet effective

The following standards and amendments are effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments and standards are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures except for the amendment of "IFRS 09 regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments" when applied may impact the timing of recognition and derecognition of financial instrument and "IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements" when applied may impact the presentation of "Income Statement" with certain additional disclosures in the financial statements. The impact of these amendments and standards is being evaluated the by Pension Fund Manager.

	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after:
- Amendments IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards (related to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7)	January 01, 2026
- Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 regarding power purchase arrangements	January 01, 2026
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards (related to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7)	January 01, 2027
- IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements	January 01, 2027
- IFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability:	January 01, 2027

Other than the aforesaid amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 – First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 20 Regulatory Assets and Regulatory Liabilities

2.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise judgment in the application of its accounting policies. The estimates, judgments and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The areas involving a degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where estimates and assumptions are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- Classification and measurement of financial assets (notes 3.1.1.1 and 5)
- Impairment of financial assets (note 3.1.1.3)
- Taxation (notes 3.4 and 9)
- Classification and measurements of financial liabilities (note 3.1.2)
- Contingencies and commitments (note 8)
- Provisions (note 3.3)

2.4 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investments which are measured at fair value.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in these financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency. Amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise stated.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Fund's statement of assets and liabilities when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the income statement.

3.1.1 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

3.1.1.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the entity's business model for managing them.

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

For debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the income statement and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI). Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is reclassified to the income statement.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (debt instruments)

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or the fair value through other comprehensive income criteria are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. In addition, debt instruments that meet either the amortised cost criteria or the fair value through other comprehensive income criteria may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (so called 'accounting mismatch') that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Fund can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments : Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

Gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and are accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, it is transferred to undistributed income. Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

Dividends are recognised as income in the income statement when the right of payment has been established, except when the Fund benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income.

The Fund elected not to classify irrevocably any of the equity investments under this category on initial recognition.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (equity instruments)

Equity investments which the Fund had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of assets and liabilities at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the the income statement.

Dividends on equity investments are recognised as income in the income statement when the right of payment has been established.

The Fund elected to classify all of the equity investments at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition.

3.1.1.2 Fair value measurement principles

The fair value of financial instruments is determined as follows:

Basis of valuation of government debt securities

The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the interbank market are valued at the average rates quoted on a widely used electronic quotation system (PKRV / PKFRV / PKISRV) which are based on the remaining tenure of the securities. Moreover, listed government securities traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange are valued at revaluation rates disseminated by Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).

Basis of valuation of debt securities

The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the criteria laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2009 and Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). In the determination of the rates, MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorises them as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. The aforementioned circular also specifies the valuation process to be followed for each category as well as the criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

The Fund applies discretion on the effective yield as per the allowable limits in the above mentioned Circulars after taking into account aspects such as Liquidity Risk, Sector Specific Risk and Issuer Class Risk.

The allowable limits for rated securities for duration upto 2 years is +200/-100 bps and over 2 years is +150/-50 bps. For unrated securities the allowable limits +50 bps.

Basis of valuation of equity instruments:

The fair value of equity instruments is determined by using closing rate of securities at day end available on the Pakistan Stock Exchange's website.

3.1.1.3 Impairment of financial assets

Pension Fund Manager assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that the Fund's financial assets or a group of financial assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

SECP through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 has deferred the applicability of the impairment requirements of IFRS 9 for debt securities on mutual funds. Therefore, the Fund will not be subject to the impairment provisions of IFRS 9 until further instruction.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For financial assets other than debt securities measured at amortised cost, IFRS 9 requires recognition of impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model. Under IFRS 9, the Fund is required to measure loss allowance equal to an amount equal to lifetime ECL or 12 months ECL based on credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Fund considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis.

However, majority of the assets of the Fund exposed to credit risk pertain to counter parties which have high credit rating or where credit risk has not been increased since initial recognition. Therefore, management believes that the impact of ECL would be very minimal and hence, the same has not been accounted for in these financial statements.

3.1.1.4 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Fund's statement of assets and liabilities) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset;

3.1.2 Financial liabilities

3.1.2.1 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method or at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Fund has opted to measure them at fair value through profit or loss.

3.1.2.2 Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

3.1.3 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of assets and liabilities if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of bank balances and short term highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.3 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present, legal or constructive, obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions, if any, are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

3.4 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under Clause 57(3)(viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

3.5 Issue and redemption of units

Contribution received in the individual pension account after deduction of applicable front end fee is used to purchase the units of Sub-funds according to the allocation scheme selected by the participant. The units are allotted at the net asset value notified by the Pension Fund Manager at the close of the business day for each Sub-fund on the date on which funds are actually realised against application. The front end fee is payable to the Pension Fund Manager.

The Pension Fund Manager makes reallocation of the Sub-fund units between the Sub-funds at least once a year to ensure that the allocation of the Sub-fund units of all the participants are according to the allocation Schemes selected by the participants. In case of withdrawal before retirement, units are redeemed at the net asset value of each of the sub-fund as of the close of the business day on which such request is received by the Fund before the cut off time. Redemption of units is recorded on acceptance of application for redemption.

In case of retirement of the participant, units are redeemed at the net asset value of each of the Sub-fund as of the close of the business day on which retirement age is reached.

In case of change of Pension Fund Manager, units are redeemed at the net asset value of each of the sub-fund as of the close of the business day corresponding to the date of change specified by the participant.

3.6 Net asset value per unit

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed in the statement of assets and liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the sub-fund by the number of units in issue at the period end.

3.7 Revenue recognition

- Gain or loss on sale of investment is accounted for in the income statement in the period in which it arises.
- Unrealised gain / loss arising on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' is included in the income statement in the period in which it arises.
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- Income / profit from investments in debt securities and government securities is recognised on a time proportionate basis using effective interest rate method.
- Profit on bank balances is recognised on a time proportionate basis using bank's approved rates.

3.8 Expenses

All expenses chargeable to the Fund including remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager, Trustee fee and SECP fee are recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis. Moreover, auditors' remuneration of the Fund is borne by the Pension Fund Manager.

3.9 Basis of allocation of expenses to each sub-fund

- Remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager, Trustee and SECP fee is allocated to each sub-fund on the basis of the net assets of the sub-fund
- Expenses specifically incurred by a sub-fund, such as custody and settlement charges, fees and subscription and bank charges are charged to that sub-fund
- Legal and professional charges are allocated on the basis of the proportionate net assets of each sub-fund.

3.10 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

June 30, 2026

Equity Active Sub- Fund	Equity Index Sub- Fund	Debt Sub- Fund	Money Market Sub- Fund	Total
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Note ----- (In Rupees) -----

4. BANK BALANCES

Savings accounts

4.1 517,187 516,617 516,896 226,329 1,777,029

- 4.1 These carry interest rate of ranging between from 8.50% to 10.92% per annum. These included balance of Rs. 517,187 in Equity Active Sub Fund, Rs 516,617 in Equity Index Sub Fund, Rs. 516,896 in Debt Sub Fund and Rs 69,700 in Money Market Sub Fund held with MCB Bank Limited, a (related party).

June 30, 2026

Equity Active Sub- Fund	Equity Index Sub- Fund	Debt Sub- Fund	Money Market Sub- Fund	Total
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Note ----- (In Rupees) -----

5. INVESTMENTS

At fair value through profit or loss

Market Treasury Bills

5.1 - - - 287,723 287,723

5.1 Money Market Sub-fund

Name of security	Issue Date	Face value				As at June 30, 2026			Market value as % of net assets of sub-funds	Market value as % of total investment of sub-funds
		As at July 01, 2025	Purchased during the period	Sold / matured during the period	As at June 30, 2026	Carrying Value	Market value	Unrealised (loss) / gain		
----- (In Rupees) ----- (%) -----										
Treasury bills - 3 months	January 08, 2026	-	400,000	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 3 months	January 22, 2026	-	400,000	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 6 months	January 08, 2026	-	400,000	400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 6 months	February 06, 2026	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 6 months	February 19, 2026	-	575,000	575,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 12 months*	November 13, 2025	-	300,000	-	300,000	287,017	287,723	706	54	100
Total as at June 30, 2026						287,017	287,723	706		

*This carrying an effective yield of 12.38% per annum

June 30, 2026

Equity Active Sub- Fund	Equity Index Sub- Fund	Debt Sub- Fund	Money Market Sub- Fund	Total
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Note ----- (In Rupees) -----

6. PAYABLE TO PENSION FUND MANAGER

Remuneration payable to Pension Fund Manager

6.1 427 427 427 195 1,476

Sindh Sales Tax payable on Fund Manager remuneration

6.2 64 64 64 30 222

491 491 491 225 1,698

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

- 6.1 This represents remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager however, the Pension Fund Manager shall be entitled to an accrued management fees with in limits of Total Expense Ratio described as below:

Total Asset Under Management (AUM) with a single Pension Fund Manager Relating to GoPb employees	Maximum Total Expense Ratio excluding insurance charges and government taxes and levies (as % of average daily net assets)			
	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
	----- (%) -----			
Upto PKR 10 billion	1.75	1.00	0.75	0.75
Greater than PKR 10 billion upto PKR 20 billion	1.70	0.95	0.70	0.70
Greater than PKR 20 billion upto PKR 30 billion	1.60	0.85	0.60	0.60
Greater than PKR 30 billion	1.50	0.75	0.50	0.50

- 6.2 Sindh Sales Tax on management remuneration has been charged at the rate of 15%.

		June 30, 2026				
7.	PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE	Note	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
			----- (In Rupees) -----			
	Remuneration payable	7.1	428	428	428	66
	Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration payable	7.2	64	64	64	10
			492	492	492	76
						1,552

- 7.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed and Offering Documents as per the tariff specified therein, based on the daily net asset value of the Fund. The tariff structure applicable to the Fund in respect of trustee fee is as follows:

Average net assets value	Tariff per annum
Up to Rs.1 billion	Rs. 0.3 million or 0.15% p.a. of net assets, whichever is higher
Rs.1 billion to Rs. 3 billion	Rs. 1.5 million plus 0.10% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs.1 billion
Rs.3 billion to Rs.6 billion	Rs. 3.5 million plus 0.08% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs.3 billion
Over Rs.6 billion	Rs. 5.9 million plus 0.06% p.a. of net assets exceeding Rs.6 billion

- 7.2 Sindh Sales Tax on trustee remuneration has been charged at the rate of 15%.

		June 30, 2026				
8.	PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN	Note	Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
			----- (In Rupees) -----			
	SECP fees payable	8.1	114	114	114	115
						457

- 8.1 This represents Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee at the rate of one twenty-fifth of one percent.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

9. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2026.

10. TAXATION

No provision for taxation for the period ended June 30, 2026 has been made in view of the exemption available under Clause 57(3)(viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV to Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

11. CONTRIBUTION TABLE

June 30, 2026									
Equity Active Sub-Fund		Equity Index Sub-Fund		Debt Sub-Fund		Money Market Sub-Fund		Total	
Units	(In Rupees)	Units	(In Rupees)	Units	(In Rupees)	Units	(In Rupees)	Units	(In Rupees)
Opening Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of units	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	20,000
Redemption of units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	5,000	500,000	20,000

June 30, 2026			
Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
----- (Number of units) -----			

12. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

Total units outstanding at beginning of the period	-	-	-	-
Units issued during the period	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Units redeemed during the period	-	-	-	-
Total units in issue at end of the period	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Pension Fund Manager, other collective investment schemes managed by the Pension Fund Manager, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Pension Fund Manager, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owing directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Pension Fund Manager and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provision of the VPS Rules and constitutive documents of the Fund respectively.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

Details of transactions and balances at period end with related parties / connected persons, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

For the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026				
Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total

(In Rupees)

13.1 Transactions during the period

MCB Investment Management Limited - Pension Fund Manager

Remuneration of

Pension Fund Manager	427	427	427	1,286	2,567
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Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of

Pension Fund Manager	64	64	64	195	387
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Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee

Remuneration of Trustee	428	428	428	429	1,713
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Sindh Sales Tax on remuneration of Trustee	64	64	64	64	256
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Group / Associated companies

MCB Bank Limited

Profit on bank deposit	21,903	21,323	21,612	2,770	67,608
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June 30, 2026				
Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total

(In Rupees)

13.2 Balances outstanding at period end:

MCB Investment Management Limited - Pension Fund Manager

Remuneration payable	427	427	427	195	1,476
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Sindh Sales Tax payable on

remuneration of Pension Fund Manager	64	64	64	30	222
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Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee

Remuneration payable	427	427	427	66	1,347
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Sindh Sales Tax payable on

remuneration of Trustee	64	64	64	11	203
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Group / Associated companies

MCB Bank Limited

Bank balances	517,187	516,617	516,896	69,700	1,620,400
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Profit Receivable on bank deposit	4,716	4,706	4,716	-	14,138
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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

For the period starting from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026							
As at July 01, 2025	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2026	As at July 01, 2025	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2026

----- (Units) ----- (In Rupees) -----

13.3 Participant Fund

MCB Investment Management Limited Pension Fund Manager

Mcb Punjab Pension Fund - Equity Active	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	500,000	-	520,808
Mcb Punjab Pension Fund - Equity Index	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	500,000	-	520,228
Mcb Punjab Pension Fund - Debt	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	500,000	-	520,516
Mcb Punjab Pension Fund - Money Market	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	500,000	-	528,143

14. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

IFRS 13 - 'Fair Value Measurement' establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurement where such measurements are required as permitted by other IFRSs. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

The following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

Levels	Description	Valuation approach and input used
Level 1:	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;	Listed government securities are traded on PSX and are valued at revaluation rates disseminated by PSX and listed equity securities are valued at quoted rates. The fair value of debt securities (other than government securities) is based on the value determined and announced by MUFAP
Level 2:	Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and	The government securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded are valued at the average rates quoted on electronic quotation system (PKRV / PKFRV / PKISRV). For Debt securities for which MUFAP valuation is not available are valued at face value of the securities.
Level 3:	Those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).	The Fund applies discretion on the effective yield as per the allowable limits. The allowable limits for rated securities for duration upto 2 years is +200/-100 bps and over 2 years is +150/50 bps. For unrated securities the allowable limits +50 bps.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

	As at June 30, 2026						
	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value	(In Rupees)						
Money Market Sub-Fund							
Market Treasury Bills	287,723	-	287,723	-	287,723	-	287,723
	287,723	-	287,723	-	287,723	-	287,723
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Equity Active Sub-fund							
Bank balances	-	517,187	517,187				
Profit receivable	-	4,716	4,716				
Equity Index Sub-fund							
Bank balances	-	516,617	516,617				
Profit receivable	-	4,706	4,706				
Debt Sub-fund							
Bank balances	-	516,896	516,896				
Profit receivable	-	4,716	4,716				
Money Market Sub-fund							
Bank balances	-	226,329	226,329				
Profit receivable	-	13,076	13,076				
	-	1,804,243	1,804,243				
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Equity Active- Sub-fund							
Payable to Pension Fund Manager	-	427	427				
Payable to Trustee	-	427	427				
Equity Index- Sub-fund							
Payable to Pension Fund Manager	-	427	427				
Payable to Trustee	-	427	427				
Debt Sub-fund							
Payable to Pension Fund Manager	-	427	427				
Payable to Trustee	-	427	427				
Money Market Sub-fund							
Payable to Pension Fund Manager	-	195	195				
Payable to Trustee	-	66	66				
	-	2,823	2,823				

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, profit rate and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Pension Fund Manager in accordance with the approved policies of the investment committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mention risks. The Board of Directors of Pension Fund Manager has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund's primary financial assets comprise of bank balances, and investments, comprising of Market Treasury Bills. The Fund also has dividend receivable, profit receivable, deposits and other receivables. The Fund's principal financial liabilities include remuneration payable to Pension Fund Manager, Trustee and SECP fee, payable against purchase of investment and accrued and other liabilities.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

15.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Pension Fund Manager manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board of the Directors of the Management Company and regulations laid down by the SECP and the VPS Rules.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

15.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions were carried out in Pakistan Rupee.

15.1.2 Yield / interest rate risk

Yield / interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

June 30, 2026			
Equity-Active Sub-Fund	Equity-Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
----- (In- Rupees) -----			
Variable rate instruments (financial asset)			
Bank balances	517,187	516,617	516,896
	517,187	516,617	226,329
Fixed rate instrument (financial asset)			
Market Treasury Bills	-	-	287,723
	-	-	287,723

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Fund holds balances in deposit accounts with banks, exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund as on June 30, 2026 and net income for the period ended would have been higher / lower by Rs. 9.931

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

Money market Sub-Fund holds Market Treasury Bills which are classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss', exposing the Sub-fund to interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in rates announced by FMAP (Financial Markets Association of Pakistan) on June 30, 2026, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund and net income for the period ended have been lower / higher by Rs. 1.61.

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by State Bank of Pakistan is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2026 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

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15.1.3 Price risk

The Equity Sub-Fund is exposed to equity price risk because of equity securities held by the Equity Sub-Fund and classified on the Statement of assets and liabilities as FVTPL. To manage its price risk arising from investment in equity securities, the Equity Sub-Fund's investment policy, as restricted by the VPS Rules, limits investments in listed shares of one company to not more than 10% of Sub-Fund net assets and investment in listed securities of a particular company have also been restricted to 10% of paid-up capital of investee company. Moreover, the sector limits have been restricted to 35% of the net assets of the Sub-Fund.

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund's credit risk is primarily attributable to its investment in debt securities. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risks on balances with banks and profit receivable. The credit risk on these funds is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. In addition, the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board require the Fund to invest in debt securities that have been rated as investment grade by a well known rating agency.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This credit rating information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major investors. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by finance department in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure. Risk attributable to investment in government securities is limited as these are guaranteed by the Federal Government.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables at June 30, 2026 is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

June 30, 2026							
Equity Active Sub-Fund		Equity Index Sub-Fund		Debt Sub-Fund		Money Market Sub-Fund	
Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk
----- (In- Rupees) -----							
Bank balances	517,187	517,187	516,617	516,617	516,896	516,896	226,329
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	287,723
Profit receivable	4,716	4,716	4,706	4,706	4,716	4,716	13,076
	521,903	521,903	521,323	521,323	521,612	521,612	527,128
							239,405

	June 30, 2026 ------(%)-----
Bank balances by rating category	
AAA/A1+	100

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at June 30, 2026 is the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of counter party to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed. Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in securities is considered to be minimal as the Fund uses brokers with high Credit worthiness and the transactions are settled or paid for only upon delivery using the central clearing system.

15.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset at close to its fair value. The Pension Fund Manager manages liquidity risk by continuously analysing the maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities. Since the unit holders invest in the Funds with a long-term objective, possibility of a significant redemption pressure is limited.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

The table below analyses the sub-funds' financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of assets and liabilities date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2026												
Total	Equity Active Sub-Fund				Equity Index Sub-Fund			Debt Sub-Fund			Money Market Sub-Fund	
	Upto one month	More than one month upto three months and upto one year	More than one month	More than three months upto one year	Upto one month	More than one month upto three months	More than three months upto one year	Upto one month	More than one month upto three months	More than three months upto one year	Upto one month	More than one month upto three months and upto one year
	More than one month upto three months	More than three months upto one year	More than one month	More than three months upto one year	More than one month	More than three months upto one year	More than three months upto one year	More than one month	More than one month upto three months	More than three months upto one year	More than one month	More than three months upto one year
Financial assets												
Bank balances	1,777,029	517,187	-	-	516,617	-	-	516,896	-	-	226,329	-
Investments	287,723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	287,723
Profit receivable	27,214	4,716	-	-	4,706	-	-	4,716	-	-	13,076	-
Sub total	2,091,966	521,903	-	-	521,323	-	-	521,612	-	-	239,405	287,723

	June 30, 2026											
	Equity Active Sub-Fund			Equity Index Sub-Fund			Debt Sub-Fund			Money Market Sub-Fund		
	At fair value through profit and loss	Amortised cost	Sub total	At fair value through profit and loss	Amortised cost	Sub total	At fair value through profit and loss	Amortised cost	Sub total	At fair value through profit and loss	Amortised cost	Sub total
Financial instruments by category												
	(in - Rupees)											
Financial Assets												
Bank balances	1,777,029	-	517,187	517,187	-	516,617	516,617	-	516,896	516,896	-	226,329
Investments	287,723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	287,723	-	287,723
Profit receivable	27,214	-	4,716	4,716	-	4,706	4,706	-	4,716	4,716	-	13,076
	2,091,966	-	521,903	521,903	-	521,323	521,323	-	521,612	521,612	-	239,405
												527,128
Financial Liabilities												
Payable to Pension Fund Manager	1,476	-	427	427	-	427	427	-	427	427	-	195
Payable to Trustee	1,347	-	427	427	-	427	427	-	427	427	-	66
	2,823	-	854	854	-	854	854	-	854	854	-	261

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

Equity Active Sub-Fund	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
For the period from December 08 2025 to June 30, 2026	For the period from December 08 2025 to June 30, 2026	For the period from December 08 2025 to June 30, 2026	For the period from December 08 2025 to June 30, 2026

16. PERFORMANCE TABLE

(Rupees)

Performance Information

Net income after taxation	20,808	20,228	20,516	28,143
Realised capital gains	-	-	-	609
Unrealised gain	-	-	-	706
Dividend income and profit income	21,905	21,325	21,613	22,755
Net assets value per unit	104.1616	104.0455	104.1032	105.6286
Transactions in securities				
- Purchases	-	-	-	2,190
- Sales	-	-	-	1,910
Total contribution received	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000

Lowest and highest issue price of units during the year

Equity Active Sub-Fund		Equity Index Sub-Fund		Debt Sub-Fund		Money Market Sub-Fund	
Lowest Issue price	Highest Issue price	Lowest Issue price	Highest Issue price	Lowest Issue price	Highest Issue price	Lowest Issue price	Highest Issue price

(Rupees)

100.00	104.16	100.00	104.05	100.00	104.10	100.00	105.70
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17. PARTICIPANTS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units of the sub-funds. They are entitled to payment of a proportionate share based on the sub-fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in Participants' sub-funds. In accordance with the risk management policies, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption. Since the Participants invest in the Funds with a long-term objective, possibility of a significant redemption pressure is limited, such liquidity being augmented (by short-term borrowings or disposal of investments where necessary). During the year no such borrowing was exercised.

All units, including the core units, and fractions thereof represent an undivided share in the pertinent sub-funds of the fund and rank pari passu as to their rights in the net assets and earnings of such sub-fund and are not tradable or transferable. Each participant has a beneficial interest in the sub-fund proportionate to the units held by such participant in such sub-fund.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 08, 2025 TO JUNE 30, 2026

18. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

Equity Active Sub Fund

The total annualised expense ratio of the Equity active-fund for the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026 is 0.37% ,which includes 0.07% representing government levy, SECP fee, and other related charges.

Equity Index Sub Fund

The total annualised expense ratio of the Equity index sub-fund for the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026 is 0.46%, which includes 0.11% representing government levy, SECP fee, and other related charges.

Debt Sub Fund

The total annualised expense ratio of the Debt sub-fund for the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026 is 0.39%, which includes 0.09% representing government levy, SECP fee, and other related charges.

Money Market Sub Fund

The total annualised expense ratio of the Money market sub-fund for the period from December 08, 2025 to June 30, 2026 is 0.73%, which includes 0.14% representing government levy, SECP fee, and other related charge s.

19. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise stated.

20. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 04 August, 2026 by the Board of Directors of the Pension Fund Manager.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

PERFORMANCE TABLE

MCB Punjab Pension Fund - Equity Index Sub Fund	
Performance Information	2026
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	0.5202
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	104.0455
Closing Offer Price	104.0455
Highest Issue Price	104.0500
Lowest Issue Price	100.0000

MCB Punjab Pension Fund - Equity Active Sub Fund	
Performance Information	2026
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	0.5208
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	104.1616
Closing Offer Price	104.1616
Highest Issue Price	104.1600
Lowest Issue Price	100.0000

MCB Punjab Pension Fund - Debt Sub Fund	
Performance Information	2026
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	0.5205
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	104.1032
Closing Offer Price	104.1032
Highest Issue Price	104.1000
Lowest Issue Price	100.0000

MCB Punjab Pension Fund - Money Market Sub Fund	
Performance Information	2026
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	0.5281
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	105.6286
Closing Offer Price	105.6286
Highest Issue Price	105.7000
Lowest Issue Price	100.0000

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