

ANNUAL 2017 REPORT

Annual Report for Funds Under Management of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND

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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company	_	MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited			
	24th Floor, Centre Point, Off Sha Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi				
Board of Directors	Mian Mohammad Mansha	Chairman			
	Mr. Nasim Beg	Vice Chairman			
	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer			
	Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah	Director			
	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Director			
	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director			
	Mr. Samad A. Habib Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Director Director			
Audit Committee	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman			
	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Member			
	Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Member			
	Mr. Nasim Beg	Member			
Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah	Chairman			
Remuneration Committee	Mr. Nasim Beg	Member			
	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Member			
	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Member Member			
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem				
Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary	Mr. Abdul Basit				
Trustee	Central Depositary Company o	f Pakistan Ltd.			
	CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M				
	Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi				
	Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500				
	Fax: (92-21) 34326053				
	Web: www.cdcpakistan.com				
Bankers	MCB Bank Limited				
	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limite	1			
	Bank Al-Falah Limited				
	Faysal Bank Limited				
	United Bank Limited				
	Allied Bank Limited				
	NIB Bank Limited				
	Bank Al-Habib Limited NRSP Micro Finance Bank Limit	ad			
	Mobilink Micro Finance Bank Linn				
	U Micro Finance Bank Limited	linted			
	Khushali Micro Finance Bank Li	nited			
	Tameer Micro Finance Bank Lim				
	JS Bank Limited				
	Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	1			
Auditors	Finca Micro Finance Bank Limit Deloitte Yousuf Adil	20			
2 xuull01 5	Chartered Accountants				
	Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8				
	KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karao				
Legal Advisor	Bawaney & Partners				
	3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, F Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi	ukhari Commercial Area			
Transfer Agent	MCB-Arif Habib Savings & In	vestments Limited			
	24th Floor, Centre Point, Off Sha				
	Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi				
Rating	AM2++ Asset Manager Rating as	signed by PACRA			
	174	Pakistan Income Enhance			

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present **Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund** accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2017.

ECONOMY AND MONEY MARKET OVERVIEW

Pakistan's economy achieved its decade high growth of 5.28% in FY17 which though missed the target of 5.7% but still reflects progressive movement from stabilization phase to growth trajectory. Agriculture sector remained the main stay, posting a growth of 3.50% compared to a modest of 0.26% a year back. This was well supported by Services with 6% YoY growth. On the industrial front, large scale manufacturing sector recorded growth of 5.7% for 11MFY17 with major contribution coming from consumer, construction and power segment. Auto sector recorded double digits growth as demand continued to grow and new models were introduced by local OEMs. CPEC related and other infrastructure investment continued to provide boom to construction related industries including steel and cement.

On the external front, a 17.7% rise in imports and 1.4% drop in exports widened the trade deficit to USD 26.9 billion in FY17 compared to USD 19.3 billion a year back. Major contribution in imports came from Petroleum products, which posted an increase of 21% to USD 10.6 billion, followed by Food (15% YoY rise) and Machinery (10% YoY rise). Increase in oil prices, LNG imports to fill the natural gas deficit, fast growing demand of consumer products and capital goods import for various projects guided the import bill to USD 48.5 billion in FY17.

Remittance marginally declined during FY17 to USD 19.30 billion, ~3.08% lower than last year, where major reasons can be attributed to employment situation in Middle East and slower than expected global recovery.

The above two factors (declining remittance and rising CA deficit) have started to put pressure on FX reserves, wiping out ~USD 1.72 billion since July 1, 2016 to end the year at USD 21.368 billion.

Despite a 19% YoY increase in average Arab Light prices, CPI remained subdued, posting a 4.15% YoY rise in FY17. This was mainly on account of benign growth in Food, transportation and house rent.

The government managed to contain the fiscal deficit at 4.2%, moderately higher than the set target of 3.8%. Total expenditure and total revenue both advanced by 12%YoY while fiscal balance hiked by 11%YoY. The government has set a fiscal deficit target of 4.1% in FY18.

Along with CA deficit, another point of concern is rising fiscal deficit and public and private debt to finance these increasing gaps. Pakistan's total debt stood at ~PKR 23.95 trillion (till March, 2017) reflecting an increase of ~PKR 2.33 trillion over a year.

State Bank of Pakistan in its latest monetary policy review for next two months maintained the policy rate at 5.75% for the seventh consecutive time. The policy committee remains positive based on future expected inflows due to CPEC and other projects which have kept the rupee relatively stable during the year. Ongoing political uncertainty also temporarily reflected in currency markets where on a single day, a temporary relaxation from SBP turned into a sharp depreciation of near 4% which however recovered in the following days as Finance Minister clarified and expressed the firm resolve to fight any speculative movement.

BOP deficits have caused Net Foreign Asset of the banking system to shrink from PKR 1.0 trillion at the end of FY16 to PKR 601 billion only at the end of FY17. M2 growth remains elevated (+13.7% Y/Y) owing to the government running large budget deficits, which has also led to Net Domestic Asset of the banking system to grow by 18.3% YoY. The government relied on SBP for funding with borrowings of PKR 908 billion leaving local banks with substantial liquidity. In second half of FY17, Yield Curve has remained flat; whereas liquidity was adequately managed by SBP.

Shariah Instruments market remained thinly supplied as State Bank of Pakistan conducted a sole Ijara Sukuk auction in FY17 based on fixed rate rental arrangement offering yields of 5.24% and borrowing PKR 71 billion against the maturing Ijara Sukuk of PKR 50 billion evidencing a scarcity of avenues for Islamic investments.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 5.06% against its benchmark return of 6.4%.

WAM of fund stayed the same at 2.2 years. The fund decreased its exposure in PIBs mainly because of discount rate outlook which appeared to be near bottom.

At period-end, the fund was invested 36.4% in Cash, 11.3% in TDRs, 4.3% in Treasury Bills, 27.7% in TFCs, 11.1% in Commercial Paper, 0.6% in MTS, and 1.1% in PIBs.

The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2017 stood at Rs. 1,688 million as compared to Rs. 2,463 million as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of 31.46%.

The Net Asset Val ue (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2017 was Rs. 53.0957 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.1600 per unit as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of Rs. 0.0642 per unit.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The windfall gains that emerged in past couple of years had been a byproduct of subdued oil prices, which painted a rosy picture on external account, CPI, discount rate and even fiscal account in terms of less burden is terms of subsidies. Though international commodity outlook still appear bearish but rising current account deficit is posing a challenging scenario going ahead.

The trade imbalance of USD 27 billion in FY17 could deteriorate further with machinery imports under CPEC and several local capital projects are expected to lead the import bill. Exports on the other hand, are expected to remain under pressure given muted response of government towards the rebates under the textile package and government's resilience to support Pakistani rupee through foreign exchange reserves. With widening trade deficit and little help from remittances, we expect next year current account deficit to reach near USD 15 billion (~4% of GDP) still far from what we have seen in our last balance of payment crisis, which dragged CAD to ~USD 14 billion (8% of GDP) back in 2008. However widening CAD coupled with interest repayment may create a financing need of USD 18-19bn in FY18, which points towards strong possibility of PKR depreciation.

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is expected to remain well anchored in FY18. We expect inflation to average around 4.5% in FY18. Currency devaluation and commodity prices though pose risk to estimates, low CPI reading next year is expected to prevent need for near term significant monetary tightening.

Low interest rate environment coupled with support from CPEC related projects, government's GDP target of 6% does not look too lofty, if external account shock and political destabilization does not derail the growth.

The equity market is set to take its cue from the outcome of Panama issue. With almost 13% fall from its peak, the market appears to have incorporated the risk of change in the PM house, however disintegration of PML(N) in aftermath of court judgment and disqualification of Finance Minister could further dent the short term market sentiments, as it would hint a hung parliament in the next election.

Themes of currency depreciation, interest rate rise and economic growth are expected to set the investment tone in the coming fiscal year. Sectors positively linked with currency weakness are expected to garner lime light namely, Commercial Banks, Exploration & Production and Power sector. Select growth plays in Power, Steel, Construction and Consumer space are also expected to add positive contributions to market performance.

We expect fundamentals to reign in over the political noise in the coming months given our market is trading at PER of 9x (a ~30% discount to the Emerging Markets), creating room for re-rating. In addition, low interest rates scenario is also keeping fixed income returns subdued, which is further attracting the liquidity in the equity market. The KSE-100 Index currently trades at an equity risk premium of ~3% and provides a dividend yield of ~5.5%.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. With three (3) independent Directors on the Board, as governing body of the Management Company the Board is accountable to the unit holders for good

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors. The fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h. Key financial data as required by the Code of Corporate Governance has been summarized in the financial statements.
- i. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- j. The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.
- k. All the directors have completed the Directors Training Programe course or are exempt from attending training course due to sufficient working experience.
- 1. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations and the Code of Corporate Governance are enclosed.
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below is the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2017:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, six (6) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

S. No.		Number of meetings held	Number of meetings			
	Name of Persons		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1	Mr. Haroun Rashid	6	6	3	3	
2	Mr. Samad A. Habib	6	4	3	1	
3	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	6	6	6	-	
4	Mr. Nasim Beg	6	6	6	-	
5	Mirza Qamar Beg	6	2	2	-	

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, four (4) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

			Number of meetings			
S. No.	Name of Persons	Number of meetings	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1	Dr. Syed Salman Shah	4	4	4	_	
2	Mr. Nasim Beg	4	4	4	-	
3	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	4	4	4	-	
4	Mr. Haroun Rashid	4	4	3	1	
5	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	4	4	4	-	

n. The trades in the Units of the Fund were carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Sec retary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

			Investment	Redemption	Dividend Distribution
S. No.	Name	Designation	1)	Number of Units)	
1	Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	23,452	23,452	-
2	Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	Chief Operating Officer	94,231	94,231	-
3	Abdul Basit	Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary	-	-	-
4	Fahad Sultan	Chief Internal Auditor	-	-	-

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors **Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants** have expressed their willingness to continue as the fund auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2018. The audit committee of the Board has recommended reappointment of **Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants** as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2018.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

Jor Jul

Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer Karachi: August 4, 2017

Nasim Beg Director / Vice Chairman

ڈائر يکٹرزر پورٹ

خارجي آ ڈیٹرز

ن ریمار جہار ہے اور بی آڈیٹرز ' Deloitte یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس' نے 30 جون 2018 ،کوختم ہونے والے الگلے سال کے لئے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پر کام جاری رکھنے کے لئے رضامندی ظاہر کی ہے۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 30 جون 2018 ،کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے ' Deloitte یوسف عادل چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس' کی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پردوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر ہورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز فنڈ کے گراں قدرسرمایہ کاروں، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کے Trustees کی سلسل معاونت اور پشت پناہی کے لئے شکرگز ارہے۔علاوہ ازیں، ڈائر یکٹرز مینجمنٹ ٹیم کی کوششوں کوبھی خراج خسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

من جانب ڈائر یکٹرز،

سر مسلم نشیم بیگ ڈائریکٹر 1 وائس چیئر مین

می المار مامی الم محدثا قب سلیم چیف ا گیزیکٹوآ فیسر 04 اگست 2017ء

ڈائر یکٹرزر پور<u>ٹ</u>

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ دورانِ سال آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی چھ (06) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظور شده رخصت	حاضرى	مطلوبه حاضرى	منعقده ميثنكزكي تعداد	نا م
3	3	6	6	1. جناب ہارون رشید
1	3	4	6	2. جناب صمرا ت حبيب
-	6	6	6	3. جناب احمد جهانگیر
-	6	6	6	4. جناب شیم بیگ
-	2	2	6	5. مرزاقمربیک

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریش کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضرى	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده ميثنكز كى تعداد	نام
-	4	4	4	1. جناب سيّد سلمان شاه
-	4	4	4	2. جناب شیم بیگ
	4	4	4	3. جناب احمد جهانگیر
1	3	4	4	4. جناب مارون رشيد
-	4	4	4	5. جناب محمد ثاقب سليم

دورانِ سال مینجنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آ فیسر، چیف فنانشل آ فیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور چیف انٹرنل آ ڈیٹر اوران کے شوہر / کی بیوی اور نابالغ بچّوں نے فنڈ کے یوٹش کی خرید وفروخت کی۔

ڈ یویڈنڈ کی ^{تقس} یم	رڈیمپشن	سرماییکاری	عہدہ	نام	نمبرشار
-	23,452	23,452	چىف ا يگز يكٹوآ فيسر	محدثا قبسليم	.1
-	94,231	94,231	چیف آ پریٹنگ آفیسر	محدآ صف مهدی رضوی	.2
-	-	-	چیف فنانشل آفیسراور کمپنی سیکرٹری	عبدالباسط	.3
_	-	-	چیف انٹرنل آڈیٹر	فہدسلطان	.4

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

میں تبدیلی کے خطرے کے حوالے سے احتیاطی تدابیراختیار کرچکی ہے، تاہم عدالتی فیصلے کے منتیج میں پی ایم ایل (این) کا شیرازہ بکھرنے اور وزیر خزانہ کی نااہلیت *____خ*ضرالمیعاد مارکیٹ کے حالات مزید بگر سکتے ہیں کیونکہ بیا گلے انتخابات میں معلّق یارلیمنٹ کے امکانات کا اشارہ ہوگا۔ رویے کی قدر میں کمی،انٹریٹ کی شرح میں اضافہ اور معاشی ترقی آئندہ مالی سال میں سرما پہ کاری کار ججان طے کرنے والے موامل ہوں گے۔روپے کے ضعف سے مذہبت طور پر منسلک شعبے مثلًا کمرشل بینک،ایکسپلو ریشن اینڈ پروڈکشن اوربجلی متوقع طور پر شہ سرخیوں میں آ جا کمیں گے۔علاوہ ازیں بجلی،اسٹیل،تغیبرات اور صار فی شعبوں میں تر قیاتی عمل متوقع طور پر مار کیٹ کی کارکردگی میں مثبت کردارادا کر ےگا۔ ہم اُمید کرتے ہیں کہ آنے والے مہینوں میں اُصول سیاسی شور پر غالب ہوں گے، کیونکہ ہماری مارکیٹ 9x کے PER پر تجارت کررہی ہے (جواُ بھرتی ہوئی مارکیٹس کو 30 فیصد ڈسکاؤنٹ ہے) جس سے شرحوں کے دوبارہ تعین کے لئے حالات سازگار ہوں گے۔علاوہ ازیں،انٹریسٹ کی بیت شرحیں مقررہ آمدنی کے منافعوں کو پست رکھ ہوئے ہیں، جس سے ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کی طرف مزید لیکویڈٹی مائل ہورہی ہے۔ KSE-100 انڈیکس میں فی الوقت ایکویٹی کے خطرات کے 3 فیصد پر سیئم پر تجارت ہور، می ہے اور 5.5 فیصد ڈیو پڑنڈ فراہم ہوتا ہے۔ کاریوریٹ گورنینس فنڈ کاریوریٹ گورنینس کےاعلیٰ ترین معیارات نافذ کرنے کے لئے کوشاں ہے۔ بورڈ میں تین(3) خودمختارڈ ائر یکٹرز ہیں،اورمینجینٹ کمپنی کی گورننگ باڈ ی کےطور پر بورڈعمدہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے لئے پینٹ ہولڈرز کو جوابدہ ہے۔انظامیہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہءا خلاق میں متعین کردہ بہترین طریقوں سے متعلق شقوں، خاص طور یرغیرا گیزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرز کی خود محتاری کے حوالے ہے ثق ، کی بدستور قمیل کررہی ہے۔ فنڈ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچینج کے لسٹنگ ضوابط کے مطابق کاروبار چلانے پر بدستور کاربند ہےجس میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اورا نتظامیہ کے کرداراورذ مہداریوں کو پالنفصیل واضح کیا گیا ہے۔ : ذیل میں کارپور بیٹ گورنیٹس کے ضابطہ ءاخلاق کی شرائط کی تعمیل کے لئے خصوصی نکات واضح کیے جارہے ہیں : مالیاتی گوشوارے فنڈ کے معاملات کی صورتحال،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج، نقد کی آمد ورفت اورا کیویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفا نہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔ فنڈ کی درُست بکس آف اکا وُنٹس تیار کی گئی ہیں۔ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں موزوں اکا وَعثنگ پالیسیوں کا اطلاق کیا گیا ہےاورا کا وَنٹنگ تخمینے معقول اور مختلط اندازوں رمینی ہیں۔ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی ریورٹنگ کے معیارات، جس حد تک ان کا یا کستان میں اطلاق ہوتا ہے، Non- بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسابلشمن اورريكوليشنز) يضوابط، 2003ء، Non- بينكنك فنانس ايند نو شفائيد انتثلية ريكيوليشنز، 2008ء، متعلقة رست Deeds كى شرائط اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمچینج کمیشن آف یا کہتان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات ک^{یق}تیل کی گئی ہے۔ انٹرنل کنٹر ول کانظام مشحکم خطوط پراستواراور نافذ ہےاوراس کی مؤثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے،اورا سے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں۔ تمپنی کے کاروبارجاری رکھنے کی صلاحت میں کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں۔ لسٹنگ قوانین میں تفصیلاً بیان کردہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین روایات ہے کوئی قابل ذکرانحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔ کار پوریٹ گورنینس کےضابطہءاخلاق کےمطابق مطلوبہ کلیدی مالیاتی اعداد وشار کا خلاصہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ کچت ہے۔ واجبُ الا داء سيسز، ڈیوٹیز ،محصولات اور چارجز (اگرکوئی ہیں تو) ملحقہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں کمل طور برخا ہر کیے گئے ہیں۔ یراویڈنٹ فنڈ میں سرمایہ کاریوں کی مالیت کے اشیٹمنٹ کا اطلاق فنڈ پرنہیں ہوتالیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے، چناخچہ پنجمنٹ کمپنی کی ڈائر کیٹرز ریورٹ میں اس حوالے ے کوئی معلومات خاہر نہیں کی گئی ہیں۔ تمام ڈائر یکٹرز ڈائر یکٹرزٹریڈ کی بروگرام' کورس کمل کر چکے ہیں یا خاطر خواہ تجربے کی بنیاد پراس سے متثنیٰ ہیں۔ این بی ایف سی کے قواعد دضوابط اور کاریوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہء اخلاق کے تحت مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی خا کہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ کلحق ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی میٹنگ میں حاضر کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں خاہر کی گئی ہیں۔ 30 جون 2017 ۔کوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران ہونے والی کمیٹی میٹنگز کی تفصیلات درج ذ**یل ہی**ں :

ڈائر بکٹرزر پورٹ

دوسری ششماہی میں پیداواری خم سید هار ما، جبکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پا کستان نے لِکویڈی کا انتظام خاطر خواہ حد تک چلایا۔ مارکیٹ میں شریعہ انسٹر و منٹس کی رسد کمز ورر ہی کیونکہ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پا کستان نے مالی سال 2017ء میں مقررہ شرح پر ینٹل کی تر تیب پر بنی صرف ایک اجارہ سکٹ نیلامی کا انعقاد کیا جس نے 5.24 فیصد منافع جات پیش کیے اور میچور ہونے والے 50 بلیکن روپے کے اجارہ سکٹ کے بالمقابل 71 بلیکن روپے قرض حاصل کیے۔ چنانچہ اسلامی سرما بیکاری کے مواقع کی قلت کی نشاند ہی ہوئی۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی زیر جائز دمد ت کے دوران فنڈ کا ایک سال پر محیط منافع 5.06 فیصد تھا جبکہ مقرر دمعیار 6.4 فیصد تھا۔ فنڈ کا WAW اپنی سابقہ سطح یعنی 2.2 سال پر برقر اردہا۔فنڈ نے پاکتان انویسٹرٹ بانڈ زمیں اپنی سرما بیکاری کو کم کردیا جس کا بنیا دی سبب ڈ سکاؤنٹ کی شرح کی صور تحال ہے جو بظام رتبہ کے قریب تھی۔ صور تحال ہے جو بظام رتبہ کے قریب تھی۔ میں 11.1 فیصد ، MTS میں 36.4 فیصد ، TDRs میں 11.3 فیصد مٹریژ ری بلز میں 4.3 فیصد ، ٹرم فنانس سر فکی شرح کی شرح کی میں 11.1 فیصد ، MTS میں 36.4 فیصد ، TDRs میں 11.3 فیصد مٹریژ ری بلز میں 4.3 فیصد ، ٹرم فنانس سر فکی شرح کی شرح کی میں 11.1 فیصد ، 2015 میں 30.4 فیصد ، 1688 میں 11.3 فیصد ، ٹریژ رو بلز میں 3.4 فیصد ، ٹرم فنانس سر فکی شرح کی شرح 31.46 میں 2017 میں 30.6 فیصد ، اور پاکستان انویسٹر میں 1.1 فیصد مٹریژ رو بلز میں 31.4 فیصد ، ٹرم فنانس سر فکی س 31.46 میں 2017 میں 30.0 فیصد ، 1,688 ملز میں 1.1 فیصد میں 31.4 فیصد ، ٹریژ رو بلز میں 31.46 ملز میں 2017 میں 31.46 فیصد کی ہے۔ میں 2017 میں 2016 میں 30.0 فیصد ، 1,688 ملز میں 1.1 فیصد میں 30.5 ملز میں 2015 ملز میں 2015 ملز میں 31.46 میں 31.46 ملز میں 31.46 م

مستقتل كامنظر گزشتہ چند برسوں میں حاصل ہونے والے خطیر منافع جات تیل کی قیمتوں میں کمی *کے ثمر*ات ہیں جس کی بدولت خارجی اکاؤنٹ ، CPI ، ڈ سکاؤنٹ کی شرح اورختی کہ مالیاتی اکا ؤنٹ کی بھی صورتحال سبسڈیز کے بوجھ میں کمی کے اعتبار ہے بہتر ہوئی۔ بین الاقوا می اشیاء کامتنقبل ابھی تک ناہموارنظر آتا ہےاور کرنٹ ا کاؤنٹ کے بڑھتے ہوئے خسارے کے باعث مستقبل کی راہیں مشکلات سے پُرنظراً رہی ہیں۔ مالی سال 2017ء میں 27 بلئین ڈالر کا تجارتی خسارہ CPEC کے تحت مشینری کی درآمدات کے باعث مزید بڑھ سکتا ہےاور متعدد مقامی کیپیٹل منصوبے درآمدات کے پل پر غالب ہوں گے۔ دوسری جانب ٹیکسٹائل پیلج بے تحت ری ہیٹس کے حوالے سے حکومت کی خاموشی اور زیم مبادلد کے ذخائر کے ذریعے پاکستانی رویے کی معاونت کرنے کے لئے حکومتی کیک کے باعث برآ مدات متوقع طور پر دباؤ میں رہیں گی۔ بڑھتے ہوئے تجارتی خسارےاور ترسیلات ِ زرکی کمز ورصورتحال کی بنیاد برہم الطح سال کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے خسار کے کو 15 بلکن ڈالر (مجموع ملکی پیدادار کا 🔓 فیصد) تک پنچتاد کچر ہے ہیں، جو 2008ء میں ادائیکیوں کے توازن کے بحران میں پیدا ہونے والے حالات سے اب بھی بہت دورہے، جب کرنٹ ا کا ؤنٹ کا خسارہ 14 بلئین ڈالر (مجموعی مُلکی پیداوار کا 8 فیصد) تک پینچ گیا تھا۔ تاہم بڑھتے ہوئے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے خسارے کے ساتھ ساتھ انٹریسٹ کی ادائیگی کے باعث مالی سال 2018ء میں 19-18 لبلین ڈالر کی مالیت کی فراہمی کی ضرورت پیداہو کی ہے،جس کے باعث یا کتانی روپے کی قدر میں کمی کا واضح امکان ہے۔ کنز یومر پرائس انڈیکس (CPI) مالی سال 2018ء میں مناسب حد تک قابو میں رہے گا۔ ہمارے اندازے کے مطابق مالی سال 2018ء میں افراطِ زر کا اوسط 4.5 فیصد ہوگا۔اگر چہ روپے کی قدر میں کمی اوراشیاء کی قیتوں کے باعث تخمینوں کو خطرات لاحق ہیں، لیکن توقع ہے کہا گلے سال CPI کی پت سطح کے سبب مدّ ت قریب میں مالیاتی تنگی کی ضرورت نہیں پڑ گے۔ انٹر یے کی بیت شرح کے ماحول کے ساتھ CPEC سے مسلک منصوبوں کی بنیاد بر عکومت کا مجموعی ملکی پیدادار کا 6 فیصد ہدف زیادہ بلندنہیں معلوم ہوتا، اگرخارجی اکاؤنٹ کا جھٹکااور سیاسی عدم استحکام ترقی کی گاڑی کو پٹری سے اُتار نید ہے۔ ا یو پٹی مارکیٹ پاناماسلے کے نتیج کی بنیاد براپناا گلاقدم طے کرنے کے لئے تیارہے۔مارکیٹ اپنے حروج سے تقریبًا 13 فیصد زوال کے بعد بظاہروز پر اعظم ہاؤس

ڈائریکٹرزریورٹ

عزيز سرما بيكار

بورد آف دائر کیٹرز کی طرف سے پاکستان انکم انہیں منٹ کے 30 جون 2017 ءکواخت ام پذیر ہونے والے سال کے اکا ونٹس کا جائزہ پیشِ خدمت ہے۔

معيشت اوربازارِزركامجموعي جائزه

مالی سال 2017ء میں پاکستان کی معیشت نے 5.28 فیصد ترقی کی جوگزشتہ دس سالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ترقی ہے۔ اگر چہ 5.7 فیصد کا ہدف حاصل نہ ہو سکا لیکن اس کے باوجود استحکام کے مرحلے سے ترقی کی بلند شرح کی طرف سفر خوش آئند ہے۔ زرعی شعبہ سب سے آگے رہاجس نے ایک سال قبل 0.26 فیصد ترقی کی تقلی جبکہ اِس سال 3.5 فیصد ترقی کی۔ اس کی معاونت سروسز نے 6 فیصد YOY ترقی کے ساتھ کی۔ صنعتی رُخ پر بڑے پیانے کے مینوفی چرنگ شعبے نے 11MFY17 میں 5.7 فیصد ترقی کی، اور اس میں اہم ترین کردار صارفی ہتھیر کی اور توانائی کے شعبوں نے ادا کیا۔ گاڑیوں کے شعب نے دوعد د پر شتم لترقی کی؛ اس شعبہ میں مانگ بڑھتی رہی اور مقامی OEMs نے کاڈل متعاد ضرار کے OEMS سے منسلک اور دیگر انفراسٹر کچر کی سرما یہ کاری کی بدولت تعیر ات سے مسلک صنعتوں مثل اسٹیل اور سینٹ کوقو ت فراہم ہونے کا مکار جاری رہا۔

خارجی رُخ پر درآمدات میں 17.7 فیصداضاف اور برآمدات میں 1.4 فیصد کمی کے باعث تجارتی خسارہ وسیع ہو کرمالی سال 2017ء میں 26.9 بلین ڈالر ہو گیا جبکہ ایک سال قبل 19.3 بلین ڈالرتھا۔ درآمدات میں اہم ترین کردار پڑولیم مصنوعات نے 10.6 بلین ڈالریعنی 21 فیصدزیادہ ترقی کی صورت میں ادا کیا۔ دوسر نے نمبر پرخوراک (15 فیصد ۲۵۷ اضافہ) اور مشینری (10 فیصد ۲۵۷ اضافہ) کے شعبے رہے۔ تیل کی قیمتوں میں اضافے، گیس کی کمی کو پورا کرنے کے لئے ایل این جی کی درآمدات، صارفی مصنوعات کی ما نگ میں تیزی سے بڑھتے ہواضافے، اور مختلف منصوبوں کے لئے کی بطی درآمد کے باعث مالی سال 2017ء میں درآمدات کا بلکن ڈالرتک بینچ گیا۔

مالی سال 2017ء میں ترسل زرگزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 3.08 فیصد کمی کا شکار ہوکر 19.3 بلیّن ڈالر ہوگئیں،اوراس کے اہم ترین اسباب مشرقِ وسطی میں روزگار کی صورتحال اور عالمی سطح پرمتوقع سے کم حصولیات ہیں۔

مندرجہ بالا دواسباب (ترسیل زرمیں کمی اور CA خسارے میں اضاف) کے نتیج میں غیر زرِمبادلہ کے ذخائر پر دباؤبڑ ھرہا ہے، جو زیرِ جائزہ سال کے اختیام پر 21.368 بلیّن ڈالر تھے،اور یہ کیم جولائی 2016ء سے تاحال 1.72 بلیّن ڈالرکمی ہے۔

عرب لائٹ کی اوسط قیتوں میں 19 فیصد YoY اضافے کے باوجود CPI کی سطح پت رہی اوراس میں مالی سال 2017ء کے دوران 4.15 فیصد اضافہ ہوا، جس کی سب سے بڑی دجہ خوراک نقل دحمل اورر ہائٹی کرائے کے شعبوں میں قابلی ذکر ترقی ہے۔

حکومت مالیاتی خسارے کو 4.2 فیصد پر برقر اررکھ کی جو متعین شدہ ہدف 3.8 فیصد سے تھوڑا زیادہ ہے۔ مجموعی اخراجات اور مجموعی آمدنی، دونوں میں 12 فیصد YOY اضافہ ہوا جب مالیاتی خسارے کا ہدف 4.1 فیصد معین کیا ہے۔ YOY اضافہ ہوا جبکہ مالیاتی توازن میں 11 فیصد YOY اضافہ ہوا۔ حکومت نے مالی سال 2018ء کے لئے مالیاتی خسارے کاہدف 4.1 فیصد متعین کیا ہے۔ CA خسارے کے علاوہ ایک اور تشویشناک امرتجارتی خسارے میں اضافہ، اور اس بڑھتے ہوئے فرق کو پُر کرنے کے لئے مالیاتی خسارے کاہدف 2.3 فیصد معین کیا ہے۔ پرائیویٹ قرضہ جات میں اضافہ ہے۔ مارچ 2017ء تک پاکستان مجموعی طور پر 23.95 ٹرلین روپے کا قرض دارتھا، جو ایک سال کے دوران 2.33 ٹرلیک اور روپے کا اضافہ ہے۔

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پا کتان نے اپنے تازہ ترین مالیاتی پالیسی کے جائزے برائے الطے دوماہ میں پالیسی کی شرح کومتوا تر ساتویں مرتبہ 5.75 فیصد برقر اررکھا ہے۔ پالیسی کمیٹی کی بدستور مثبت خیالی کی بنیاد CPEC اور دیگر منصوبے ہیں جن کی بدولت دورانِ سال روپیہ نسبتاً متحکم رہااوران کے ذریعے مستقبل میں آمدات متوقع ہیں۔بازارِ زر میں موجودہ غیریقینی سیاسی صورتحال کی بھی عکاسی ہوئی، جہاں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پا کتان کی فراہم کردہ ایک عارضی چھوٹ کے نتیج میں ایک دن میں تقریبًا 4 فیصد کمی ہوئی۔تاہم بعدازاں وزیر خزانہ کی بیش کردہ صفائی اور قیاسی کارروائیوں سے جنگ کے تجر پور عزم کے اظہار کے نتیج میں ایک دن میں ادائیکیوں کے توازن کے خسارہ جات کے باعث بینکاری کے نظام کے Net غیر ملکی اثاثہ جات سکڑ گئے ۔ مالی سال 2010ء کے اختیام پر 10.1 ٹرلئین روپ تقریبًا 4 فیصد کمی ہوئی۔تاہم بعدازاں وزیر خزانہ کی پیش کردہ صفائی اور قیاسی کارروائیوں سے جنگ کے تحر پور عزم کے اظہار کے نتیج میں صورتحال بحال ہوگئی۔ ادائیکیوں کے توازن کے خسارہ جات کے باعث بینک رہ کی نظام کے Net غیر ملکی اثاثہ جات سکڑ گئے ۔ مالی سال 2010ء کے اختیام پر 10.1 ٹرلئین روپ تقریبًا 4 فیصد کر ای اور بینکاری کے نظام کے Net میں گل کی اثاثہ جات سکڑ گئے ۔ مالی سال 2010ء کے اختیام پر 10.1 ٹرلئین روپ تصر جبلہ مالی سال 2017ء کے اختیام پر 2000 بلیکن روپر 20 کے حکومت کے خطیر بجٹ خساروں سے ختینے کے باعث 20 تر تو کی مربلی کر اور کی 20 میں تی خریب میں میں 2010ء کے اختیام پر 2000 میں 10 ڈیز جات میں 18.31 فیصلہ کی تھی کی تا ہوئی۔حکومت نے مالیت کے لئے اسٹیٹ بینگ

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REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Fund Type and Category

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund— (PIEF) is an open end fund which comes under aggressive income scheme. This fund may invest in bonds, money market placements, certificates of deposits, certificates of Musharikas, Commercial Papers, TFCs/Sukuks and debt securities issued by the Government of Pakistan as well as Reverse Repurchase transactions (Reverse-REPOs) against government securities with at least 10% of the net assets shall be invested in cash and/or near cash instruments which include cash in bank account (excluding TDRs), Treasury bills not exceeding 90 days maturity;

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for PIEF is One (1) year KIBOR rates.

Investment Objective

The objective of the fund is to deliver return from aggressive investment strategy in debt and fixed income market

Manager's Review

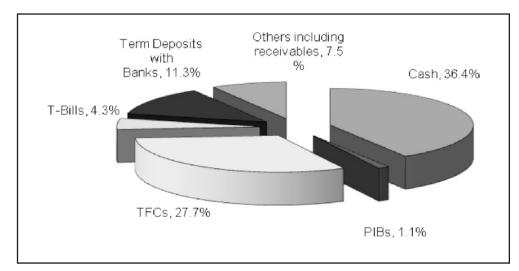
During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 5.06% against its benchmark return of 6.4%.

WAM of fund stayed the same at 2.2 years. The fund decreased its exposure in PIBs mainly because of discount rate outlook which appeared to be near bottom.

At period-end, the fund was invested 36.4% in Cash, 11.3% in TDRs, 4.3% in Treasury Bills, 27.7% in TFCs, 11.1% in Commercial Paper, 0.6% in MTS, and 1.1% in PIBs.

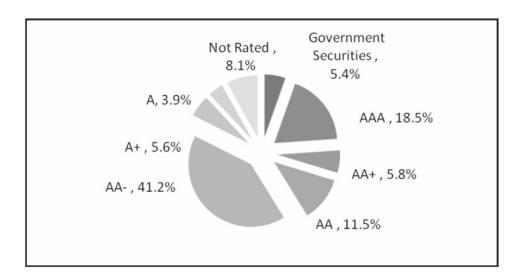
The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2017 stood at Rs. 1,688 million as compared to Rs. 2,463 million as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of 31.46%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2017 was Rs. 53.0957 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.1600 per unit as at June 30, 2016 registering a decrease of Rs. 0.0642 per unit.



Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2017 (% of total assets)

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



Asset Quality as of June 30, 2017 (% of total assets)

Mr. Saad Ahmed Fund Manager

Karachi: August 04, 2017

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY **OF PAKISTAN LIMITED**

Head Office: CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com



TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- (i) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Aftab Ahmed Diwan Chief Executive Officer Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: Scptember 08, 2017



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This statement is being presented by the Board of Directors of MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, the Management Company of Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the code) contained in regulation # 5.19 of chapter 5 of the Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes

Category	Names			
Independent Directors	1.	Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah		
	2.	Mr. Haroun Rashid		
	3.	Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg		
Executive Directors	1.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem-Chief		
		Executive Officer		
Non – Executive Directors	1.	Mian Mohammad Mansha-Chairman		
	2.	Mr. Ahmed Jehangir		
	3.	Mr. Samad Habib		
	4.	Mr. Nasim Beg – Vice Chairman		

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1 (b) of the Code.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the period no casual vacancy occurred on the board of the Company.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct' and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. Out of the total eight meetings only one meeting of the Board was presided over by the chairman which was held on August 5, 2016. Five meetings were presided over by Mr. Nasim Beg and two meetings were presided by Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah duly elected by the board for the purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. During the year, one director Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg was included on the Board of Directors and is complied with the Director's Training Programme. All remaining directors on the board already possess the required training or are exempt on the basis of specified qualification and experience as required by the Code.
- 10. Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit continued their services and there was no change in these positions during the year. The Chief Financial Officer was appointed during the year on February 02, 2017 and the board has approved the remuneration and terms and conditions of the employment of the CFO.
- 11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of four members, all of whom are non-executive directors including the chairman of the committee who is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of five members, of whom four are non-executive directors and one is executive Director and the chairman of the committee is also a non-executive director.
- 18. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function, the members of which are suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. The Board has formulated a mechanism for an annual evaluation of its own performance. The evaluation has been done in the board meeting held on August 04, 2017.
- 24. The company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 25. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board

Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer Karachi: August 04, 2017

Nasim Beg Director / Vice Chairman

REVIEW REPORT TO UNIT HOLDERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21- 3454 1314

www.deloitte.com

REVIEW REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of **MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited**, the Management Company (the Company) of **Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund** (the Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the requirements of clause no. 5.19 of chapter 5 of the Rule Book of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Chartered Accountan

Date: 0 4 AUG 20 Karachi

> Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants Cavish-Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21-3454 1314

www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2017, and the related income statement, statement of comprehensive income, distribution statement, statement of movements in unit holder's fund, cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies together and other explanatory notes.

Management Company's responsibility for the financial statements

The Management Company (MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited) of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's financial position as at June 30, 2017 and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

1ti Deli **Chartered Accountant**

Engagement Partner Mushtaq Ali Hirani

Date: 0 4 AUG 2017 Karachi

> Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 2016 (Rupees in '000)	
ASSETS			
Balances with banks Investments Dividend and profit receivable Advances, deposit and prepayments Advance against subscription of Term Finance Certificate Receivable against margin trading system Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited Receivable against sale of equity securities Total assets	5 6 7 8	642,493 977,912 13,863 3,065 1,000 10,919 48,021 66,813 1,764,086	1,291,192 1,205,461 30,768 558 - - - - 2,527,979
LIABILITIES			
Payable to Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable against redemption of units Payable against purchase of equity securities Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9	2,753 235 1,826 2,079 39,299 29,828	7,040 385 2,425 3,108 52,469
Total liabilities	L	76,020	65,427
NET ASSETS	-	1,688,066	2,462,552
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)	=	1,688,066	2,462,552
Contingencies and Commitments	10		
		(Number o	f units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	=	31,792,881	46,324,787
		(Rupees)	
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	4.14	53.0957	53.1600

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

M. Javi Jak

Chief Executive Officer

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Financial Officer

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Director

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		2017	2016
NCOME	Note	(Rupee	s in '000)
INCOME			
Income from government securities		37,079	231,139
Income from Term Finance Certificates		38,445	27,575
Profit on bank deposits		38,547	19,889
Capital gain / (loss) on sale of investments - net		9,398	(13,413)
Income from Term Deposit Receipts Markup income on margin trading system		24,912 15,081	10,397
Dividend income		13,541	-
Loss on spread transactions		(14,941)	-
Amortization on commercial papers		4,515	-
Other income		267	227
		166,844	275,814
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as			
at fair value through profit or loss - net	6.7	2,521	1,288
Provision (charged) / reversed against non-performing debt securities	6.3 & 6.4	(2,756)	12,046
Total income		166,609	289,148
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of Management Company	11	33,688	48,495
Sales tax and Federal Excise Duty on remuneration of Management Company		4,379	15,624
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	12	2,920	3,598
Sindh Sales tax on remuneration of Trustee	13	380	503
Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan - annual fee	14	1,826	2,425
Allocated expenses including indirect taxes	15	2,752	2,616
Securities transaction cost Reversal of WWF provision - net		6,313 (15,054)	1,326
Professional charges on marginal trading system		1,929	-
Fees and subscription		599	291
Auditors' remuneration	16	592	592
Bank charges		519	341
Other expenses		615	147
Total expenses		41,458	75,958
Net income from operating activities		125,151	213,190
Net element of (loss) / income and capital (losses) / gains			
included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed	—	(2.2(2))	28 454
 arising from capital gain and unrealized gain arising from income other than capital gain and unrealized gain 		(3,263) (58,007)	38,454 (171,590)
	L_	(61,270)	(133,136)
Net income for the year before taxation		63,881	80,054
Taxation	17	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation		63,881	80,054
	—		
Earnings per unit	4.13		-

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company) Joon Jul



Chief Financial Officer

194

Director

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	2017 (Rupees in	2016 n '000)
Net income for the year after taxation		63,881	80,054
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account			
Unrealised (diminution) / appreciation in value of investments classified as available for sale - net	6.8	(3,054)	8,060
Total comprehensive income for the year		60,827	88,114

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

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Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 (Rupe	2016 ees in '000)
Undistributed income brought forward:		
- Realised gains - Unrealised gains	109,834 32,813	7,785 51,475
	142,647	59,260
Net element of (loss) / income and capital (losses) / gains prices of units issued less those in units redeemed	(48,081)	104,865
Net income for the year	63,881	80,054

Distributions

Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 at Rs 4.25 per unit (date of distribution: June 27, 2016)

Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2017 at Rs 2.75 per unit (date of distribution: June 22, 2017)

	(63,768)	(101,532)
Undistributed income carried forward	94,679	142,647

Represented by

- Realised gains	59,471	109,834
- Unrealised gains	35,208	32,813
	94,679	142,647

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

i Jal

Chief Executive Officer

15,800

(63,768)

184,919

(101, 532)

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDER'S FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 (Rupee	2016 s in ' 000)
Net assets at beginning of the year	2,462,552	968,708
Issue of 107,991,132 units (2016: 123,986,475 units) (including 1,035,718 units (2016: 1,670,591 units) reinvested by the unitholders against their dividend entitlement amounting to Rs. 54.93 million (2016: Rs. 88.02 million) - net of tax)	5,703,703	6,785,094
Redemption of 122,523,038 units (2016: 95,938,520 units)	(6,536,518)	(5,410,968)
Net element of (income) / loss and capital (gains) / losses included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed :	(832,815)	1,374,126
 arising from capital gain and unrealised gain - transferred to the Income Statement arising from income other than capital gain and unrealized gain - transferred to the Income Statement 	3,263 58,007	(38,454) 171,590
- amount representing (income) / loss and capital (gains) / losses - transferred to the Distribution Statement	48,081	(104,865)
	109,351	28,271
Net income for the year transferred from the Distribution Statement		
Capital gain / (loss) on sale of investments	9,398	(13,413)
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net Other net operating income	2,521 51,962	1,288 92,179
Net element of (loss) / income and capital (losses) / gains included in prices of units issued Iess those in units redeemed - amount representing unrealised income	(48,081)	104,865
	15,800	184,919
Distributions made during the year (refer Distribution Statement)	(63,768)	(101,532)
Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on re-measurement of investment classified as available for sale - net	(3,054)	8,060
Net assets at end of the year	1,688,066	2,462,552
	(Number o	of units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	31,792,881	46,324,787
	(Rupe	ees)
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	53.0957	53.1600

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Jari Jah

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Note	2017 (Rupe	2016 es in ' 000)
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
	Net income for the year		63,881	80,054
	Adjustments for			
	Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net Element of loss / (income) and capital losses / (gains) included in prices of units		(2,521)	(1,288)
	issued less those in units redeemed - net - arising from capital gain and unrealised gain - arising from income other than capital gain and unrealized gain		3,263 58,007	(38,454) 171,590
	Reversal of Worker's Welfare Fund - net Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net		(15,054) 2,756	(12,046)
		-	110,332	199,856
	(Increase) / decrease in assets			
	Investments - net Dividend and profit receivable Advances, deposit and prepayments Advance against subscription of Term Finance Certificate Receivable against margin trading system		224,260 16,905 (2,507) (1,000) (10,919)	(310,308) (6,014) - -
	Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited Receivable against sale of equity securities - net		(48,021) (27,514)	-
		L	151,204	(316,243)
	Increase / (decrease) in liabilities	Г		
	Payable to Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable against redemption of units Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(4,287) (150) (599) (1,029) (7,587)	5,019 229 1,238 (1,481) 15,605
		L	(13,652)	20,610
	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	Α	247,884	(95,777)
B.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units		(63,768) 5,703,703 (6,536,518)	(101,532) 6,785,094 (5,410,968)
	Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	В	(896,583)	1,272,594
	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(A+B)	(648,699)	1,176,817
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,291,192	114,375
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	5	642,493	1,291,192
		=		

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

Jorijah

(Management Company)



Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund (the Fund) was established through a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (now MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited), as Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on July 14, 2008 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on June 26, 2008 in accordance with the Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995 (AMC Rules) repealed by Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules 2003 through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 24th Floor, Centre Point, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, Near KPT Interchange, Karachi, Pakistan.
- **1.3** The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund and has been categorised as 'Aggressive Fixed Income Scheme' by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in pursuant to Circular 7 of 2009, dated 6 March 2009 issued by the SECP, and offers units for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. Unit holders are divided into plan 'A' and plan 'B'. The unit holders under plan "A" are entitled for bonus units as well as cash dividend, whereas unit holders under plan "B" are entitled for cash dividend. The units are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).
- 1.4 The Fund primarily invests in a mix of listed equity and debt securities, unlisted government securities and secured debt securities, money market transactions and reverse repurchase transactions, spread transactions and transaction under Margin Trading System.
- **1.5** The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of AM2++ dated June 23, 2017 to the Management Company and "A+(f)" as stability rating dated July 12, 2017 to the Fund.
- **1.6** Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of Trust Deed, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations), and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Wherever the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Regulations or directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of the IFRS, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the SECP shall prevail.
- 2.2 During the year, the Companies Act, 2017 (the new Companies Act) was enacted and promulgated by the SECP on May 30, 2017. However, SECP has notified through Circular No. 17 of July 20, 2017 that companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Accordingly, the Fund shall prepare the financial statements for periods closing after June 30, 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the new Companies Act. The Fund is currently in process of determining impact, if any, on future financial statements due to implementation of the Act.

2.3 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Standards / amendments / interpretation	Effective date (accounting period beginning on or after)
Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements', IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Investment Entities: Applying the consolidation exception.	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' - Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure initiative	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and IAS 38 'Intangible Assets' - Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and IAS 41 'Agriculture' - Measurement of bearer plants	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' - Equity method in separate financial statements	January 1, 2016

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

2.4 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Standards / amendments / interpretation	Effective date (accounting period beginning on or after)
Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' - Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	Date to be determined. Earlier adoption is permitted.
Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Amendments as a result of the disclosure initiative	January 1, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	January 1, 2017
Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides guidance on transactions where consideration against non-monetary prepaid asset / deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.	January 1, 2018

Standards / amendments / interpretation

Effective date (accounting period beginning on or after)

January 1, 2019

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- IFRS 16 Leases
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39: 'Financial Instruments' : Recognition and Measurement'.

3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Fund's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification and valuation of investments and impairment there against (note 4.1 and 4.3).

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

4. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

a) Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

An instrument is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if the Fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised in the Income Statement.

All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities.

b) Available-for-sale

Available for sale are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any other category.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund as 'at fair value through profit or loss' or 'available for sale'.

Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention such as 'T+2' purchases and sales are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial assets.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract.

Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instruments. Transaction costs on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are expensed out immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss and available for sale are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of financial instruments classified as available-for-sale are recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income' until derecognised or impaired, when the accumulated adjustments recognised in "Other Comprehensive Income" are included in the 'Income Statement'. The financial instruments classified as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any.

Fair value measurement principles

Investment in debt securities are valued at the rates determined and notified by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) as per the methodology prescribed by SECP via Circular 1 of 2009, Circular 3 of 2010, Circular 33 of 2012 and Circular 35 of 2012. These Circulars also specify the criteria for application of discretionary discount to yield of any debt security calculated by MUFAP and contain criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

Investment in thinly and non-traded debt securities with maturity up to six months are valued at their amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Circular 1 of 2009 as amended by Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP. The provisioning policy has been duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

Basis of valuation of government securities

The investment of the Fund in government securities is valued on the basis of rates announced by the Financial Market Association of Pakistan, except the Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuks, which are valued on the basis of rates announced by Reuters.

Net gains and losses arising on changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets are taken to the 'Other Comprehensive Income' until these are derecognized or impaired. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in the 'Other Comprehensive Income' is transferred to the 'Income Statement'.

4.2 Securities under repurchase / resale agreements

Transactions of purchase under resale (reverse-repo) of marketable and government securities, are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time. Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse-repo) are not recognised in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Amounts paid under these agreements are recognised as receivable in respect of reverse repurchase transactions. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as income from reverse repurchase transactions and accrued over the life of the agreement. All reverse repo transactions are accounted for on the settlement date.

4.3 Impairment

Financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of asset and that loss events had an impact on the future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognised in Income Statement. Any subsequent decrease in impairment loss on debt securities classified as available-for-sale is recognised in Income Statement.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has formulated a comprehensive policy for making provision against non-performing investments in compliance with Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by SECP.

4.4 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

4.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.6 Spread transactions (ready-future transactions)

The Fund enters into transactions involving purchase of an equity security in the ready market and simultaneous sale of the same security in the futures market. The security purchased in ready market is classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' and carried on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities at fair value till their eventual disposal, with the resulting gain / loss taken to the Income Statement. The forward sale of the security in the futures market is treated as a separate derivative transaction and is carried at fair value with the resulting gain / loss taken to the Income Statement in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.'

4.7 Securities under Margin Trading System (MTS)

Transactions for purchase of marketable securities under Margin Trading System (MTS) are entered into at contracted rates for specified period of time. Securities purchased under the MTS are not recognized in the statement of assets and liabilities. The amount paid under such agreement is recognized as 'Receivable against Margin Trading System (MTS)'. Profit is recognized on accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. Cash releases are adjusted against the receivable as reduction in the amount of receivable. The maximum maturity of a MTS is 60 calendar days and 25% of the exposure is released automatically at the expiry of every 15th calendar month.

4.8 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities. Financial liabilities other than those at 'fair value through profit and loss' are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

4.9 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.11 Other assets

Other assets are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.12 Taxation

Current

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provision of Section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

The Fund provides for deferred taxation using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the amounts used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Fund also records deferred tax asset on unutilized tax losses to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. However, the Fund has not recognized any amount in respect of deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund and intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years as well by distributing at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realized or unrealised, to its unit holders every year.

4.13 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.14 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

4.15 Unit holders' fund

Unit holders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the net asset value representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund assets.

4.16 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company. Transaction costs are recorded as the income of the Fund.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable on units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours on that day. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.17 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

An equalisation account called the element of income / (loss) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed is created, in order to prevent the dilution of per unit income and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in the prices of units issued less those in units redeemed to the extent that it is represented by income earned during the year is recognised in the Income Statement and the remaining portion of element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) is held in separate reserve account and at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in amount available for distribution to the unit holders.

4.18 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Income on reverse repurchase transactions and debt securities (including government securities) is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.
- Markup on government securities is recognised on an time proportion basis
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and derivatives are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Profit on bank deposits and term deposit receipts is recognised on time proportion basis.
- Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed is included in the Income Statement on the date of issue and redemption of units.

4.19 Expenses

All expenses including Management fee, Trustee fee, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee and allocated expenses are recognised in the Income Statement on accrual basis.

4.20 Dividend distribution and appropriation

Distributions declared subsequent to the balance sheet date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such distributions are approved.

4.21 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of deposits and current accounts maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

		Note	2017 (Rupee	2016 s in '000)
5.	BALANCES WITH BANKS			
	In current account		103	4,183
	In deposit accounts	5.1	642,390	1,287,009
			642,493	1,291,192

5.1 These carry mark-up at rates ranging between 3.75% to 8% per annum (2016: 3.5% to 7% per annum).

6. INVESTMENTS

At fair value through profit or loss			
Listed equity securities	6.1	-	-
Government securities	6.2	74,597	57,429
Listed debt securities	6.3	383,330	284,553
Unlisted debt securities	6.4	105,141	127,271
		563,068	469,253
Available for sale		,	ŕ
Government securities	6.5	19,598	736,208
Loans and receivables			
Term deposit receipt	6.6.1	200,000	-
Commercial papers	6.6.2	195,246	-
		395,246	-
		977,912	1,205,461

Number of the branch of the							As at June 30, 2017				
Antification of three Lappose in 1000 Lappose in 1000 Not 1000 dordinary hours (certification of K). Michael 3 (64.50) (5 (4.50)) (6 (6 (6))) (7 (4 (6))) (7 (6 (6))) <th>Name of the Investee Company</th> <th>As at July 1, 2016</th> <th>Purchases during the period</th> <th>Sales during the period</th> <th>As at June 30, 2017</th> <th>Carrying Value</th> <th>Market value</th> <th>Appreciation / (diminution)</th> <th>Market value as a percentage of net assets</th> <th>Market value as a percentage of total in vestments</th> <th>Market value as percentage of total paid up capital of the investee company</th>	Name of the Investee Company	As at July 1, 2016	Purchases during the period	Sales during the period	As at June 30, 2017	Carrying Value	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	Market value as a percentage of net assets	Market value as a percentage of total in vestments	Market value as percentage of total paid up capital of the investee company
d otdatory harter, certification (L)			Number o	f shares						%	
1 3,6,6,6) 2,2,2,00 2,3,0,6,0) 2,3,0,6,0) 2,3,0,6,0) 2,3,0,6,0) 2,3,0,6,0) 2,3,0,0,0 2,3,0,0,0 2,3,1,0,0) 2,3,1,0,0 2,3,2,0,0 2,3,3,3,0 2,3,3,0 2,3,3,0 </td <td>Shares of listed companies - fully paid or dinary shares</td> <td>/ certificates of Rs. 10</td> <td>) each</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Shares of listed companies - fully paid or dinary shares	/ certificates of Rs. 10) each								
0. 3.46,500 (5.46,500) 0. (5.46,500) 0. (5.46,500) 0. (6.50) (5.36,500) 0. 0	CABLE & ELCTRICAL GOODS										
ODUCTS 0.54500 0.63400 0.63400 0.63400 0.63400 0.63400 0.634400 0.644400 0.644400 0.6	Pak Elektron Limited TPL Trakker Limited		3,616,500 2-232-000	(3,616,500) (2-232-000)							
0 0,500 (5,450) 0 (6,51) 0 <th0< th=""> <th0< th=""> <</th0<></th0<>			000(101(1	(000,2 57.7)							
0 0,500 (5,4,500)<	CEMENT										
1 34,500 (53,4,00) (54,4,00)	Cherat Cement Company Limited		69,500	(69,500)		,	,		,		'
0 3,3,4,00 (3,3,5,00) 0 3,3,4,00 (3,3,5,00) 0 <	D.G Khan Cement	ı	534,500	(534,500)		'	ı	ı	I	I	
- -	Fauji Cement Company Limited		3,374,000	(3, 374, 000)		'			,		
- 75,00 (75,00) - <td< td=""><td>Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited</td><td>I</td><td>438,500</td><td>(438,500)</td><td>ı</td><td>'</td><td>'</td><td>ı</td><td>'</td><td>ı</td><td></td></td<>	Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	I	438,500	(438,500)	ı	'	'	ı	'	ı	
- 1,31,00 (1,31,00) -	Pioneer Cement Limited		75,500	(75,500)				'		'	1
- 121100 (127500) - <	COMMERCIAL BANKS										
- -32,500 (32,500) -		•	1,911,000	(000,116,1)			•				
- 1,297,500 (1,297,500) -	bank Atlatan Limited Askari Bank Limited		27,500 27,500	(325,500) (27,500)							
- 1,297,500 (1,297,500) -	ENGINEERING										
1 337,000 (337,000)	International Steels Limited	I	1,297,500	(1,297,500)	ı	,	ı	ı	ı	ı	
- 4,199,500 (4,199,500) -	Amreli Steels Limited	'	337,000	(337,000)					'		ı
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	FERTILIZER										
- 970,000 (970,000) -	Engro Fertilizer Limited	,	4,199,500	(4, 199, 500)	,	,	,	,	,	,	
- 39,000 (39,000) - <	Engro Corporation Limited	ı	970,000	(970,000)			ı		ı	,	
- 607,000 (607,000) -	* Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited	•	39,000	(39,000)	,			•		•	
- 738,000 ODUCTS - 514,500 - 103,500	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited		607,000	(607,000)							ı
ODUCTS - 514,500 - 103,500	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited		738,000	(738,000)		•		•		•	
- 514,500 - 103,500	FOOD AND PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS										
- 103,500	Engro Foods Limited		514,500	(514,500)	,	,			,		
	INSURANCE * Adamjee Insurance Company Limited		103,500	(103,500)							1

Listed equity securities 'at fair value through profit or loss'

Г

						As at June 30, 2017				
Name of the Investee Company	As at July 1, 2016	Purchases during the period	Sales during the period	As at June 30, 2017	Carrying Value	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	Market value as a percentage of net assets	Market value as a percentage of total investments	Market value as percentage of total paid up capital of the investee company
		Number of shares	f shares						•/•	
OIL & GAS EXPOLORATION COMPANY Pakistan Oilfields Limited		7,000	(7,000)		,					
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited		664,500	(664, 500)			,				
Pakistan Petroleum Limited		23,000	(23,000)							
OIL & GAS MARKETING COMPANIES Hasool Petroleun Limited		297.500	(297,500)	,		,	,		1	
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited		395,000	(395,000)			ı				
POWER GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION Hub Power Commany Limited		000	(000)							
Kot Addu Power Company Limited	1	15.500	(15.500)		,	,	1	1	,	
K-Electric Limited (Par value of Rs. 3.5 each)	,	17,209,500	(17,209,500)			,				•
REFINERY Attock Refinery Limited		1,021,500	(1,021,500)	ı					,	
TECHNOLOGY & COMMUNICATION P.T.C.L. "A"		444,000	(444,000)		,		,	,	,	
TRG Pakistan Limited	ı	2,709,500	(2,709,500)	,			,	ı	ı	
TEXTILE COMPOSITE * Nishat Chunian Limited * Nishat Mills Limited		2,316,000 628,000	(2,316,000) (628,000)							
Total at June 30, 2017										
Total at June 30, 2016						,				
* These represent transactions with related parties.										

6.2 Government securities - at fair value through profit or loss

		Face v	alue			At June 30, 20	17	Market	Market
Issue date	At July 01, 2016	Purchases during the period	Sales / matured during the period	At June 30, 2017	Carrying value	Market value	(Diminution) / appreciation	value as a percentage of net assets	value as a percentage of total investments
			(R	u pees in '00	00)			%)
Treasury bills - 3 months	-	775,000	700,000	75,000	74,599	74,597	(2)	4	8
Treasury bills - 6 months	-	1,150,000	1,150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury bills - 12 months	-	1,325,000	1,325,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds - 5 Years	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2017					74,599	74,597	(2)		
As at June 30, 2016					57,171	57,429	258		
							Note	2017 (Rupees i	2016 in '000)
Listed debt securities									
Market value as at June 30							6.3.1	455,900	354,367
Provision on July 1]	(69,814)	(64,716)
Provision (charged) / reversed dur Pace Pakistan Limited - Reversal against carrying valu - Charge against face value rece	e matured							12,220 (14,976)	9,878 (14,976)
Provision on June 30							Ļ	(72,570)	(69,814)
Book value as at June 30							-	383,330	284,553

6.3.1 Listed debt securities - Term Finance Certificates

6.3

6.4

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

		Nu	mber of Certif	icates			At June 30, 20	17		
Name of investee company	At July 1, 2016	Purchase d during the year	Matured during the year	Disposed off during the year	At June 30, 2017	Carrying value***	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	Market value**** as a percentage of net assets	Market value**** as a percentage of total investment
							Rupees in '0	00		/0
Commercial Banks Askari Bank Limited (30-9-14 issue)	15,000				15,000	76,424	76,419	(5)	5	8
Askari Bank Limited (30-9-14 Issue)*	82	-	-	-	13,000	76,424 83,047	83,047	(5)	5	8
Habib Bank Limited (19-02-16 issue)**	1,250	-	-	-	1,250	124,969	125,262	293	7	13
Bank of Punjab (23-12-16 issue)**	· -	1,000		25	975	97,481	98,602	1,121	6	10
Real Estate investment and services										
Pace Pakistan Limited (15-02-08	15,000	-	-	-	15,000					
- Redeemable amount						2,756	2,756	-	-	-
- Due but not received						69,814	69,814	-	-	-
						72,570	72,570	-	•	
As at June 30, 2017						454,491	455,900	1,409	-	
As at June 30, 2016						353,141	354,367	1,226	•	
* Face value of the investment is Rs. 1 mil ** Face value of the investment is Rs. 100, *** Carrying value before provision **** Market value after provision										
									2017	2016
								Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Unlisted debt securities										
Term finance certificate								6.4.1	115,392	137,522
Provision on July 1									(10,251)	(27,395)
Provision reversed / (charged) during the	year									
Eden Housing Limited										
- Reversal against carrying value ma	atured								-	17,144
Provision on June 30									(10,251)	(10,251)
Book value as at June 30									105,141	127,271

6.4.1 Term Finance Certificates

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

		Numl	per of Certifica	tes		Α	s at June 30,	2017	Market value**	Market value**
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2016	Purchased during the year	Matured during the year	Disposed during the year	As at June 30,2017	Carrying value*	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	as a percentage of net assets	as a percentage of total investment
		•	•	•	•		- Rupees in '	000		//0
Commercial Banks										
Bank Al Habib Limited (17-03-16 issue) Bank Alfalah Limited (20-02-13 issue)	9,000 7,181	- 16,600	-	12,200	9,000 11,581	44,971 59,056	45,678 59,463	707 407	3 4	5 6
Construction and Material										
Eden Housing Limited - Sukuk - (31-03-2008 issue) - Due but not received	10,415	-	-	-	10,415	10,251	10,251	-	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2017						114,278	115,392	1,114	-	
Total as at June 30, 2016						137,718	137,522	(196)	-	
* Carrying value before provision									-	

** Market value after provision

6.5 Government securities - Available for sale

		Face va	alue			At June 30, 2	017	Market	Market
Issue date	At July 01, 2016	Purchases during the year	Sales / matured amount during the year	At June 30,2017	Cost	Market value	Appreciation	value as a percentage of net assets	value as a percentage of total investments
			(Ru	1 pees in '000))			9	ő
Pakistan Investment Bond - 3 Years	455,000	600,000	1,055,000	-			-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bond - 5 Years	54,900	1,500,500	1,554,600	800	848	850	2	1	2
Pakistan Investment Bond - 10 Years	150,000	750,000	900,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bond - 15 Years	18,000	-	-	18,000	18,269	18,748	479	-	-
As at June 30, 2017					19,117	19,598	481		
As at June 30, 2016					732,673	736,208	3,535		

6.6 Loans and receivables

6.6.1 Term deposit receipt

Particluars	Profit / mark- up rates	Issue date	Maturity date	At June 30, 2017	Carrying value as a percentage of net assets	Carrying value as a percentage of total investments
		-		Rupees in '000		
Zarai Tarakiati Bank Limited	6.5%	31-May-17	13-Sep-17	200,000	0.12	0.20

6.6.2 Commercial papers

Particluars	Profit / mark-up rates	Issue date	Maturity date	Face value	Amortised cost	Carrying value as a percentage of net assets	Carrying v percentage investn	of total
	•	•		Ri	1pees in '000			
Pak Elektron Limited	7.89%	12-Jan-17	9-Oct-17	100,000	97,958	0.06	0.1	
JS Global Capital Limited	7.90%	12-May-17	7-Nov-17	100,000	97,288	0.06	0.1	10
				200,000	195,246			
							2017	2016
						Note	(Rupees i	III '000)
Net unrealised apprecia at fair value through		investment	s					
Market value of investme	ents					6.2, 6.3.1, 6.4.1	645,889	549,31
Carrying value of investi	ments					6.2, 6.3.1, 6.4.1	643,368	548,03
							2,521	1,28

		Note	2017 (Rupees in	2016 '000)
6.8	Net unrealised (diminution) / appreciation in value of investments classified as available for sale			
	Market value of investments	6.5	19,598	736,208
	Carrying value of investments	6.5	19,117	732,673
			481	3,535
	Less: Net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) in value of			
	investments classified as available for sale at beginning of the year	6.5	(3,535)	(4,525)
			(3,054)	8,060
7.	DIVIDEND AND PROFIT RECEIVABLE			
	Income accrued / profit on: Term finance certificates Government securities Bank deposits Term deposit receipt Dividend receivable from equity securities Profit receivable against margin trading system		7,133 756 4,579 1,104 282 9	6,917 22,992 859 - - -
			13,863	30,768
8.	ADVANCES, DEPOSIT AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Advance tax Deposits with:		213	167
	- National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	8.1	2,500	52
	- Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited	8.2	200	200
	Prepayments		152	139
			3,065	558

8.1 This represents deposit in respect of Bond Automated Trading System (BATS).

8.2 This represents deposit on account of initial deposit for opening of investor account for electronic transfer of book-entry securities.

			2017	2016
9.	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	(Rupees in	'000)
	Provision for workers' welfare fund	9.1	3,173	18,228
	Provision for federal excise duty and related taxes on	9.2		
	- Management fee		16,590	16,590
	- Sales load		4,746	4,746
	Withholding tax on dividend and others		-	9,278
	Dividend payable to unitholders		2,611	-
	Brokerage		1,089	344
	Capital gain tax		1,058	1,667
	Auditors' remuneration		419	419
	Printing and related expenditure		80	100
	Zakat		1	695
	Other		61	402
			29,828	52,469

9.1 Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund

The Supreme Court passed a judgment on November 10, 2016, which upheld the view of Lahore High Court, declaring the insertion of amendments through Finance Acts 2006 and 2008 pertaining to Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) as unlawful and there by striking down the amendments introduced through these Finance Acts. The Federal Board of Revenue has filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against the said judgment, which is pending hearing.

Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), on behalf of all Asset Management Companies (AMCs), obtained a legal opinion dated December 5, 2016 on the matter according to which there is no longer any basis in law to claim WWF payments from the mutual funds under the WWF Ordinance. After deliberating the position, The Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) decided that the provision for WWF held for the period from January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2015 be reversed effective January 12, 2017. The provision was amounted to Rs. 18.23 million reversed on January 12, 2017 which resulted in an increase in NAV per unit of Rs. 0.01 on January 12, 2017.

Furthermore, the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) had asked to mutual funds in January 2016 to register and pay Sindh Workers Welfare Fund (SWWF) for the accounting year closing on or after December 31, 2013. MUFAP reviewed the issue and based on an opinion dated August 2016 decided that SWWF is not applicable on mutual funds as they are neither financial institutions as required by SWWF Act, 2014, nor establishments but only pass through vehicles and hence, do not have any worker and no SWWF is payable by them. This fact has been communicated to SRB who have responded on November 11, 2016 that as mutual funds are included in definition of financial institutions in The Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finance) Ordinance, 2001, SWWF is payable by them. MUFAP has taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have mutual funds excluded from SWWF.

MUFAP has also obtained a legal opinion that SWWF, if applicable, can only be applied from the date of enactment of SWWF Act, 2014, i.e. May 21, 2015. Accordingly, on January 12, 2017, MUFAP decided to provide for SWWF with effect from May 21, 2015, while the efforts to exclude mutual funds from SWWF continue. The provision made for SWWF on January 12, 2017, amounted to Rs. 3.05 million. The aggregated provision as at June 30, 2017 is Rs. 3.17 million. The impact of decrease in NAV per unit as at June 30, 2017 is Rs. 0.002.

The SECP has also concurred with the directions issued by MUFAP through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/MUFAP/2017 - 405 dated February 01, 2017.

9.2 Federal Excise Duty and related tax payable

The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with effect from June 13, 2013. As the asset management services rendered by the Management Company of the Fund are already subject to provincial sales tax on services levied by the Sindh Revenue Board, which is being charged to the Fund, the Management Company is of the view that further levy of FED was not justified.

On September 04, 2013, a constitutional petition was filed in Sindh High Court (SHC) jointly by various asset management companies, together with their representative Collective Investment Schemes through their trustee, challenging the levy of FED.

The SHC vide its Order dated June 30, 2016 has disposed of the petition by referring its judgment dated June 02, 2016 whereby it rendered the FED on certain services to be 'Ultra Vires' in the presence of Sindh Sales Tax Act 2011. However, the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) has filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan against this judgment of the SHC.

Further, the Federal Government vide Finance Act 2016 has excluded asset management companies and other non banking finance companies from charge of FED on their services.

In view of the pending decision and as a matter of prudence, the Management Company of the Fund has made a provision for FED in the books of account of the Fund with effect from June 13, 2013 to June 30, 2015. However, the Management Company of the Fund has not made any further provision for FED after the year ended June 30, 2015. The aggregate balance of FED provision in the books of accounts fo the Fund as on June 30, 2017 was Rs. 21.34 million. The impact of decrease in NAV per unit is Rs. 0.01 as at June 30, 2017.

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies as at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 other than those disclosed in note 9.1 and 9.2

		June 30, 2017 (Rupees	June 30, 2016 in '000)
10.1	Commitments		
	Margin Trading System (MTS) transactions entered into by the Fund in respect of which the purchase transactions not settled as at period end	17,881	-
	Margin Trading System (MTS) transactions entered into by the Fund in respect of which the sale transactions not settled as at period end	8,232	-

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Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

	Note	2017 (Rupees i	2016 n '000)
REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT COMPANY			
Management fee	11.1 =	33,688	48,495

11.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration, during the first five years of the Fund of an amount not exceeding 3% percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund and thereafter, of an amount equal to 2% percent of such assets of the Fund and, in any case, it shall not exceed the limit prescribed by the NBFC Regulations, 2008. Till March 19, 2017 the Management company has charged fee at 1.5 % of net assets. On March 20, 2017 the Management company made an amendment in the Offering Document of the Fund & accordingly since then has charged the fee at the lower of 15% of the gross earnings of the scheme calculated on a daily basis not exceeding the maximum rate of remuneration permitted under the Rules & Regulations. Provided that Fund is subject to a minimum fee of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Scheme.

During the year, the Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 2% (2016: 1.5%) of the average annual net assets of the Fund. The remuneration is paid to the Management Company on monthly basis in arrears.

		Note	2017 (Rupees i	2016
12.	REMUNERATION OF CENTERAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE	11016	(Rupees i	n 000 <i>)</i>
	Trustee fee	12.1	2,920	3,598

12.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed. The following tariff structure as amended by the Trustee of the Fund vide Trust deed dated May 18, 2015, is applicable based on net assets of the Fund.

Amount of funds under management (Average NAV)	Tariff per annum
Up to Rs. 1 billion	0.17% p.a. of Net Assets
Rs. 1 billion to Rs. 5 billion	Rs. 1.7 million plus 0.085% p.a. of Net Assets exceeding Rs. 1 billion
Over Rs. 5 billion	Rs. 5.1 million plus 0.07% p.a. of Net Assets exceeding Rs. 5 billion

13. SINDH SALES TAX ON REMUNERATION OF TRUSTEE

11.

The Sindh Revenue Board through Circular No. SRB-3-4/TP/01/2015/86554 dated June 13, 2015 has amended the definition of services of shares, securities and derivatives and included the custodianship services within the purview of Sindh Sales Tax. Accordingly Sindh Sales Tax of 13 % is applicable on Trustee fee which is now covered under the section 2(79A) of the Sindh Finance Bill 2010 amended unto 2016.

		2017 (Rupees	2016 in '000)
14.	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN - ANNUAL FEE		
	Annual fee	1,826	2,425
14.1	Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, the Fund is required to pay as an annual the average annual net assets of the Fund.	fee to the SECP, equal	to 0.075% of
		2017 (Rupees	2016 in '000)
15.	ALLOCATED EXPENSES		
	Reimbursement of fees and expenses	2,435	2,295
	Sindh Sales Tax on allocated expenses	317	321
		2,752	2,616

SRO 1160 dated November 25, 2015 issued by SECP has amended Clause 60 of NBFC Regulations, 2008. The new regulation has entitled the Management Company to reimbursement of fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services related to CIS a maximum of 0.1% of average annual net assets of the scheme or actual whichever is less. Accordingly, the Fund is charging such expenses at a rate of 0.1% of average annual net assets which is less than the actual expenses allocable to the Fund.

2017		2016
(Runees	in	'000)

16. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Annual audit fee	275	275
Half yearly review fee	160	160
Other certifications	100	100
Out of pocket expenses	57	57
	592	592

17. TAXATION

17.1 The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations,2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. Since the management has distributed the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, accordingly no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

18. EXPENSE RATIO

The expense ratio of the Fund from July 01, 2016 to June 30, 2017 is 2.37%, the total expense ratio includes 0.37% representing government levy and SECP fee. This ratio is within the maximum limit of 2% prescribed under the NBFC Regulations for a collective investment scheme categorised as an aggressive fixed income fund.

19. DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT WITH THE INVESTMENT CRITERIA AS SPECIFIED BY SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

In accordance with Clause (v) of the investment criteria laid down for 'Income Scheme' in Circular no. 7 of 2009, the Fund is required to invest in any security having rating not lower than the investment grade (credit rating of BBB and above). However, as at June 30, 2017, the Fund is non-compliant with the above mentioned requirement in respect of the following investments. The securities were in compliance of the Circular (i.e. investment grade) at the time of purchase and were subsequently downgraded to non investment grade by MUFAP on default by respective issuer in repayment of coupon due on respective dates. The Fund holds 100% provision against such investment as enumerated below:

Category of non-compliant investment	Type of Investment/ Name of Company	Value of investment before provision	Provision held, if any	Value of investment after provision	Percentage of net assets	Percentage of gross assets
			Rupees			
Investment in debt securities	a) Pace Pakistan Limited (note 6.2)	72,570	72,570	-	4.30%	4.11%
	b) Eden Housing Limited (note 6.3)	10,251	10,251	-	0.61%	0.58%

20. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being holding company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel, other associated undertakings and unit holders holding more than 10% units of the Fund.

The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business and at contracted rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies & Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the Trust Deed respectively.

20.1 Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:

Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:	2017 (Rupee	2016 es in '000)
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
Remuneration including indirect taxes Allocated expenses including indirect taxes Issue of 2,403,766 (2016: 24,674,033 units) Redemption of 2,403,766 (2016: 18,464,229 units)	38,067 2,752 132,193 132,774	64,119 2,616 1,732,523 1,334,622
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration and settlement charges for the year CDS charges	3,300 749	4,101 19
MCB Bank Limited		
Profit on Bank deposits Bank charges Purchase of money market securities - Face value: (2016: Rs. 400,000,000) Sale of money market securities - Face value: (2016: Rs. 700,000,000)	722 48 -	1,476 62 437,684 2,102,498
Silk Bank Limited		
Purchase of money market securities - Face value: (2016: Rs. 300,000,000) Sale of money market securities - Face value: Rs. 250,000,000 (2016: Rs. 150,000,000)	- 238,360	322,844 161,712
Adamjee Insurance Company Limited		
Issue of units (2016: 22,677,513 units) Redemption of units (2016: 28,518,214 units) Dividend paid	- - -	1,575,000 1,627,670 1,348
Arif Habib Investment Management Employees Stock Beneficial Ownership Trust		
Dividend paid	-	1
Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Employee Gratuity Fund		
Issue of units (2016: 660,026 units) Redemption of 342,744 units (2016: 317,282 units)	18,409	35,973 17,625
Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Employee Provident Fund		
Issue of 1,630,388 units (2016: 2,710,412 units) Redemption of 2,401,786 units (2016:1,119,821 units)	88,209 131,067	148,464 62,206
Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Investment Department		
Issue of units (2016: 23,222,104 units) Redemption of 6,409,782 units (2016: 16,812,322 units)	342,475	1,238,462 937,982
Security General Insurance Company Limited		
Issue of 11,395,443 units Redemption of 5,555,847 units	616,385 309,663	-
Mandate under discretionary portfolio		
Issue of 28,470,333 units (2016: 246,905 units) Redemption of 27,755,229 units (2016: 246,905 units) Dividend paid	1,547,986 1,516,645 -	13,402 13,676 235
Arif Habib Limited		
Brokerage	-	3
Next Capital Limited		
Brokerage	48	158

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

		2017 (Rupe	2016 es in ' 000)
	Adamjee Life Insurance Company Limited - Conventional business		
	Issue of 7,715 units (2016: 382,266 units)	409	20,510
	Nishat Mills Limited Employees - Provident Fund Trust		
	Issue of 5,152,202 units Redemption of 5,152,202 units	283,400 284,797	-
	Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
	Issue of 170,418 units (2016: 27,737 units) Redemption of 175,742 units (2016: 26,742 units) Dividend paid	9,298 9,636 -	1,504 1,450 4
20.2	Amounts outstanding at year end		
	MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
	Remuneration payable Sale tax payable on remuneration to the Management Company Sales load payable Sindh Sales tax payable on sales load Allocated expenses payable excluding related taxes	1,651 215 76 11 162	4,731 662 1,167 163 315
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
	Remuneration including indirect taxes payable Sindh Sales tax payable on remuneration of Trustee Security deposits	208 27 2,700	338 47 252
	MCB Bank Limited		
	Bank balance Profit receivable on bank deposits	148 -	169,990 169
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Investment Department		
	Units held (2016: 6,409,782 units)	-	340,744
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Employee Provident Fund		
	819,194 units held (2016: 1,590,592 units)	43,496	84,556
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited - Employee Gratuity Fund		
	Units held (2016: 342,744 units)	-	18,220
	Adamjee Life Insurance Company Limited - Conventional business		
	206,090 units held (2016: 198,375 units)	10,943	10,546
	Mandate under discretionary portfolio 3,535,864 units held (2016: 2,819,706 units)	187,740	149,898
	Security General Insurance Company Limited 5,839,596 units held	310,058	-
	Next Capital Limited		
	Brokerage payable	-	8
	Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
	Units held (2016: 5,324 units)	-	283

21. PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

Mr. Muhammad Saqib SaleemChief Executive OfficerFCA & ACCAMr. Muhammad AsimAsset Class Specialist - EquitiesMBA & CFA	19 14 12 6 10
1	12 6
	6
Mr. Saad Ahmed Asset Class Specialist - Fixed Income MBA	
Mr. Awais Abdul Sattar Senior Research Analyst MBA & CFA	10
Mr. Usama Iqbal Fund Manager - Fixed Income Fund MA & CFA Level I	10
21.1 Mr. Saad Ahmed is the fund manager. Details of the other funds being managed by him are as follows:	
- MCB Cash Management Optimizer	
- MCB Cash Management Fund	
- MCB DCF Income Fund	
- MCB Pakistan Soverign Fund	2017
(Per	centage)
22. TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID	8 /
	12.68
2 MRA Securities Limited	12.42
3 EFG Hermes Pakistan Limited	12.27
4 Aba Ali Habib Securities Limited	11.59
5 Intermarket Securities Limited	7.16
6 Al Falah Securities (Private) Limited	6.79
7 Mutiline Securities (Private) Limited	5.97
8 JS Global Capital Limited	5.24
9 Summit Capital (Private) Limited	4.12
10 Invest Capital Markets Limited	3.59
	2016
(Per	centage)
1 Invest Capital Markets Limited	35.56
2 JS Global Capital Limited	16.04
3 Next Capital Limited	9.83
4 Invest One Markets (Private) Limited	8.15
5 Invest And Finance Securities Limited	7.46
6 Vector Capital (Private) Limited	4.58
7 BMA Capital Management Limited	4.09
8 Icon Securities (Private) Limited	3.84
9 Magenta Capital Limited	3.73
10 Elixir Securities Pakistan (Private) Limited	1.56

23. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDINGS

	As at June 30, 2017				
Number of unit holders	Number of units	Investment amount (Rupees in '000')	Percentage investment %		
831	17,184,726	912,435	54.05		
16	3,570,400	189,573	11.23		
2	1,025,284	54,438	3.22		
16	10,012,471	531,620	31.49		
865	31,792,881	1,688,066	100.00		

	As at June 30, 2016			
Number of unit holders	Number of units	Investment amount (Rupees in '000')	Percentage investment %	
997	28,831,459	1,532,634	62.24	
17	2,624,072	139,491	5.66	
2	6,608,157	351,279	14.26	
19	8,261,100	439,148	17.83	
1035	46,324,787	2,462,552	100.00	

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

24. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd,and 133rd Board meetings were held on July 12, 2016, August 05, 2016, August 15, 2016, October 21, 2016, February 02, 2017, March 20, 2017, April 21, 2017 and May 12, 2017 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by directors in the meetings is given below:

Names of directors attending the		Number of		Number of mee	tings	— Meetings not
meetings	Designation	meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	attended
Mr. Mian Mohammad Mansha	Chairman	8	8	1	7	126th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd
Mr. Nasim Beg	Director - Chairman	8	8	6	2	127th, 130th
Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah	Director	8	8	7	1	126th
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Director / Chairman	8	8	2	6	126th, 127th, 128th,
	Audit Committee					130th, 131st, 132nd
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	8	8	8	0	-
Mr. Samad A. Habib	Director	8	8	5	3	128th, 129th, 131th
Mr. Mirza Mehmood Ahmed	Director	8	8	1	7	126th, 127th, 128th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	8	8	8	0	-
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg*	Director	3	3	3	0	-

* Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg was appointed on February 06, 2017.

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mentioned risks. The Board of Directors of Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund primarily invests in a portfolio of money market investments such as investment grade debt securities, government securities and investments in other money market instruments.

25.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the Regulations), The Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the Rules).

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

25.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

25.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund holds fixed as well as floating rate debt securities that expose the Fund to cash flow and fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuation in prevailing levels of market interest rates.

As at June 30, 2017, the investment in debt securities exposed to interest rate is detailed in Note 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 and 6.5 to these financial statements.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

Presently, the Fund holds KIBOR based interest bearing term finance certificates and sukuks exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR on the last repricing date of these term finance certificates, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund and net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 10.4 million (2016: Rs. 1.35 million).

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2017, the Fund holds government securities which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase in rates announced by Financial Market Association of Pakistan (FMAP) on June 30, 2017, with all other variables held constant, total comprehensive income for the year and net assets would be higher by Rs. 3.79 million (2016: higher by Rs. 18.38 million).

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by FMAP is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2017 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

	J une 30, 2017					
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
				Ru pees in '000		
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks Investments	3.75% to 8%	642,390	-	-	103	642,493
at fair value through profit and loss - net - Government securities - Listed debt securities - Unlisted debt securities	5.77% to 5.97% 7.26% to 8.64% 6.53% to 8.36%	74,597 - -	383,330 105,141	- - -	-	74,597 383,330 105,141
Available for sale - Government securities	6.01% to 9%	-	-	19,598	-	19,598
Loans and receivables - Term deposit receipt - Commercial papers	6.50% 7.90%	200,000	195,246	-	-	200,000 195,246
		274,597	683,717	19,598	-	977,912
Dividend and profit receivable Security deposits Receivable against marginal trading system		-	- - -	- - -	13,863 2,700 10,919	13,863 2,700 10,919
Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited Receivable against sale of equity securities		-	-	-	48,021 66,813	48,021 66,813
		916,987	683,717	19,598	142,419	1,762,721
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company		-	-	-	2,753	2,753
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange		-	-	-	235	235
Commission of Pakistan Payable on redemption of units		-	-	-	1,826 2,079	1,826 2,079
Payable against purchase of equity securities Accrued expenses and other liabilities		-	-	-	39,299 4,260	39,299 4,260
recrued expenses and other natimites					50,452	50,452
On-balance sheet gap		916,987	683,717	19,598	91,967	1,712,269
Off-balance sheet financial instruments	_					

	J une 30, 2016					
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
On-balance sheet financial instruments				Ru pees in '000		
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks Investments	3.5% to 7%	1,287,009	-	-	4,183	1,291,192
at fair value through profit and loss - net - Government securities - Listed debt securities - Unlisted debt securities	11.50% 6.86% to 8.86% 7.02% to 10.54%	- -	57,429 - -			57,429 284,553 127,271
Available for sale - Government securities	8.75% to 12%	-	5,013	731,195	-	736,208
Dividend and profit receivable Security deposits		- - - -	62,442	1,143,019 - -	30,768 252	1,205,461 30,768 252
	_	1,287,009	62,442	1,143,019	35,203	2,527,673
Financial Liabilities	_					
Payable to Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company		-	-	-	7,040	7,040
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to Securities and Exchange		-	-	-	385	385
Commission of Pakistan Payable on redemption of units Accrued expenses and other liabilities		- -	- - -	- -	2,425 3,108 1,265	2,425 3,108 1,265
				-	14,223	14,223
On-balance sheet gap	_	1,287,009	62,442	1,143,019	20,980	2,513,450
Off-balance sheet financial instruments	_					

25.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The fund is exposed to Price risk because of Term Finance Certificates(TFCs) held by it and classified at 'Fair value through Profit and Loss'.

25.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund is exposed to counter party credit risks on investment in term finance certificates and sukuks, loans and receivables, and balances with bank. The credit risk on the fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in Treasury bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds are government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

	2017 (Rupee	2016 s in '000)
	(Rupees in '000)	
Balances with banks	642,493	1,291,192
Investments	883,717	411,824
Dividend and profit receivable	13,863	30,768
Security deposits	2,700	252
Advance against subscription of Term Finance Certificate	1,000	-
Receivable against marginal trading system	10,919	-
Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	48,021	-
Receivable against sale of equity securities	66,813	-
	1,669,526	1,734,036

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets.

Bank Balances by rating category

	2017	2016
	%	,
AAA/A1+	2.83	13.17
AA+ / A1+	13.15	82.82
AA / A1+	-	3.85
AA-/A1+	73.16	0.16
A+ / A1	0.01	-
A / A1	10.72	-
A- / A-2	0.13	-
	100	100

The analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the Fund's investment in term finance certificates and sukuks, term deposit receipts and government securities.

Investments by rating category

	2017	2016
	9	/o
Government Securities AA, AA-, AA+	9.63 90.37	65.84 34.16
	100	100

Investment in fixed income securities

Investment in treasury bills do not expose the Fund to credit risk as the counter party to the investment is the Government of Pakistan and management does not expect to incur any credit loss on such investments.

Security deposits

Deposits are placed with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited (NCCPL) and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) for the purpose of effecting transaction and settlement of listed securities. It is expected that all securities deposited with NCCPL and CDC will be clearly identified as being assets of the Fund, hence management believes that the Fund is not materially exposed to a credit risk with respect to such parties.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of counter party to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed. Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in securities is considered to be minimal as the Fund uses brokers with high creditworthiness and the transactions are settled or paid for only upon delivery using central clearing system.

25.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions, if any, at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

The Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term to ensure settlement. During the current year, the Fund did not avail any borrowing. As per NBFC regulation the maximum amount available to the Fund from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of the net assets up to 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund and bear interest at commercial rates.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	June 30, 2017			
	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Total
		(Rupees in	1'000)	
Payable to Management Company	2,753	-	-	2,753
Payable to Central Depository Company				
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	235	-	-	235
Payable on redemption of units	2,079	-	-	2,079
Payable against purchase of equity securities	39,299	-	-	39,299
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,260	-	-	4,260
	48,626	-	-	48,626

		June 30, 1	2016	
	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Total
		(Rupees in	1'000)	
Payable to Management Company	7,040	-	-	7,040
Payable to Central Depository Company				
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	385	-	-	385
Payable on redemption of units	3,108	-	-	3,108
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,265	-	-	1,265
	11,798	-	-	11,798

25.4 Financial instruments by category

	June 30, 2017				
	Loans and receivables	Assets classified as Available for sale	Assets classified at fair value through profit and loss	Total	
Financial assets		(Rupees in'000)			
Balances with banks	642,493	-	-	642,493	
Investments	395,246	19,598	563,068	977,912	
Dividend and profit receivable	13,863	-	-	13,863	
Advances, deposit and prepayments	2,700	-	-	2,700	
Receivable against marginal trading system	10,919	-	-	10,919	
Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan	48,021	-	-	48,021	
Receivable against sale of equity securities	66,813	-	-	66,813	
	1,180,055	19,598	563,068	1,762,721	

	June 30, 2017			
	Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Other financial liabilities	Total	
Financial liabilities	(Rupees in'000)			
Payable to Management Company	-	2,753	2,753	
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited- Trustee	-	235	235	
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	-	1,826	1,826	
Payable against redemption of units	-	2,079	2,079	
Payable against purchase of equity securities	-	39,299	39,299	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	4,260	4,260	
	-	50,452	50,452	

		June 30, 2016			
	Loans and receivables	Assets classified as Available for sale	Assets classified at fair value through profit and loss	Total	
Financial assets		(Rupees in	1'000)		
Balances with banks Investments Dividend and profit receivable Advances, deposit and prepayments	1,291,192 - 30,768 252	736,208 - -	469,253	1,291,192 1,205,461 30,768 252	
	1,322,212	736,208	469,253	2,527,673	

	June 30, 2016		
	Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Other financial liabilities	Total
Financial liabilities		(Rupees in'000)	
Payable to Management Company	-	7,040	7,040
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited- Trustee	-	385	385
Payable to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	-	2,425	2,425
Payable against redemption of units	-	3,108	3,108
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	-	1,265	1,265
	-	14,223	14,223

25.5 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from book values as the items are either short term in nature or periodically repriced.

International Financial Reporting Standard 7, Financial Instruments : Disclosure requires an entity shall classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

	June 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees ir	ı '000)	
ASSETS				
nvestments classified at fair value through				
profit and loss	383,330	179,738	-	563,068
nvestments classified as available for sale	-	19,598	-	19,598
	383,330	199,336	-	582,666
		June 30	2016	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Rupees ir	ı '000)	
nvestments classified at fair value through	204.552	104 700		460.252
nvestments classified at fair value through profit and loss	284,553	184,700	-	469,253
•	284,553	184,700 736,208	- -	469,253 736,208

26. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Unit Holder's Fund is represented by redeemable units. They are entitled to distribution and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per share on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement of unit holders' fund.

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units. The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units. The Fund is required by the NBFC Regulations, 2008, to maintain minimum fund size to Rs. 100 million during the life of the scheme. The units issued by the Fund provides an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unit holder's share in the Fund's net assets at the redemption date.

The Fund's objective in managing the unit holders' fund is to ensure a stable base to maximise returns to all investors and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemption. In accordance with the risk management policies, the Fund endeavors to invest the subscriptions received inappropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments.

27. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees.

28. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 04, 2017. by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

PATTERN OF HOLDING AS PER REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Category	No.of Unit Holders	Units
Associated Companies, undertakings and related Parties		
Adamjee Life Assurance Co. Ltd. Conventional Business	1	206,090
Adamjee Insurance Co Limited Employees Provident Fund	1	819,194
Mutual Funds		
(Name Wise)		
Directors and their spouse (s) and minor children	-	-
Executives		
Public sector companies and corporations		
Banks, Development Finance Institutios, Non-Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarbas and Pension Funds	16	9,409,996
Unitholders holding 5 percent or more Voting interest in the listed company		
Security General Insurance Company Ltd	1	5,839,596
Others	846	15,518,005
	865	31,792,881

PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

No. of Unit Holder	Unit holdings	Total Units Held
500	1 10000	1 (24.002
528	1-10000	1,634,802
293	10001-100000	8,676,989
41	100001-1000000	12,968,672
3	1000001 onwards	8,512,418
865		31,792,881

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Performance Information	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	1,688	2,463	969	1,677	1,319
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	53.0958	53.1600	53.00	51.05	51.86
Closing Offer Price	54.2958	54.60	54.45	52.46	53.29
Closing Repurchase Price	53.0958	53.16	53.00	51.05	51.86
Highest offer price per unit	57.0442	58.76	60.30	53.02	53.28
Lowest offer price per unit	54.2372	54.45	52.46	51.56	51.50
Highest Redemption price per unit	55.7835	57.21	58.69	51.59	51.85
Lowest Redemption price per unit	53.0385	53.01	51.06	50.79	50.80
Distribution per unit – Rs. *	2.75	4.25	5.00	3.80	3.55
Average Annual Return - %					
One year	5.06	8.33	13.63	8.73	7.20
Two year	6.70	10.98	11.18	7.97	9.81
Three year	9.01	10.23	9.85	9.45	11.29
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	60.83	88.11	117.66	98.30	53.96
Distribution made during the year - Rs. in million	63.77	102	82	98.30	53.96
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	57.12	(21.48)	36.12	-	-
Weighted average Portfolio Duration (years)	2.20	2.20	3.50	1.9	1.6

* Date of Distribution

2017	
Date	Rate
June 22, 2017	2.75

2016		
Date	Rate	
June 27, 2016	4.25	
2014		
Date	Rate	
July 25, 2013	0.29	
August 23, 2013	0.30	
September 25, 2013	0.32	
October 25, 2013	0.32	
November 25,2013	0.33	
December 24, 2013	0.30	
January 24, 2014	0.39	
February 25, 2014	0.35	
March 25, 2014	0.36	
April 25, 2014	0.42	
May 25, 2014	0.42	

2015	
Date	Rate
June 22, 2015	5.00

2013	
Date	Rate
July 25, 2012	0.30
August 25, 2012	0.26
September 25, 2012	0.13
October 25, 2012	0.13
November 25,2012	0.45
December 24, 2012	0.37
January 25, 2013	0.51
February 25, 2013	0.30
March 25, 2013	0.34
April 25, 2013	0.40
May 25, 2013	0.35

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited Head Office: 24th Floor, Centrepoint, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi-74900 UAN: (+92-21) 11-11-62224 (11-11-MCB-AH), 111-468-378 (111-INVEST), Fax: (+92-21) 35316080, 35316081, URL: www.mcbah.com, Email: info@mcbah.com