

ANNUAL 2018 REPORT

Funds Under Management of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited



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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company

MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited 24th Floor, Centre Point, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Board of Directors Mian Muhammad Mansha Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Vice Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah Mr. Haroun Rashid Director Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Director Mr. Samad A. Habib Director Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg Director Director

Audit Committee Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg Member

Mr. Nasim Beg Member

Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg **Risk Management Committee** Chairman Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member

Mr. Nasim Beg Member

Human Resource & Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah Chairman **Remuneration Committee** Mr. Nasim Beg Member Mr. Haroun Rashid Member Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Member

Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Operating Officer & Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Abdul Basit

Trustee Central Depositary Company of Pakistan Ltd.

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'S.M.C.H.S Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcpakistan.com

Bankers MCB Bank Limited

Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited

Silk Bank Limited

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Auditors

Chartered Acountant

Cavish Court, A-35, Block-7 & 8,

KCHSU, Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi-75350.

Legal Advisor

Bawaney & Partners3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi

Transfer Agent MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centrepoint, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Rating AM2++Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, We are pleased to present Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Economy & Money Market Review

FY18 has been a rollercoaster ride of contradicting economic indicators with benign inflation and healthy LSM growth positively contributed to the economy, while mounting fiscal pressure, falling FX reserves, and political turmoil created a negative impact on the economy. Upward trending global commodity prices, especially rising crude oil prices, further added to the woes of the local economy.

GDP growth is expected to set at a record 10 years high of ~5.7% supported by a robust industrial and services sector growth. The marked end of power crises along with easing monetary cycle has led to an expansion in LSM growth which is expected to post a growth of ~7% for FY18. Inflation as measured by CPI has averaged ~4.0% owing to adequate supply of commodities and a stable currency during the most part of the year. However, for FY19, we expect CPI to jack up to average of ~7.5% owing to rising commodity prices along with weakness in currency. Furthermore, the weaker currency is also expected to shoot up the core inflation above 8.0%.

External sector has been the Achilles heel as a record high current account deficit along with financial flows by both bilateral and multilateral institutions have caused a scarcity of dollars. Current account deficit soared to USD 18 billion, nearly 5.8% of the GDP raising alarm bells for the economy. As a result of which, foreign exchange reserves of SBP have depleted by USD 6.5 bn during FY18 to USD 9.7 bn, providing a mere import coverage of ~2.0x. By large, Pakistan could be heading towards another IMF program during the second quarter of next fiscal year unless significant flows are generated via the amnesty scheme.

During FY18 State Bank of Pakistan increased Policy Rate by a cumulative 75bps mainly due to ballooning twin deficits, declining real interest rates and rapid increase in imports. In anticipation of an interest rate hike, bond yield curve showed an upward trajectory particularly during the second half of FY18. Pace of widening trade deficit remained alarmingly high which kept on diluting Forex reserves, keeping investors away from longer tenor securities. To extend maturity profile SBP introduced Floater rate 10 year bond with a base rate of 6-month MTB weighted average yield. Healthy participation of PKR 174 billion was witnessed in the very first auction of 10 year Floater bond out of which a total of PKR 20 billion was accepted at a rate of benchmark + 50 bps. Liquidity remained comfortable throughout FY18 owing to regular OMOs conducted by SBP. Scarcity of Shariah Compliant avenues continued in period under review as there was no fresh issuance of Ijara SUKUK despite ample liquidity in the market.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period, ALHDDF generated a return of 4.97% as compared to a return of 2.36% witnessed by the Benchmark, outperforming the benchmark by 2.61%. The Fund kept its exposure in cash at 99.6% towards the period end. The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2018 stood at Rs. 502 million. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2018 was Rs. 100.00.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

For the next year, the economic growth is expected to slightly slow down as a weak currency and tighter monetary policy will rein on the consumption patterns. However, increased power supply along with the documentation of economy will provide a respite to the economic managers during this critical juncture. We share the optimism on better governance & long term prospects for economic revival amid more focused and sincere efforts to address chronic issues on economic front by the new government; however, the path is likely to be tough and with a number of potentially un-popular policy steps. Given initial plans of PTI (ruling party) some sense of policy steps can be expected but given the precarious economic conditions, we think immediate term measures to address twin deficits are critical. Fiscal side is also expected to weaken as reckless spending by the government will cause fiscal deficit to cross above 6.0% of GDP. Given pressures on the external front along with rising inflation, State Bank is expected to further tighten the monetary policy, with 100 bps already increased, which shall result in higher debt servicing cost for the government during the next fiscal year. Along with entry to the IMF program, which will aim to curtail the fiscal deficit, developmental expenditures will be sharply cut during the next year.

On the equity side, post elections, we shall closely monitor the environment to incorporate the new policy guidance as it becomes available. In broader terms, we believe, the last two years market performance (down approx. 20% from peaklevels) has reflected the concerns on political and economic direction & also reflected in performance of cyclical

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

stocks where correction in stock prices is even sharper. We continue to reiterate our stance that current levels offer little downside potential which puts in a lot of comfort for long term investors. We believe upside in stocks shall unveil only gradually as confidence reigns back and economic policies shape the outlook in the expected manner. Therefore, going forward, stocks offer long term investment opportunity with rewards for patient investors. We continue to track trends in the economic indicators of the country and adjust our portfolio accordingly. Our Top-Down analysis favors sectors that benefit from currency depreciation and higher interest rates; however, we cannot ignore the individual company dynamics along with their prices that can play an important role in security selection.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. With seven (7) non-executive directors including three (3) independent Directors on the Board, as governing body of the Management Company, the Board is accountable to the unit holders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- h. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.
- j. All the directors have completed the Directors Training Programme course or are exempt from attending training course due to sufficient working experience.
- k. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations are enclosed.
- I. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below is the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2018:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, nine (9) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

Name of Persons		Number	Number of meetings			
		of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	9	9	6	3	
2.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	9	9	9	-	
3.	Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	7	2	
4.	Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	9	9	7	2	

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, five (5) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Name of Persons		Number	Nui	Number of meetings			
		of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted		
1.	Dr. Syed Salman Shah	5	5	5	_		
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	5	5	5	_		
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	5	5	5	-		
4.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	5	5	3	2		
5.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem -C	EO 5	5	5	-		

- 3. In the meeting held on September 14, 2018, the Risk Committee of the Board was formed consisting of the following members:
 - (i) Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg Chairmen
 - (ii) Mr. Nasim Beg
 - (iii) Mr. Ahmed Jahangir

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors, Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants, have retired during the year & Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants have been appointed as an external auditors of the fund for financial year ending June 30, 2019. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants has also expressed their willingness to act as the fund auditors.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

Muhammad Saqib Saleem
Chief Executive Officer

September 14, 2018

Nasim Beg Director / Vice Chairman

2. ہیومن ریبورس اینڈ رمیوزیشن کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریبورس اینڈ رمیونریش کمیٹی کی یا نچ (05) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد				
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	5	5	5	1. ڈاکٹر سیّد سلمان شاہ
-	5	5	5	2. جناب نیم بیگ
-	5	5	5	3. جناب احمد جها نگیر
2	3	5	5	4. جناب ہارون رشید
_	5	5	5	5. جناب محمد ثا قب سليم (سي اى او)

3. ستمبر 14، 2018 کے منعقد میٹنگ میں بورڈ کی رسک کمیٹی کا قیام کیا گیا ہے، جس کے اراکین مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

1 جناب مرزاقمربیگ - چیئرمین

2 جناب نسيم بيك 3 جناب احمر جهانگير

خارجي آ ڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز''ڈیلائیٹ یوسف عادل چارٹرڈا کا ونٹنٹس'' چارٹرڈا کا ونٹنٹس دورانِ سال ریٹائر ہوگئے ہیں اور 30 جون 2019 عکواختتام پذیر ہونے والے سال کے لئے فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز کے طوریز' ای وائے فورڈ رھوڈ ز' عار ٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس کی تقرری کی گئی ہے۔ ای وائے فورڈ رھوڈ زنے بھی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طوریرکام کرنے کے لئے رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔

ا ظهارتشكّر

بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز فنڈ کے گراں قدرسر مایہ کاروں،سکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایمبی پینے نمیشن آف یا کستان اور فنڈ کے ٹرسٹیز کی مسلسل معاونت اور پیشت پناہی کے لئے شکر گزار ہے۔علاوہ ازیں، ڈائر کیٹرزمینجمنٹ ٹیم کی کوششوں کوبھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

من جانب ڈائر یکٹرز،

چيف ايگزيکڻوآ فيسر

14 ستمبر 2018ء

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے انتظامی ادارے کی حیثیت سے عمدہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے لئے یونٹ ہولڈرز کو جوابدہ ہے۔انتظامیہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہءاخلاق کی بہترین طریقوں سے متعلق شقوں کی ،خاص طوریر نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز کی خودمختاری کے حوالے سے، بدستو تقبیل کررہی ہے۔

ذیل میں کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ واخلاق کی شرائط کی قبیل کے لئے خصوصی بیانات دیئے جارہے ہیں:

a. مالیاتی گوشوار بے فنڈ کے معاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ، نقذ کی آ مدورفت اورا یکوٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ ع کاسی کرتے ہیں۔

b. فنڈ کی درُست بگس آف ا کا وَنٹس تیار کی گئی ہیں۔

c مالياتي گوشواروں كى تيارى ميں موزوں اكا ؤنٹنگ ياليسيوں كااطلاق كيا گيا ہے اورا كاؤنٹنگ تخيينے معقول اورمختاط اندازوں رپېنى ميں۔

d. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیار، جس حد تک ان کا پاکستان میں اطلاق ہوتا ہے، نان بینکنگ فنانس کمپنیز (اسٹاہشمنٹ اینڈریگیولیشنز، 2008ء، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ Deeds کی شرائطاور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ اینڈریگیولیشنز، 2008ء، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ Deeds کی شرائطاور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ اینڈریگیولیشنز، 2008ء، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ کا کو میرانگی کی گئے ہے۔

- انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام شکام خطوط پراستواراورمؤ ژانداز میں نافذ کیا گیاہےاوراس کی مؤثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے،اوراسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں۔
 - f. فنڈ کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں۔
 - g. کار پوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین روایات ہے کوئی قابلِ ذکر انحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔
 - h. واجبُ الا داءٌ سيسز، ڈیوٹیز محصولات اور چار جز (اگر کوئی ہیں تو) ملحقہ آ ڈٹشدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور برخلا ہر کیے گئے ہیں۔
- i. پراویڈنٹ / گریچوکٹی فنڈ اور پینشن فنڈ میں سر مایہ کاریوں کی مالیت کے اشیٹمنٹ کا اطلاق فنڈ پڑئییں ہوتا کیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے، چنانچیڈ ائر کیٹرزر پورٹ میں اس حوالے سے کوئی معلومات ظاہر نہیں کی گئی ہیں۔
 - j. تمام ڈائز کیٹرز' ڈائز کیٹرزٹر نینگ بروگرام'' مکمل کر چکے ہیں یا خاطرخواہ تج بے کی بنیاد برتر ہیتی کورس میں شرکت ہے مشتثیٰ ہیں۔
 - k. این بی ایف سی کے قواعد وضوا بط کے تحت مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی خا کہ کمتی ہے۔
- ا. بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی میٹنگ میں حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں پیش کی گئی ہیں۔ 30 جون 2018 وکوختم ہونے والے سال کے دوران ہونے والی کمیٹی میٹنگز کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

1. آڈٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ دوران سال آڈٹ کمیٹی کی نو (9) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
3	6	9	9	1. جناب ہارون رشید
-	9	9	9	2. جناب احمد جهانگير
2	7	9	9	3. جناب شيم بيگ
2	7	9	9	4. مرزامحرقمربیگ

فنڈکی کارکردگی

دورانِ مدّت فنڈنے %4.97 منافع حاصل کیا جومقررہ معیار %2.36 کے مقابلے میں %2.61 زیادہ ہے۔ فنڈنے اختیام مدّت پر نقد میں شمولیت %99.6 رکھی۔

30 جون 2018ء کوفنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 502 ملین روپے تھے، جبکہ net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (NAV) فی یونٹ 100 روپے تھی۔

متنقبل كامنظر

ا گلے سال معاثی ترقی میں پھے ست رفتاری متوقع ہے کیونکہ کھیت کے رجمان پر کمزور روپیہ اور ننگ مالیاتی پالیسی کا راج رہے گا۔ تاہم زیادہ بحلی کی فراہمی کے ساتھ ساتھ معیشت کی دستاویزی کی بدولت اس اہم موڑ پر معاثی منظمین کو سہولت میسر ہوگی۔ دیرینہ مسائل کے مل کے لیے نئی حکومت کی مرکوز اور مخلصانہ کو ششوں کے پیشِ نظر ہم بہتر طرزِ حکومت اور معاثی بحالی کے طویل المیعاد امکانات کے حوالے سے پُر اُمید ہیں، تاہم راستہ دُشوار اور پالیسی میں متعدد نالینندیدہ اقد امات سے پُر ہوسکتا ہے۔ پاکستان تحریکِ انصاف (حکمر ان جماعت) کے ابتدائی منصوبوں کی روشن میں بہتر پالیسی اقد امات کی توقع کی جاسکتی ہے، لیکن خطر ناک معاشی حالات کے پیشِ نظر ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ فوری میعادوالے اقد امات بے حدضروری ہیں تا کہ جڑواں خساروں پر توجہ دی جاسکے۔

مالیاتی جہت میں بھی ضعف متوقع ہے کیونکہ حکومت کے بے در لیخ خرج کے باعث مالیاتی خسارہ مجموعی ملکی پیداوار (GDP) کے 6.0% سے تجاوز کر جائے گا۔خارجی رُٹ پر متعدد دباؤ کے ساتھ ساتھ افراطِ زر میں اضافے کے پیش نظر اسٹیٹ بینک کی جانب سے مالیاتی پالیسی میں مزید تختی متوقع ہے، جبکہ 100 bps اضافہ پہلے ہی ہو چکا ہے،جس کے نتیج میں حکومت کے لیے اگلے مالی سال کے دوران قرضوں کی واپسی کی لاگت میں اضافہ ہوجائے گا۔ آئی ایم ایف پروگرام میں داخلے کے ساتھ ساتھ، جس کا مقصد مالیاتی خسارے میں کی ہوگا، ترقیاتی اخراجات میں بھی اگلے سال تیزی سے کی کی جائے گی۔

ا یموٹی کی جہت پرانتخابات کے بعدہم ماحول کی باریک بنی سے گرانی کریں گے تاکہ پالیسی کے حوالے سے نئی راہنمائی کے دستیاب ہوتے ہی اس پرعملدرآ مدکر سکیس۔وسیع تر تناظر میں ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ مارکیٹ کی گزشتہ دو برسوں کی کارکردگی (اونچی ترین سطے سے تقریبًا 20% کم) سیاسی اور محاثی سمت پر خدشات کی عکاسی ہوئی ہے، اور دورانی اسٹاکس کی کارکردگی کی بھی عکاسی ہوئی ہے جہاں اسٹاکس کی قیمتوں میں تھیجے ہیں کہ اسٹاکس میں ترقی بتدرت کا ظاہر ہوگی جب اعتماد ہوگا ہوگی دوراستعداد ہے جس کی بدولت طویل المیعادس مابیکاروں کو خاطر خواہ سہولت فراہم ہوتی ہے۔ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ اسٹاکس میں ترقی بتدرت کا ظاہر ہوگی جب اعتماد ہوگا اور معاشی پالیسیاں حالات کوتو قعات کے مطابق ڈھالیس گی۔ چنانچہ آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے اسٹاکس طویل المیعاد سرمایہ کاری کا موقع فراہم کرتے ہیں جس میں صبر کے ساتھ چلنے والے سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے منافع ہوگا۔ہم بدستور ملک کی محاشی علامات کے رجیانات پر نظر رکھ کران کے مطابق اپنے دائرہ کار میں تبدیلیاں لارہ جبیں۔ہمارا میں تاہم ،ہم کمپنی کے انفرادی عناصراوران کی قیمتوں کو خطرانداز نہیں کر سکتے جن سے سکیورٹی کے انتخاب میں اہم کردارادا ہوسکتا ہے۔

كار پورىپ گورنىنس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیارات نافذ کرنے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے۔سات (7) نان ایکز کیٹوڈ ائر کیٹر زہشمول تین (3) خودمختار ڈائر کیٹر پر مشتل بورڈ

عزيز سرماييكار

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے الحمراء ڈیلی ڈیویڈنڈ فنڈ کے 30 جون 2018ء کواختیام پذیر ہونے والے سال کے اکاؤنٹس کا جائزہ پیشِ خدمت ہے۔

معيشت اور بازار زركا جائزه

مالی سال 2018ء متضاد معاشی علامات کے مدو جزر سے بھر پورر ہا۔ مُفید افراطِ زراور LSM کی خاطر خواہ ترقی نے معیشت میں مثبت کر دارادا کیا جبکہ بڑھتے ہوئے مالیاتی دباؤ، غیر ملکی زرِ مبادلہ کے گھٹتے ہوئے ذخائر اور سیاسی ہلچل نے منفی اثرات مریّب کیے۔عالمی اشیاء، خصوصًا خام تیل، کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں نے ملکی معیشت کے مسائل میں مزیدا ضافہ کیا۔

مجموع مکی پیداوار (GDP) میں %5.7 ترتی متوقع ہے جوگزشتہ دہائی کی سب سے اونچی سطے ہے، اور اس میں صنعتی اور خدمات کے شعبے کی بھر پور ترتی کی معاونت شامل ہے۔ بجلی کے بحران کے خاتے اور مالیاتی چگر میں نرمی کے نتیج میں LSM کی ترقی میں وسعت ہوئی ہے جو مالی سال 2018ء میں %7 متوقع ہے۔ اور ان اشیاء کی خاطر خواہ فرا نہی اور مشحکم روپے کی بدولت ہے۔ حالا کی صورت میں پیائش کردہ افر اطِ زر کا اوسط %4.0 ہے جو سال کے اکثر جھے کے دوران اشیاء کی خاطر خواہ فرا نہی اور مشحکم روپے کی بدولت ہے۔ تاہم مالی سال 2019ء کے لیے توقع ہے کہ اشیاء کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں اور روپے میں ضعف کے باعث CPI بڑھ کر %7.5 اوسط تک بڑھی جائے گا۔ مزید بران، کمزور روپیہ متوقع طور پر افراطِ زرکو %8.0 سے اونچی سطح پر لے جائے گا۔

خارجی شعبہ نازک مقام رہا کیونکہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کے اب تک کے سب سے زیادہ خسارے کے ساتھ ساتھ دوجہتی اور کثیر الجہتی ، دونوں قتم کے اداروں کی جانب سے مالیاتی آمدورفت کے باعث ڈالر میں قلت ہوگئ ہے۔ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ 18 بلین ڈالر تک پہنچ گیا، یعنی GDP کا تقریبًا %5.8 ، جومعیشت کے لیے خطرے کی تھنٹی ہے۔ اس کے نتیج میں مالی سال 2018ء کے دوران اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے غیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر 6.5 بلین ڈالر کم ہوکر 9.7 بلین ڈالر دہ گئے ، جس سے صرف 2.0x درآمداتی تلافی فراہم ہوئی۔ مجموعی طور پراگلے مالی سال کی دوسری سے ماہی کے دوران پاکستان ایک اور IMF پروگرام کے رُخ پرگامزن ہوسکتا ہے، سوائے اس کے کھائیسٹی اسکیم کے ذریعے خاطر خواہ آمدورفت پیدا کی جائے۔

مالی سال 2018ء کے دوران اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے پاکسی شرح میں مجموعی طور پر 75 bps اضافہ کیا جس کی بنیادی وجہ بڑھتے ہوئے جڑواں خسارے ،ریئل انٹریسٹ کی گھٹی ہوئی شرحیں، اور تیزی سے بڑھتی ہوئی درآمدات ہیں۔ انٹریسٹ کی شرحوں میں تیزر فاراضا نے کے امکانات کے باعث بانڈکی آمدنی کاخم اوپر کی طرف گیا، خصوصًا مالی سال 2018ء کی دوسری سے ماہی کے دوران ۔ تجارتی خسارے میں اضافے کی رفتار خوفناک حدتک تیزر ہی جس کے باعث غیر ملکی زرِ مبادلہ کے ذخائر متاثر ہوئے اور سرمایہ کاروں نے طویل المیعاد سیکیورٹیز میں دلچیسی کا اظہار نہیں کیا۔ میچورٹی کے دائر ہکار میں توسیع کے لیے اسٹیٹ بینک نے فلوٹر ریٹ میں اوسط منافع ہے۔ 10 سالہ فلوٹر بانڈکی سب سے پہلی نیلامی میں ریٹ 10 سالہ بانڈ متعارف کرایا جس کا معمول میں سے 20 بلین روپی خوارک اور کی جر پورشرکت دیکھی گئی جس میں سے 20 بلین روپی خوارک کی بدولت نقذیت میں سہولت رہی۔ زیرِ جائزہ مدّت میں شریعت سے ہم آہنگ مواقع کی قلات رہی کیونکہ مارکیٹ میں خاطر خواہ نقذیت کے باوجود تازہ اجارہ نہیں کیا گیا۔

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Fund Type and Category

Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund is an Open-End Shariah Compliant (Islamic) Income Scheme.

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for ALHDDF is Six (6) months average deposits rates of three (3) A rated Scheduled Islamic Banks or Islamic windows of Conventional Banks as selected by MUFAP

Investment Objective

The scheme is aimed at meeting investors' short to medium term investment requirements. The scheme seeks to provide investors' a daily dividend through investment in Shariah Compliant instruments.

Investment Strategy

The Fund shall be subject to such exposure limits as are specified in the Rules, the Regulations and directives issued by SECP from time to time. The Fund will distribute daily dividend to the unit holders, which will be reinvested as agreed upon by the unit holders.

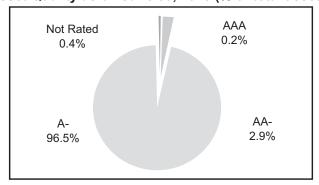
Manager's Review

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 4.97% as against its benchmark return of 2.36%. The fund was 99.6% invested in cash. The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2018 stood at Rs. 502 million. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2018 was Rs. 100

Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2018 (% of total assets)

Particulars	June18
Cash	99.6%
T-Bills	0.0%
Others including receivables	0.4%

Asset Quality as on June 30, 2018 (% of total assets)



Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal Fund Manager

Karachi: September 14th, 2018

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com





TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

ALHAMRA DAILY DIVIDEND FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

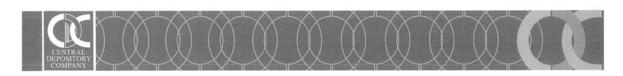
We Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund for the period from April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Aftab Ahmed Diwan Chief Executive Officer

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: September 19, 2018



REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY BOARD

REPORT OF THE SHARIAH ADVISORY BOARD

Alhamdulillah, We the Shariah Advisory Board of Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund (the Fund), are issuing this report in accordance with the Offering document of the Fund. The scope of the report is to express an opinion on the Shariah compliance of the Fund's activities.

It is the responsibility of M/s MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments limited (MCBAH), the management company of the fund, to establish and maintain a system of internal controls to ensure compliance with Shariah guidelines. Our responsibility is to express an opinion, based on our review of the representation made by the management, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified.

A review is limited primarily to inquire to the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the management company to comply with prescribed criteria. In the light of the above, we hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed and approved the modes of investment of ALHDDF in the light of the Shariah guidelines.
- All the provisions of the scheme and investments made on account of ALHDDF by Management Company are Shariah Compliant and in accordance with the criteria established.
- On the basis of information provided by the Management Company, all the operations of ALHDDF for the period from April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 have been in compliance with Shariah principles.

May Allah bless us with Tawfeeq to accomplish these cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the hereafter, and forgive our mistakes.

Karachi: September 14, 2018

Dr Muhammad Zubair Usmani

For and on behalf of Shariah Advisory Board

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21-3454 1314

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS **Op**.deloitte.com ALHAMRA DAILY DIVIDEND FUND

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2018 and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movements in unit holder's fund, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies for the period from April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 (the period).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2018 and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standard Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the ICAP) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Pakistan, and have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our audit report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

THA

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

Responsibilities of Management Company and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Company is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management Company either intends to liquidate the Fund or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance of the Management Company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Management Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

RA

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

We also provide those charged with governance of the Management Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance of the Management Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hena Sadiq.

Peloitte Young Adul Chartered Accountants

Date: September 14, 2018

Place: Karachi

Member of

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees in '000
ASSETS		
Balances with banks Profit and other receivable Total assets	5 6	500,330 1,785 502,115
LIABILITIES		
Payable to Management Company Accrued expenses and other liabilities Total liabilities	7	198 167 365
NET ASSETS		501,750
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)		501,750
Contingencies and Commitments	8	
		(Number of units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE		5,017,498
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	4.11	100

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	From April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 (Rupees in '000)
INCOME		
Profit on bank deposits		1,751
Total income		1,751
EXPENSES		
Remuneration of Management Company Sindh Sales tax and Federal Excise Duty on Management fee Provision for SWWF Total expenses	9	334 44 27 405
Net income for the period before taxation		1,346
Taxation	10	-
Net income for the period		1,346
Allocation of net income for the period: Net income for the period Income already distributed		1,346 (1,346)
Accounting income available for distribution - Relating to capital gains - Excluding capital gains		- -

Earnings per unit 4.10

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018

From April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 (Rupees in '000)

Net income for the period after taxation 1,346

Other comprehensive income for the period

Items may be reclassified to profit and loss account
Total comprehensive income for the period 1,346

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018

Note	FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018			
		(Rupees in '000)		
	Capital Value	Undistributed income	Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) 'available for sale' investments	Total
Net assets at beginning of the period	-	-	-	-
Issue of 6,484,198 units - Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the beginning of the period) @ Rs. 100	648,420	-	-	648,420
- Element of income	-	-	-	-
Total proceeds from issuance of units	648,420	-	-	648,420
Redemption of 1,466,700 units - Capital value (at net asset value per unit at the				
beginning of the period) @ Rs. 100 - Amount paid out of element of income	(146,670)	-	-	(146,670)
- Relating to 'Net income for the period after taxation'		-	-	-
- Relating to 'Other comprehensive income for the period'	-	-		-
 Refund / (adjustment) on units as element of income Total payments on redemption of units 	(146,670)	-	-	(146,670)
Total comprehensive income for the period Distribution during the period	-	1,346	-	1,346
Net income / (loss) for the period less distribution	-	(1,346)	-	(1,346)
Net assets at end of the period	501,750	-	-	501,750
Accounting income available for distribution - Relating to capital gains - Excluding capital gains		- 1,346 1,346		
Distribution during the period		(1,346)		
Undistributed income carried forward		-	•	
Undistributed income carried forward - Realised - Unrealised		- -		
		-	ı	(Rupees)
Net assets value per unit at begining of the period			=	100
Net assets value per unit at end of the period			-	100
The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financi	al statements.			
Ear MCD Arif Habib Cavina				

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	From April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 (Rupees in '000)
Net income for the period		1,346
Adjustments for non cash and other items: Provision for Sindh workers' welfare fund		27
Increase in assets Profit and other receivable		(1,785)
Increase in liabilities Payable to Management Company Accrued expenses and other liabilities		198 140 338
Net cash used in operating activities	Α	(74)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Cash distribution		648,420 (146,670) (1,346)
Net cash generated from from financing activities	В	500,404
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B)	500,330
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	5.	500,330

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund(the Fund) was established through a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (now MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited), as Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on August 07, 2017 and was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on July 30, 2017 in accordance with Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules 2003 through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 24th Floor, Centre Point, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, Near KPT Interchange, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-end mutual fund and has been categorised as 'Islamic Income Scheme' by the Board of Directors of the Management Company and offers units for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. The fund was launched on April 10, 2018.
- 1.4 The Fund shall primarily invest in Shariah compliant money market investment and debt securities having good credit rating and liquidity.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of AM2++ dated December 28, 2017 to the Management Company. Quality rating for the fund performance has not been assigned yet.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- **2.1** These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of :
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
 - Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (The NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (The NBFC Regulations) and requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC rules, the NBFC Regulations and requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS Standers, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulation and requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.2 This is the first year of operation of the fund, therefore, no comparatives have been produced in these financial statements.

2.3 Applicability of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In July 2014 IASB issued a revised version of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' which supersedes all its previous versions and is mandatorily effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The SECP has adopted the IFRS 9 effectively from July 1, 2018 and will be applicable for the Fund as well.

Key requirements of IFRS 9:

- debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows,

and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under IFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

- with regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, IFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of a financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of such changes in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under IAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss is presented in profit or loss.
- in relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under IAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- the new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting mechanisms currently available in IAS 39. Under IFRS 9, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an 'economic relationship'. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

Based on an analysis of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2018 on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at that date, the Management of the Asset Management Company has assessed the impact of IFRS 9 to the Fund's financial statements as follows:

Classification and measurement

As at June 30, 2018 the fund has no investment in shariah compliant debt instruments and government securities, classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' or 'available-for-sale'. If the fund has investment in any of the classification (FVTPL or FVTOCI) would be measured as follows:

- Shariah compliant debt instruments classified as 'at Fair value through Profit or Loss' investments carried at fair value held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the notes in the open market, and the notes' contractual terms give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal outstanding. Accordingly, the unlisted debt securities will continue to be subsequently measured at FVTPL upon the application of IFRS 9, and the fair value gains or losses and gains or losses on Derecognition of such investments will be recognised in profit or loss:
- All other financial assets and financial liabilities will continue to be measured on the same bases as is currently adopted under IAS 39.

Impairment

The SECP/Commission has through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/RS/MUFAP/2017-148 dated November 21, 2017 has deferred the applicability of the impairment requirements of IFRS 9 for debt securities on mutual funds. Therefore the Fund will not be subject to the impairment provisions of IFRS 9.

Apart from the above, the Management does not anticipate that the application of the IFRS 9 accounting requirements will have a material impact on the Fund's financial statements.

2.4 Amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018

The following amendments are effective for the year ended June 30, 2018. These amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments	Effective date (accounting period beginning on or
Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Amendments as a result of the disclosure initiative	January 01, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	January 01, 2017
Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Disclosure initiative	January 1, 2016

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

Amendments to IFRS that are not yet effective

associates and joint ventures

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' - Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 01, 2019
IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - This standard will supersede IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement upon its effective date.	July 01, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' - Amendments regarding prepayment features with negative compensation and modifications of financial liabilities	January 01, 2019
IFRS 15 'Revenue' - This standard will supersede IAS 18, IAS 11, IFRIC 13,	July 01, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after a date to be determined. Earlier application is permitted.
Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Amendments regarding long-term interests in	January 01, 2019

Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property

IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts': Amendments regarding the interaction of IFRS 4 and IFRS 9.

January 01, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

An entity choosing to apply the overlay approach retrospectively to qualifying financial assets does so when it first applies IFRS 9. An entity choosing to apply the deferral approach does so for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' - Amendments regarding plan amendments, curtailments or settlements.

IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides guidance on transactions where consideration against non-monetary prepaid asset / deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

January 01, 2019

January 01, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

January 1, 2019

Certain annual improvements have also been made to a number of IFRSs.

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39: 'Financial Instruments': Recognition and Measurement'.

3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Fund's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification and valuation of investments and impairment there against (note 4.1 and 4.3).

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

4. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied except as explained in note 4.1 below:

4.1 Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

a) Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

An instrument is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if the Fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised in the Income Statement.

All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities.

b) Available-for-sale

Available for sale are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any other category.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund as 'at fair value through profit or loss' or 'available for sale'.

Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention such as 'T+2' purchases and sales are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial assets.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract.

Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instruments. Transaction costs on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are expensed out immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss and available

for sale are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets as at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of financial instruments classified as available-for-sale are recognised in 'Other Comprehensive Income' until derecognised or impaired, when the accumulated adjustments recognised in "Other Comprehensive Income" are included in the 'Income Statement'. The financial instruments classified as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any.

Fair value measurement principles

Investment in debt securities are valued at the rates determined and notified by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) as per the methodology prescribed by SECP via Circular 1 of 2009, Circular 3 of 2010, Circular 33 of 2012 and Circular 35 of 2012. These Circulars also specify the criteria for application of discretionary discount to yield of any debt security calculated by MUFAP and contain criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

Investment in thinly and non-traded debt securities with maturity up to six months are valued at their amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Circular 1 of 2009 as amended by Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP. The provisioning policy has been duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

Basis of valuation of Government Securities

The investment of the Fund in government securities is valued on the basis of rates announced by the Financial Market Association of Pakistan, except the Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuks, which are valued on the basis of rates announced by Reuters.

Net gains and losses arising on changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets are taken to the 'Other Comprehensive Income' until these are derecognized or impaired. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in the 'Other Comprehensive Income' is transferred to the 'Income Statement'.

4.2 Impairment

Financial assets not carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of asset and that loss events had an impact on the future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognised in Income Statement. Any subsequent decrease in impairment loss on debt securities classified as available-for-sale is recognised in Income Statement.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has formulated a comprehensive policy for making provision against non-performing investments in compliance with Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by SECP.

4.3 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

4.4 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.5 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities. Financial liabilities other than those at 'fair value through profit and loss' are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

4.6 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

4.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.8 Other assets

Other assets are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.9 Taxation

Current

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provision of Section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

"The Fund provides for deferred taxation using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the amounts used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Fund also records deferred tax asset on unutilized tax losses to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. However, the Fund has not recognized any amount in respect of deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund and intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years as well by distributing at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realized or unrealised, to its unit holders every year."

4.10 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.11 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

4.12 Unit holders' fund

Unit holders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the net asset value representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund assets.

4.13 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company. Transaction costs are recorded as the income of the Fund.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable on units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours on that day. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.14 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

"An equalisation account called the element of income / (loss) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed is created, in order to prevent the dilution of per unit income and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

Element of income / (loss) represents the difference between net assets value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period.

Further, the element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income shall be taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net assets value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund will be refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

On redemption of units, element of income is paid on units redeemed from element of income contributed by unit holders on issue of units (i.e. return of capital) or the element of income is paid from the income earned by the fund or the element of income is partly paid out of element of income contributed by unit holders (i.e. return of capital) and partly from the income earned by the fund. "

4.15 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Markup on government securities is recognised on an time proportion basis
- Income on debt securities (including government securities) is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and derivatives are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Profit on bank deposits and term deposit receipts is recognised on time proportion basis.

4.16 Expenses

The expense including Management fee is recognised in the Income Statement on accrual basis.

4.17 Dividend distribution and appropriation

All net profit shall be distributed on daily basis and that dividend shall be re-invested after deducting applicable taxes. By, distributing dividend on daily basis, Management Company shall ensure that annual total distribution in an accounting period accumulates to an amount that is required under the tax laws and under regulation in force.

4.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of deposits and current accounts maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

		Note	2018 (Rupees in '000)
5.	BALANCES WITH BANKS		
	Savings account Current account	5.1	499,533 797
			500,330
5.1	These carry mark-up at rates ranging between 6% to 6.5% per annum		
6.	Profit and other receivable		
	Receivable from management company Profit receivable on saving deposits Other receivable	6.1	19 693 1,073
			1,785

6.1 These represent bank charges receivable from management company as per Offering Document.

		Note	(Rupees in '000)
7.	ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
	Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Withholding tax on dividend Dividend payable	7.1	27 43 97
			167

7.1 Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund

The Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) had asked mutual funds in January 2016 to register and pay Sindh Workers Welfare Fund (SWWF) for the accounting year closing on or after December 31, 2013. MUFAP reviewed the issue and based on an opinion dated August 2016 decided that SWWF is not applicable on mutual funds as they are neither financial institutions as required by SWWF Act, 2014, nor establishments but only pass through vehicles and hence, do not have any worker and no SWWF is payable by them. This fact has been communicated to SRB who have responded on November 11, 2016 that as mutual funds are included in definition of financial institutions in The Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finance) Ordinance, 2001, SWWF is payable by them. MUFAP has taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have mutual funds excluded from SWWF.

MUFAP has also obtained a legal opinion that SWWF, if applicable, can only be applied from the date of enactment of SWWF Act, 2014, i.e. May 21, 2015. Accordingly, on January 12, 2017, MUFAP decided to provide for SWWF with effect from May 21, 2015, while the efforts to exclude mutual funds from SWWF continue. The aggregated balance of SWWF in the book of accounts of funds as of June 30, 2018 is Rs. 0.03 million. Had this provision not been made, the NAV of the fund would have been higher by Rs. 0.0055.

2018

The SECP has also concurred with the directions issued by MUFAP through its letter no. SCD/AMCW/MUFAP/2017 - 405 dated February 01, 2017.

8. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contigencies and commitments as at June 30, 2018 other than those disclosed in note 7.1.

			From April 10 2018 to June 30, 2018
9.	REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT COMPANY	Note	(Rupees in '000)
	Management fee	9.1	334

9.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration, during the first five years of the Fund of an amount not exceeding 3% percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund and thereafter, of an amount equal to 1.5% percent of such assets of the Fund and, in any case, it shall not exceed the limit prescribed by the NBFC Regulations, 2008. Management company has charged the fee at the lower of 20% of the gross earnings of the scheme calculated on a daily basis not exceeding the maximum rate of remuneration permitted under the Rules & Regulations. Provided that Fund is subject to a minimum fee of 0.25% of the average daily net assets of the Scheme.

10. TAXATION

10.1 The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations,2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. Since the management has distributed the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, accordingly no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

11. INTERIM DISTRIBUTION

The fund makes distribution on daily basis and has made the following distribution during the period.

		В	onus	Cash	Total
Date	Rate per unit	Units	Amount	Distribution	
				Rupees in '000	
April 10, 2018	Re.0.0042	_	_	4	4
April 11, 2018	Re.0.0124	_	_	13	13
April 12, 2018	Re.0.0123	_	_	13	13
April 13, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	_	13	13
April 14, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	_	13	13
April 15, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	_	13	13
April 16, 2018	Re.0.0121	_	_	13	13
April 17, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	-	13	13
April 18, 2018	Re.0.0124	_	-	14	14
April 19, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	-	14	14
April 20, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	-	14	14
April 21, 2018	Re.0.0125	-	-	14	14
April 22, 2018	Re.0.0125	-	-	14	14
April 23, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	-	15	15
April 24, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	-	15	15
April 25, 2018	Re.0.0123	_	-	15	15
April 26, 2018	Re.0.0124	-	-	15	15
April 27, 2018	Re.0.0123	-	-	16	16

		В	onus	Cash	Total
Date	Rate per unit	Units	Amount	Distribution	
				Rupees in '000	
April 28, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	_	16	16
April 29, 2018	Re.0.0122	_	_	16	16
April 30, 2018	Re.0.0132	_	_	17	17
May 1, 2018	Re.0.0121	_	_	15	15
May 2, 2018	Re.0.0117	_	_	15	15
May 3, 2018	Re.0.0143	_	_	19	19
May 4, 2018	Re.0.0128	_	_	17	17
May 5, 2018	Re.0.0127	-	_	17	17
May 6, 2018	Re.0.0127	-	_	17	17
May 7, 2018	Re.0.0127	-	-	17	17
May 8, 2018	Re.0.012	-	-	17	17
May 9, 2018	Re.0.0169	-	-	18	18
May 10, 2018	Re.0.0127	-	-	14	14
May 11, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	_	14	14
May 12, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	_	14	14
May 13, 2018	Re.0.0125	-	-	14	14
May 14, 2018	Re.0.0131	-	-	14	14
May 15, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	14	14
May 16, 2018	Re.0.013	-	-	14	14
May 18, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	14	14
May 19, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	14	14
May 20, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	14	14
May 21, 2018	Re.0.0121	-	-	14	14
May 22, 2018	Re.0.0131	-	-	14	14
May 23, 2018	Re.0.0126	-	-	14	14
May 24, 2018	Re.0.0124	-	-	14	14
May 25, 2018	Re.0.0126	-	-	14	14
May 26, 2018	Re.0.0125	-	-	14	14
May 27, 2018	Re.0.0124	-	-	14	14
May 28, 2018	Re.0.0155	-	-	16	16
May 29, 2018	Re.0.0125	-	-	13	13
May 30, 2018	Re.0.0141	-	-	15	15
May 31, 2018	Re.0.0130	-	-	13	13
June 1, 2018	Re.0.0126	-	-	13	13
June 2, 2018	Re.0.0126	-	-	13	13
June 3, 2018	Re.0.0126	-	-	13	13 14
June 4, 2018	Re.0.0139	-	-	14 16	
June 5, 2018 June 6, 2018	Re.0.0159	-	-	16 14	16 14
	Re.0.0136	-	-	13	13
June 7, 2018 June 8, 2018	Re.0.0134	-	-	14	14
June 9, 2018	Re.0.0136	-	-	13	13
June 10, 2018	Re.0.0135	-	-	13	13
June 11, 2018	Re.0.0135	-	-	14	14
June 12, 2018	Re.0.0117	-	-	14	14
June 13, 2018	Re.0.0143	<u>-</u>	-	14	14
June 14, 2018	Re.0.0128	_	- -	14	14
June 15, 2018	Re.0.0127 Re.0.0127	_	-	14	14
June 16, 2018	Re.0.0127 Re.0.0127	-	<u>-</u>	14	14
June 17, 2018	Re.0.0127 Re.0.012	_	<u>-</u>	14	14
June 18, 2018	Re.0.012 Re.0.0169	_	<u>-</u>	14	14
June 19, 2018	Re.0.0109 Re.0.0127	-	-	14	14
, 	1.0.0.0121			·	

		В	onus	Cash	Total
Date	Rate per unit	Units	Amount	Distribution	
				Rupees in '000	
June 20, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	_	50	50
June 21, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	_	23	23
June 22, 2018	Re.0.0125	_	_	14	14
June 23, 2018	Re.0.0131	-	-	14	14
June 24, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	14	14
June 25, 2018	Re.0.013	-	-	14	14
June 26, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	40	40
June 27, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	22	22
June 28, 2018	Re.0.0128	-	-	24	24
June 29, 2018	Re.0.0121	-	-	66	66
June 30, 2018	Re.0.0131	-	-	66	66
					1346

As per clause 12.1 of Trust Deed and 5.1 of the Offering Document, the Management Company on behalf of the fund, shall distribute on daily basis all net profit as dividend and that dvidend shall be re-invested after decuting applicable taxes in the form accepable by Commission that may qualify under tax laws. The SECP has approved the above arrangement vide letter No.No.SCD/AMCW/MCBAHSIL/ADDF/297/2018 dated March 13th, 2018.

12. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

Transactions with related parties / connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and terms determined in accordance with the market rates. Remuneration of the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, 2008 and the Trust Deed respectively. The details of transactions carried out by the Fund with connected persons / related parties and balances with them at the period end, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in this condensed interim financial information, are as follows:

12.1 Transactions during the period with connected persons / related parties in units of the Fund:

	FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 10, 2018 TO JUNE 30, 2018							
	As at April 10, 2018	Issued for cash / conversion in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfe out (Units)	As at June 30, 2018	As at April 10, 2018	Issued for cash / conversion in / transferred in	Redeemed / conversion out / transfer out	Amount outstanding as at June 30, 2018
MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investment			,				,	
Limited-Management Company	-	1,112,663	1,069,968	42,695	5 -	111,266	106,997	4,269
Associated companies / undertakings Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited-								
Employees Gratuity Fund	-	42,695	-	42,695	5 -	4,269	-	4,269
Directors and executives of the Management								
Company	-	7,970	4,007	3,964	1 -	797	401	396
Units holders holding 10% or more units	-	1,142,410	-	1,142,410) -	114,241	-	114,241

From April 10, 2018 to June 30, 2018 2018 (Rupees in '000)

12.2 Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:

MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Remuneration including indirect taxes 378

12.3 Amounts outstanding at period end

MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Remuneration payable Sale tax payable on remuneration to the Management Company Receivable from management company Other payable to management company	140 18 19 40
MCB Bank Limited Bank balance	797

13 PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

Name	Designation	Qualification E	Experience in years
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	FCA & FCCA	21
Mr. Muhammad Asim	Chief Investment Officer	MBA & CFA	15
Mr. Saad Ahmed	Head of Fixed Income	MBA	13
Mr. Awais Abdul Sattar	Head of Research	MBA & CFA	07
Mr. Syed Muhammad Usama	Manager - Fixed Income	B- COM, Master & Economic	c- I 15

- 13.1 Mr. Saad Ahmed is the fund manager. Details of the other funds being managed by him are as follows:
 - Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund
 - Pakistan Cash Management Fund
 - MCB DCF Income Fund
 - MCB Pakistan Soverign Fund
 - MCB Cash Management Optimizer

14. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDINGS

	As at June 30, 2018				
	Number of unit	Number of units	Investment amount (Rupees in '000')	Percentage investment %	
Individuals Retirement funds Associated Companies Others	177 32 1 144	695,332 3,084,410 42,690 1,195,066	69,533 308,441 4,269 119,507	13.86 61.47 0.85 23.82	
	354	5,017,498	501,750	100.00	

15. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st and 142nd meeting of the Board of Directors were held on July 6, 2017, August 04, 2017, September 07, 2017, October 12, 2017, October 20, 2017, February 02, 2018, February 23, 2018, April 19, 2018 and June 11, 2018 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by the directors and other persons in the meetings is given below:

Names of directors			N	umber of m	<u> </u>	
attending the meetings	Designation	Number of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	Meetings not attended
Mr. Mian Mohammad Mansha	Chairman	9	9	4	5	134th, 135th, 136th, 138th and 142nd
Mr. Nasim Beg	Director -	9	9	9	0	-
Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah	Chairman Director	9	9	7	2	134th and 138th
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Director / Chairman Audit Committee	9	9	6	3	135th, 136th and 142nd
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	9	9	9	0	-
Mr. Samad A. Habib	Director	9	9	5	4	134th, 136th, 138th and
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	9	9	9	0	139th -
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Director	9	9	7	2	138th and 142nd

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mentioned risks. The Board of Directors of Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund primarily invests in a mix of short term corporate debt and government securities, repurchase agreements, term deposit and money market placements with scheduled banks.

17. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the Regulations), The Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the Rules).

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

17.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of

changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

17.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Currently the Funds exposure is limited to fixed interest rate instruments.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2018, the Fund does not hold any variable interest based investment except balances with banks in deposit accounts exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2018, the Fund does not hold any fixed interest based investment.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

	June 30, 2018						
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total	
				- Rupees in '000 -			
On-balance sheet financial instruments				•			
Financial Assets							
Balances with banks	6% to 6.5%	499,533	-	-	797	500,330	
Profit receivable		693				693	
		500,226			797	501,023	
Financial Liabilities							
Payable to the Management Company		198	-	-	-	198	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		97				97	
		295	-	<u> </u>		295	
On-balance sheet gap		499,931			797	500,728	
Off-balance sheet financial instrument	s	-	-	-		-	

17.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The fund does not hold any security which exposes the Fund to price risk.

17.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund is exposed to counter party credit risks on investment in term finance certificates and sukuks, loans and receivables, and balances with bank. The credit risk on the fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in Treasury bills are government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

	(Rupees in '000)
Balances with banks	500,330
Profit receivable	693_
	501,023

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets.

Bank Balances by rating category

	2018
	%
A / A-1	0.2
A- / A-2	97
AA- / A-1	2.8
	100

17.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions, if any, at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

The Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term to ensure settlement. During the current year, the Fund did not avail any borrowing. As per NBFC regulation the maximum amount available to the Fund from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of the net assets up to 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund and bear interest at commercial rates.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption

2018

requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2018

Profit and loss Profit and loss				More than nree months and up to one year	More than one year	Total	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities 97				(Rupees in'000)			
Loans and receivables			97	- - -	- - -	198 97 295	
Loans and receivables classified as classified at Available for sale through profit and loss Comparison of the profit and loss Comparison of the profit and loss	17.4	Financial instruments by category			20. 2042		
Balances with banks 500,330 - - 5				Assets classified as Available for	Assets classified at fair value through profit and	Total	
Profit receivable 693		Financial Assets		(Rupe	es in'000)		
Liabilities at Other fair value financial through liabilities profit and Tot loss (Rupees in'000) Financial Liabilities Payable to the Management Company - 198			693		- - -	500,330 693 501,023	
Financial Liabilities Payable to the Management Company - 198				fair value through profit and	Other financial	Total	
		Financial Liabilities			(Rupees in'000)		
- 295				<u>-</u>	97	198 97 295	

18. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Unit Holder's Fund is represented by redeemable units. They are entitled to distribution and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per share on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement of unit holder's fund.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units. There is no specific capital requirement which is applicable to the fund.

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units. The Fund is required by the NBFC Regulations, 2008, to maintain minimum fund size to Rs. 100 million during the life of the scheme. The units issued by the Fund provides an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unit holder's share in the Fund's net assets at the redemption date.

The Fund's objective in managing the unit holders' fund is to ensure a stable base to maximise returns to all investors and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemption. In accordance with the risk management policies, the Fund endeavors to invest the subscriptions received inappropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments.

19. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

20. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on September 14th, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

No. of Unit Holders	Unit Holdings	Total Units Held
300	0-10000	268,656
43	10001 - 100000	1,499,543
11	100001 - 1000000	3,249,298
354		5,017,498

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Performance Information	2018
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	501.7498
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	100.000
Closing Offer Price	100.000
Closing Repurchase Price	100.000
Highest offer price per unit	100.000
Lowest offer price per unit	100.000
Highest Redemption price per unit	100.000
Lowest Redemption price per unit	100.000
Distribution per unit - Rs. *	1.1104
Average Annual Return - %	
One year	4.97
Two year	4.97
Three year	4.97
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	1.35
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	1.35
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	-

* Date of Distribution

2018							
Date	Rate	Date	Rate	Date	Rate	Date	Rate
10-Apr-18	0.0042	1-May-18	0.0121	22-May-18	0.0131	11-Jun-18	0.0136
11-Apr-18	0.0124	2-May-18	0.0117	23-May-18	0.0126	12-Jun-18	0.0132
12-Apr-18	0.0123	3-May-18	0.0143	24-May-18	0.0124	13-Jun-18	0.0133
13-Apr-18	0.0122	4-May-18	0.0128	25-May-18	0.0126	14-Jun-18	0.0134
14-Apr-18	0.0122	5-May-18	0.0127	26-May-18	0.0125	15-Jun-18	0.0133
15-Apr-18	0.0122	6-May-18	0.0127	27-May-18	0.0124	16-Jun-18	0.0133
16-Apr-18	0.0121	7-May-18	0.0127	28-May-18	0.0155	17-Jun-18	0.0133
17-Apr-18	0.0122	8-May-18	0.0120	29-May-18	0.0125	18-Jun-18	0.0133
18-Apr-18	0.0124	9-May-18	0.0169	30-May-18	0.0141	19-Jun-18	0.0138
19-Apr-18	0.0125	10-May-18	0.0127	31-May-18	0.0130	20-Jun-18	0.0497
20-Apr-18	0.0125	11-May-18	0.0125	1-Jun-18	0.0126	21-Jun-18	0.0234
21-Apr-18	0.0125	12-May-18	0.0125	2-Jun-18	0.0126	22-Jun-18	0.0133
22-Apr-18	0.0125	13-May-18	0.0125	3-Jun-18	0.0126	23-Jun-18	0.0133
23-Apr-18	0.0125	14-May-18	0.0131	4-Jun-18	0.0139	24-Jun-18	0.0133
24-Apr-18	0.0125	15-May-18	0.0128	5-Jun-18	0.0159	25-Jun-18	0.0131
25-Apr-18	0.0123	16-May-18	0.0130	6-Jun-18	0.0136	26-Jun-18	0.0410
26-Apr-18	0.0124	18-May-18	0.0128	7-Jun-18	0.0134	27-Jun-18	0.0135
27-Apr-18	0.0123	19-May-18	0.0128	8-Jun-18	0.0136	28-Jun-18	0.0075
28-Apr-18	0.0122	20-May-18	0.0128	9-Jun-18	0.0135	29-Jun-18	0.0133
29-Apr-18	0.0122	21-May-18	0.0121	10-Jun-18	0.0135	30-Jun-18	0.0132
30-Apr-18	0.0132						

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.