



Bachat ka Doosra Naam

Annual Report 2012



Arif Habib Investments Limited (A subsidiary of MCB Bank Limited)

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Vision

To become synonymous with Savings.

Mission

To become a preferred Savings and Investment Manager in the domestic and regional markets, while maximizing stakeholder's value.

Core Values

The Company takes pride in its orientation towards client service. It believes that its key success factors include continuous investment in staff, systems and capacity building, and its insistence on universal best practices at all times.

COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mian Mohammad Mansha	Chairman (subject to the approval of SECP)
Mr. Nasim Beg	Executive Vice Chairman
Mr. Yasir Qadri	Chief Executive (subject to the approval of SECP)
Syed Salman Ali Shah	Director (subject to the approval of SECP)
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Director (subject to the approval of SECP)
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director (subject to the approval of SECP)
Mr. Samad A. Habib	Director
Mr. Mirza Mahmood Ahmad	Director (subject to the approval of SECP)

Audit Committee

Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman
Mr. Nasim Beg	Member
Mr. Samad A. Habib	Member
Mr. Ali Munir	Member

Human Resource Committee

Dr. Salman Shah	Chairman
Mr. Nasim Beg	Member
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Member
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Member
Mr. Yasir Qadri	Member

Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary

Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Auditors

Riaz Ahmed & Company

Chartered Accountants
108-109 1st Floor, Park Avenue, Block 6,
PECHS, Shahr-e-Faisal, Karachi. 75400.

Legal Advisors

Akhud Forbes

D-21, Block 4, Scheme 5, Clifton
Karachi-75600, Pakistan.

Bawaney & Partners

404, 4th Floor, Beaumont Plaza,
Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi-75530

Share Register

Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited

First Floor, House of Habib Building (Siddiqsons Tower),
3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society,
Main Shahr-e-Faisal, Karachi, Pakistan.
Tel: (021) 4325482-87
Fax: (021) 4325442
Website: www.noble-computers.com

Bankers

MCB Bank Limited
Summit Bank Limited
Bank AL Habib Limited

Registered Office

8th Floor, Techno City Corporate Tower,
Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.
UAN: (+92-21) 11-11-622-24, Toll Free: 0800-622-24
Fax: (+92-21) 32276898, 32276908
URL: www.mcbah.com, Email: info@mcbah.com

Ratings (PACRA)

Asset Manager
AM2

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Twelfth Annual General Meeting of Arif Habib Investments Limited will be held on Wednesday, September 26, 2012 at 2:30 p.m. at Aquarius Hall, Beach Luxury Hotel, Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Road, Karachi to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on October 25, 2011.
2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2012 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
3. To consider and approve final cash dividend of 15% i.e. Rs. 1.50/- per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each as recommended by the Board of Directors. It is in addition to the interim cash dividend of 7.50% i.e. Rs. 0.75/- per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each already paid to the shareholders during the year, thus making a total cash dividend of 22.5% i.e. Rs. 2.25/- per ordinary share of Rs. 10/- each for the year ended June 30, 2012.
4. To appoint external auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2013 and fix their remuneration. To comply with the requirement of Code (xxxvii) of the Code of Corporate Governance 2012, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of Audit Committee of the Company, has proposed the appointment of M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants as external auditors, for the year ending June 30, 2013 in place of retiring auditors M/s. Riaz Ahmed & Co. Chartered Accountants. A notice under Section 253(1) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 has also been received from a shareholder of the Company to the same effect.
5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board



Muhammad Saqib Saleem
Company Secretary

September 04, 2012
Karachi

Notes:

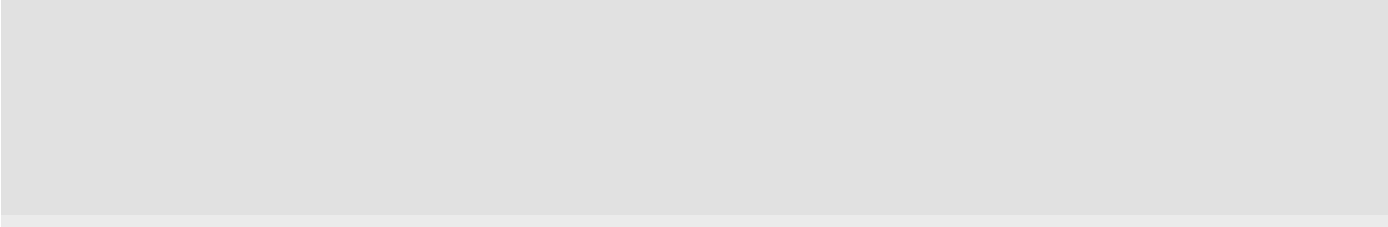
1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from September 20, 2012 to September 26, 2012 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Share Registrar M/s. Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, House of Habib Building (Siddiqsons Tower), 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 75350, by the close of business on September 19, 2012, will be considered in time for the determination of the entitlement of the shareholders to final cash dividend and to attend and vote at the meeting.
2. A member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote for his/her behalf.
3. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A proxy shall also have the right to demand and join in demanding a poll and vote on a poll.
4. The instrument appointing proxy, together with the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed, as the case may be, or a notarially certified copy of the power or authority, must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting. Form of Proxy is enclosed.
5. Members are requested to submit copies of their CNICs and notify any change in their addresses immediately to the Share Registrar M/s. Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited.
6. Dividend Mandate Forms are available at the Registered Office of the Company. Members who wish to receive the cash dividend declared by the Company, if any, to be directly credited into their bank account shall submit a duly filled in dividend mandate form at the Registered Office of the Company. Please note that dividend mandate is optional, so members who do not wish to give dividend mandate, same shall continue to be paid through the dividend warrants.
7. CDC account holders and sub-account holders will further have to follow the undermentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For attending the meeting:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holders or sub-account holders and/or the persons whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall authenticate their identity by showing their original Computerized National Identity Card ("CNIC") or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entities, board of directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting (unless it has been provided earlier).

B. For appointing proxies:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holders or sub-account holders and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above-mentioned requirements.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.

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- iii) Attested copies of the CNIC or passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
 - iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
 - v) In case of corporate entities, board of directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced along with the proxy form at the time of the meeting (unless it has been provided earlier).

DIRECTORS' REPORT OF ARIF HABIB INVESTMENTS LIMITED

The Board of Directors of Arif Habib Investment Limited (AHI) is pleased to present the Annual Report on the affairs of AHI for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Company's Performance Review

Your Company recorded a gross income of Rs. 537.144 million, which includes management/investment advisory fee and other operating income. After accounting of administrative, operating expenses and income sharing of Rs. 332.005 million, the company earned a profit before tax of Rs. 205.139 million. The net profit after tax for the period amounts to Rs. 144.580 million, as compared to net profit of Rs. 71.635 million for the previous financial year ended June 30, 2011. Accordingly, with the increasing trend of size of Funds under management of the company, the company is expected to deliver better results going forward.

The Earning per share of current financial year ended June 30, 2012 is Rs. 2.01 per share as compared to Rs 1.97 in previous financial year ended June 30, 2011.

The Company has announced and paid interim dividend @7.50% as on December 31, 2011 to its share holders. The Board proposes final Dividend @ 15% as on June 30, 2012.

Regulatory Approvals

With the approval of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, MCB Asset Management Company Limited was merged into the Company by virtue of the scheme of amalgamation in terms of Section 282L(4) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The effective date of the merger was June 27, 2011.

As shared with the members earlier, your Company has filed a constitutional petition before the Honorable High Court of Sindh on July 2, 2011 against an attempt from the Regulator extended the effective merger date from June 27, 2011 to July 30, 2011, pleading that the merger is a past and closed transaction and consequently on the grounds that the extension order was illegal and not tenable under law. The Court, in response to the said petition, suspended the operation of the extension order of SECP till the outcome of the application. The external auditors of the Company have emphasized the above mentioned situation in their audit report. The status of this litigation is unchanged till to date.

MARKET & ECONOMIC REVIEW

Economy & Money Market Review

Despite continued macro-economic challenges throughout the period, the year under review (July '11-June '12) could be classified as a mixed bag for the economy and capital markets as some of the key macroeconomic indicators have depicted positive trend during the period under review despite having burgeoning fiscal challenges.

The external account, which was the top performing sector during the previous year, couldn't maintain its positive trend during FY12 owing to widening trade deficit on the back of lower cotton and higher oil prices despite having record-high workers' remittances. During the year, export dipped by 3% while imports grew by 12% causing the overall trade deficit to widen to around US\$ 15.4 billion, 46% higher YoY. Despite record-high level of workers' remittances flow of US\$ 13.2 billion, higher trade and income deficit caused the current account balance to post a deficit of US\$ 4.5 billion as against a surplus of US\$ 214 million last year. Given higher current account deficit coupled with meager financial account flows, country's balance of payment position declined significantly during the year by around US\$ 3.3 billion – taking the FX reserves down to a level of US\$ 15.3 billion, while also causing sizeable depreciation of 10% in the PKR-USD exchange rate during the year.

Inflationary pressures, on the other hand, have remained largely on the lower side during the period with YoY CPI Inflation averaging 11.0% amid change in CPI methodology as well as high base-effect of last year. Moreover, real economy has shown a relatively improved picture during the year with FY12 real GDP growth stood at 3.7%, slightly higher than the revised GDP growth of 3.0% during the last year.

Fiscal indiscipline continued to remain a cause of concern for the economic managers as the country is expected to witness a higher deficit of over 8% of the GDP during FY12 (including one-off circular debt adjustments). Even during the first 9M of the fiscal year, the country witnessed a fiscal deficit of Rs. 895 billion, 4.3% of the GDP. Although growth in tax revenue collection has been strong, lower non-tax revenue on the back of non-realization of CSF proceeds coupled with higher current expenditure has been the chief reason behind ballooning fiscal deficit. Unfortunately, development expenditure is expected to be under-spent for yet another year to meet revised fiscal deficit targets. In addition of having a higher fiscal deficit, the financing mix is also alarming as the country had to resort to domestic sources of funding to a large extent in the absence of sizeable foreign flows during the period under review. Government borrowing from Central Bank has gone up by Rs. 508 billion during FY12, which is staggering 44% of total outstanding stock.

Considering the volatility in the macroeconomic variables, the State Bank of Pakistan has also altered its monetary stance at least twice during the year. Given benign YoY CPI Inflation coupled with lower GoP borrowing from SBP as well as contained external current account deficit during the earlier part of the year, the SBP cut its policy discount rate cumulatively by 200 bps to 12.0%. However, gradual deterioration in the macro-economic environment lately has compelled the central bank to keep its policy DR unchanged for the next 4 policies during the latter part of the year. Due to an overall relatively lower interest rate environment, 1 year PKRV averaged at around 12.4% during FY12, much lower than the average 13.4% a year ago.

During FY12, key monetary indicators have shown reasonable improvement with money supply (M2) posting a strong growth of 14.4%. Although Net Domestic Asset (NDA) growth has been a key contributor behind M2 growth during this year as well, sizeable YoY decline of 32% in Net Foreign Assets (NFA) has been very alarming – also reflecting weak BOP position.

Significant credit demand by the government coupled with an attractive risk-return profile has kept government papers a very attractive investment vehicle for the investors during this year also. However, in absence of new credit creation, existing Term Finance Certificates (TFC) market became liquid and bank issued TFCs continued to command improvement in prices during the period under review. Moreover, GoP Ijarah Sukuk (GIS), like previous year, has remained an attractive instrument during the year for conventional markets in general and Shariah compliant markets in particular. In addition of giving strong interest yield, GIS has also provided potential for capital gains due to its demand-supply gap and therefore has seen significant activities during this year also in both primary as well as secondary markets.

Equities Market Review

The local bourses gave an average performance with the KSE-100 index rising by about 10% in FY12 as against 29% return posted in FY11. Pakistan equity market, however, remained the 3rd best performing market in the region this year as well after Philippines and Thailand.

KSE-100 Index made a depressing start with market shedding 13% during the first couple of months and made the yearly bottom at around 10,800 levels. Alongside negative returns, the market continued to remain dull with consistently low turnover throughout the period remained indicative of investor's shyness towards equity asset class. Even a cumulative cut of 200 bps in DR by the SBP during the first half failed to generate strong momentum among equity investors due to fear of aggressive sell off by foreign investors. Global equities market went down significantly during the quarter, which also had an adverse impact on emerging and frontier markets including Pakistan. Other resistive forces that played a dampening role for the market were political unrest, worsened law and order situation, strained Pak-US relations, floods in Sindh and energy crisis. Foreigners were net seller during the first half with an outflow of US\$ 151 million.

After a depressing first half, the Capital Gains Tax amnesty came as a piece of fortune to the investors at the local equities market and the KSE-

100 index surged by 22% during the latter half of the year under review. The expectation of relieving CGT also waved a magic wand on the volumes too where 2HFY12 saw buoyant volumes while marking a 33-month high at 577mn shares traded in a day. Participation from retail investors also returned to the market during the latter part of this year where mid and small-cap stocks remained the highlights of market activities lately. After a significant sell-off during the first half, foreigners' also jumped on to the bandwagon during the latter half with a net inflow of US\$ 62 million.

Macro economic factors remained challenging the KSE performance included sustained high oil and declining cotton prices resulting in higher trade deficit, lack of foreign flows as well IMF repayments depleted FX reserves and caused PKR to depreciate against the US\$ by around 10%. On the positive front, the SBP remained in a monetary easing cycle with a cumulative reduction of 200 bps in the policy discount rate during the year—improving the fundamentals of debt-laden companies.

Sector wise, Cements, Power and Autos outperformed the KSE-100 index while sectors like Chemicals, Textiles and Refineries remained among the underperformers. Best performing stocks included EFOODS, MEBL, BAFL, and DGKC.

MARKET & ECONOMY – FUTURE OUTLOOK

Although medium term macroeconomic picture remains gloomy, benign CPI inflation trend coupled with the release of US\$ 1.18 billion under Coalition Support Fund by the US does provide a short term breather thereby creates a potential room for monetary easing by the State Bank of Pakistan in the upcoming monetary policy announcement. We continue to emphasize that the realization of sizeable foreign inflows holds the key in rejuvenating economic engine, while a potential return to IMF program in the next 6-8 months would adversely affect the liquidity and interest rate scenario.

We believe that the political arena would turn noisy on the back of election year ahead as well as continued confrontation between government and judiciary. Global economic environment would remain jittery in the near term, which could provide further hiccups to the international as well as local equity markets. However, expectation of monetary easing by the SBP in the upcoming monetary policy on the back of benign inflation as well as release of CSF payment should support the bull-run in the market in the near term while any major deterioration in key macro-indicators going forward could have a toll on the market performance. Strong earnings growth, sizeable discount to regional markets, high dividend yield and relatively cheaper PE valuations warrant decent returns for long term investors in our view.

MUTUAL FUND INDUSTRY REVIEW

Despite macroeconomic challenges, the performance of mutual fund industry remained significantly strong during the year under review with assets under management of open-end mutual funds surpassing Rs. 350 billion mark by the end of FY12, reflecting a phenomenal growth of 58% on a year on year basis.

Like previous year, money market funds remained the preferred investment avenue amid low-risk appetite of the investors and therefore major new money flow has been towards these funds with their size crossing Rs. 150 billion by June 2012 end, representing a growth of 95% YoY. During the year, traditional income funds have also performed well and have grown by staggering 124% YoY to a size of around Rs. 87 billion courtesy strong demand of Sovereign/ Government bond funds. Shariah compliant income funds also remained an attractive segment during the year achieving a strong 43% YoY growth to reach to a size of Rs. 30 billion.

Despite a decent growth in KSE-100 index during the year under review, equity funds not only failed to attract new money, they came under significant redemption pressure and ended the year at Rs. 52 billion, flat YoY, despite 10% rise in KSE-100 index.

MUTUAL FUND INDUSTRY OUTLOOK

Due to the continued prevalence of risk aversion, a robust growth in mutual funds has been contributed by fixed income funds. This trend is unlikely to be changed going forward with high interest rates environment clearly supporting fixed income funds growth. In addition, voluntary pension schemes (due to enhanced tax-advantage) and Shariah compliant funds (stable returns due to Ijarah Sukuk) should also perform better in the next couple of years. Similarly, given the attractive valuation multiples of Pakistan equities market, stock fund still appears to be the right choice for longer term savings and investments.

Entity Rating and Asset Manager Rating

Rating of Collective Investment Schemes under management of the Company are as under:

Fund	Star rating		Rating agency
	Normal	Long-term	
Pakistan Stock Market Fund	2- star	4- star	PACRA
Pakistan Premier Fund	3- star	4- star	PACRA
Pakistan Capital Market Fund	2- star	3- star	PACRA
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	3- star	2- star	PACRA
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund	3- star	4- star	PACRA
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund	4- star	5- star	PACRA
MCB Dynamic Allocation Fund	4- star	4- star	PACRA
	Stability rating		Rating agency
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	AAA (f)		PACRA
Pakistan Income Fund	A+ (f)		PACRA
MetroBank - Pakistan Sovereign Fund	AA (f)		PACRA
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	A + (f)		PACRA
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund	A + (f)		PACRA
MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	AA + (f)		PACRA
MCB Islamic Income Fund	AA - (f)		PACRA

Holding Company

MCB Bank Limited being the parent company of Arif Habib Investments Limited hold 51.33% of the outstanding ordinary shares of the company.

Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. With three (3) independent Directors on the Board, as governing body of the company the Board is accountable to the shareholders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors. The company remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance:

- a. Financial statements prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and Change in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and any departures there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with on going efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h. Key operating and financial data of the last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- i. Outstanding taxes, duties, levies and charges have been fully disclosed in the annexed audited financial statements.
- j. The Company has planned to conduct orientation course for its directors, where necessary, in the year future to appraise them with their duties and responsibilities.
- k. Summary of shares acquired or disposed during the year by the Chief Executive, Directors, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is provided below:

Trades by	Position	No. of shares purchases	No of shares sold
Mr. Nasim Beg	Executive Vice Chairman	216,049	216,049

- l. The value of investments of staff provident funds of Arif Habib Investments Limited, as at June 30, 2012 is Rs.20,632,083.
- m. The detailed pattern of share holding as on June 30, 2012 is annexed.

n. Meeting of the Directors

During the year, nine (9) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

Name of Directors	Number of meetings	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
Mian Mohammad Mansha	9	9	4	5
Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	9	-
Syed Salman Ali Shah	9	9	8	1
Mr. Haroun Rashid	9	9	6	3
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	9	9	8	1
Mr. Samad. A. Habib	9	9	6	3
Mr. Mirza Mahmood	9	9	7	2
Mr. Yasir Qadri	9	9	9	-

o. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, five (5) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each member are as follows:

Name of Persons	Number of meetings	Number of meetings		
		Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted
Mr. Haroun Rashid	5	5	3	2
Mr. Nasim Beg	5	5	5	-
Mr. Samad. A. Habib	5	5	2	3
Mr. Ali Munir	5	5	3	2

Auditors

The present auditors, Messers Riaz Ahmed & Co., Chartered Accountants, have completed their assignment for the year ended June 30, 2012 and shall retire on the conclusion of 12th Annual General Meeting. In compliance with the requirements of recently promulgated Revised Code of Corporate Governance, the Board has recommended appointment of A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountant as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2013.

Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors of the Management Company is thankful to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the management of the Karachi Stock Exchange for their continued support and cooperation. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the employees of the Company for their commitment and dedication and shareholders for their confidence in the Company.

For and on behalf of the board



Yasir Qadri

Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: 15th August, 2012

COMBINED PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDINGS CDC AND PHYSICAL AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

NO.	CATEGORIES/SUB-CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	CATEGORY WISE NO. OF FOLIOS/ CDC A/CS	CATEGORY WISE SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
1	INDIVIDUALS		1,290	5,744,836	7.98
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES		2	175,536	0.24
3	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		22	1,544,773	2.15
4	DIRECTORS AND THEIR SPOUSE(S) AND MINOR CHILDREN		5	2,509,677	3.49
	YASIR QADRI	1,200			
	ABDUS SAMAD	4			
	NASIM BEG	83,955			
	NASIM BEG / ZARI BEG	2,400,118			
	NASIM BEG	24,400			
5	EXECUTIVES		0	0	0.00
6	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		4	59,161,392	82.17
	TRUSTEE ARIF HABIB INV MNGT LTD EMP STOCK BEN O/SHIP TRUST	35,886			
	TRUSTEES ARIF HABIB INV MGT LTD EMP STOCK BEN. O/SHIP TRUST	504,571			
	MCB BANK LIMITED	36,956,768			
	ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED	21,664,167			
7	PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS		0	0	0.00
-		0			
8	BANKS, DFIs, NBFIs, INSURANCE COMPANIES, TAKAFUL, MODARABAS & PENSION FUNDS		3	2,857,782	3.97
9	MUTUAL FUNDS		0	0	0.00
10	FOREIGN INVESTORS		2	6,004	0.01
11	CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES		0	0	0.00
12	CHARITABLE TRUSTS		0	0	0.00
13	OTHERS		0	0	0.00
TOTAL			1,328	72,000,000	100.00

SHARE-HOLDERS HOLDING TEN PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST IN THE LISTED COMPANY

TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY 72,000,000 SHARES

5% OF THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY 3,600,000 SHARES

NAME(S) OF SHAREHOLDER(S)	DESCRIPTION	NO. OF SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED	FALLS IN CATEGORY # 6	21,664,167	30.09
MCB BANK LIMITED	FALLS IN CATEGORY # 6	36,956,768	51.33
TOTAL		58,620,935	81.42

COMBINED PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDINGS CDC AND PHYSICAL AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDERS	SHARE HOLDING		TOTAL SHARES HELD
179	1-	100	4,332
169	101-	500	49,221
381	501-	1,000	261,259
435	1,001-	5,000	970,826
71	5,001-	10,000	539,710
32	10,001-	15,000	393,582
13	15,001-	20,000	228,615
8	20,001-	25,000	188,944
3	25,001-	30,000	81,704
5	35,001-	40,000	185,620
3	40,001-	45,000	123,583
1	45,001-	50,000	49,543
4	50,001-	55,000	212,619
2	55,001-	60,000	114,800
1	60,001-	65,000	61,500
1	65,001-	70,000	67,498
3	75,001-	80,000	234,380
1	80,001-	85,000	83,955
2	110,001-	115,000	225,800
1	145,001-	150,000	146,500
1	170,001-	175,000	172,306
1	215,001-	220,000	216,049
1	220,001-	225,000	225,000
1	230,001-	235,000	234,849
1	460,001-	465,000	463,719
1	500,001-	505,000	504,571
1	530,001-	535,000	535,000
1	860,001-	865,000	860,339
1	1,230,001-	1,235,000	1,232,283
1	2,310,001-	2,315,000	2,310,840
1	2,400,001-	2,405,000	2,400,118
1	21,660,001-	21,665,000	21,664,167
1	36,955,001-	36,960,000	36,956,768
1,328			72,000,000

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) contained in Regulation No. 35 of Listing Regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

Category	Names	
Independent Directors	1.	Dr. Salman Shah
	2.	Mr. Haroun Rashid
	3.	Mr. Mirza Mehmood
Executive Directors	1.	Mr. Nasim Beg – Executive Vice Chairman
	2.	Mr. Yasir Qadri – Chief Executive Officer
Non – Executive Directors	1.	Mian Mohammad Mansha
	2.	Mr. Ahmed Jehangir
	3.	Mr. Samad Habib

The independent directors meets the criteria of independence under clause i (b) of the Code.

2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including the Management Company.
3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFIs or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
4. During the period no casual vacancy occurred on the board of the Company.
5. The Company is in the process of formulating the 'Code of Conduct' and appropriate steps will be taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
6. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board. No new appointment of Chief Executive Officer, other executive and non-executive directors were made during the year.
8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and

circulated.

9. The Company has planned to conduct an orientation course for its directors, in the near future to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities.
10. No new appointments of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit were made during the year. The board subsequent to the yearend has appointed Head of Internal Audit.
11. The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company before approval of the Board.
13. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of share holding.
14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
15. The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises of four members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of the interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises five members, of whom three are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
18. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Ernst and Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants who are considered to be suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed International Federation of Accountants guidelines in this regard.
21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.

-
22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied with towards which reasonable progress is being made by the company to seek compliance by the end of next accounting year.

For and on behalf of the board



Yasir Qadri

Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: 15th August, 2012

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE


We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of ARIF HABIB INVESTMENTS LIMITED ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2012, to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 35 (Chapter XI) of the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, Sub-Regulation (x) of Listing Regulation 35 (Previously Regulation No. 37) notified by The Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited vide circular KSE/N-269 dated 19 January 2009 requires the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2012.



RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants

Name of engagement partner:
Muhammad Kamran Nasir

Date: 15 August 2012

KARACHI

FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*	2012
Pre tax Margin	%	55%	51%	42%	-119%	14%	32%	39%
Net Margin	%	44%	40%	36%	-111%	17%	25%	27%
Performance								
Return on assets	%	30%	23%	24%	-39%	8%	5%	10%
Return on equity	%	46%	31%	35%	-85%	13%	6%	11%
Leverage								
Gearing (Debt:Equity)	times	0.31	0.21	0.31	0.98	0.68	0.07	0.10
Interest Coverage Ratio	times	18.10	24.58	18.77	-3.63	2.09	N/A	N/A
Liquidity								
Current Ratio	times	2.50	3.52	2.59	1.01	1.80	6.32	7.83
Valuation								
Earnings per share	Rs.	8.88	7.18	8.30	-10.08	2.14	1.97	2.01
No. of ordinary shares		30	30	30	30	30	72	72
Historical trend								
Management fee (Rs. in million)		402.43	418.05	446.12	249.30	271.06	237.23	479.61
Operating profit (Rs. in million)		353.02	286.92	303.57	25.42	100.39	91.72	205.19
Profit before tax (Rs. in million)		333.52	275.25	287.4	-323.82	52.35	90.72	205.14
Profit after tax (Rs. in million)		266.44	215.42	249.04	-302.48	64.25	71.65	144.58
Share capital (Rs. in million)		65	130	300	300	300	720	720
Shareholders equity (Rs. in million)		574.69	698.49	708.58	354.69	488.07	1269.62	1281.93
Total assets (Rs. in million)		882.52	953.82	1046.20	768.36	821.89	1356.63	1410.02

* As explained in Note 3 to the Financial Statements the Financial Statements of the Company have been drawn up using acquisition method under IFRS 3 - Business Combination. Therefore, the financial and business highlights for the year 2011 as reported may not be comparable with rest of the historical reported data.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of ARIF HABIB INVESTMENTS LIMITED (the Company) as at 30 June 2012 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year ended 30 June 2012 and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2012; and
- (d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Emphasis of Matter

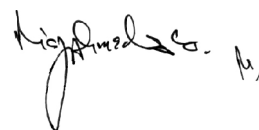
We draw attention to note 1.2 to the financial Statements which states that the Scheme of Amalgamation of the Company with MCB Asset Management Company Limited was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its order dated 10 June 2011 that fixed the effective date of amalgamation to be 27 June 2011. However, the SECP issued another order dated 27 June 2011 and extended the effective date of amalgamation from 27 June 2011 to 30 July 2011. For the reasons mentioned in the aforesaid note, the Company filed a Constitutional Petition in the Honourable High Court of Sindh, during the preceding year, challenging SECP's order dated 27 June 2011. In response to the Petition, the Court suspended such order of SECP until the final outcome of the litigation. Based on legal advice

obtained during the preceding year, the Company accounted for its amalgamation with MCB Asset Management Company Limited in its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011 on the basis that the sanction order dated 10 June 2011 was fully effective. The Petition has not so far been decided by the Court. The status of this litigation is unchanged till the date of authorization for issue of these financial statements.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2011 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who modified their report dated 29 September 2011 wherein following matters were emphasized: (i) petition submitted to Honorable High Court of Sindh with respect to amalgamation of the Company; (ii) the financial statements were prepared under reverse acquisition method using the financial statements of MCB Asset Management Company Limited for the period ended 26 June 2011 which were audited by us where we modified our report dated 29 September 2011 by emphasizing the matter of litigation related to amalgamation. Further, the comparatives in the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2011 represented the figures of MCB Asset Management Company Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010 which were also audited by us where we expressed an unqualified opinion in our report dated 07 September 2010; (iii) the pending finalization of fair values of certain assets acquired as a result of amalgamation which were provisionally determined; (iv) the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2010 were audited by another firm of chartered accountants whose report dated 04 August 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.



RIAZ AHMAD & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants

Karachi: 15th August, 2012

Engagement Partner:
Muhammad Kamran Nasir

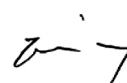
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			Restated
Fixed assets	4	388,271,445	399,945,937
Long term investments	5	326,549,333	310,324,182
Long term loans and receivables	6	6,547,002	6,925,070
Long term deposits		849,700	624,700
Deferred taxation		-	5,327,523
		<u>722,217,480</u>	<u>723,147,412</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivable from related parties	7	120,913,283	101,600,492
loans and advances	8	1,282,238	3,029,899
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	9	10,193,757	9,298,172
Accrued mark-up		184,225	1,007,993
Taxation - net	10	75,983,220	76,153,030
Short term investments	11	467,659,528	306,626,274
Cash and bank balances	12	11,590,602	57,779,770
		<u>687,806,853</u>	<u>555,495,630</u>
Non-current assets held for sale	13	-	77,970,426
TOTAL ASSETS		<u><u>1,410,024,333</u></u>	<u><u>1,356,613,468</u></u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised share capital		720,000,000	720,000,000
72,000,000 (2011: 72,000,000) ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each			
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	14	720,000,000	720,000,000
Reserves	15	551,591,327	538,729,994
Total equity		1,271,591,327	1,258,729,994
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment - net of deferred tax	16	10,335,783	10,870,308
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred taxation	17	40,287,243	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	18	87,809,980	87,013,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES		128,097,223	87,013,166
Contingencies and Commitments	19		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u><u>1,410,024,333</u></u>	<u><u>1,356,613,468</u></u>

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

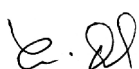


Executive Vice Chairman / Director

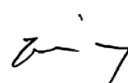
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	-----
REVENUE			
Management fee / investment advisory fee	20	479,611,311	237,227,299
Processing and other related income		2,591,370	56,674
Mark up on bank deposits		2,104,025	2,056,856
Gain on sale of investments		9,862,788	14,773,571
Unrealised gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss		34,998,448	28,675,708
		<u>529,167,942</u>	<u>282,790,108</u>
EXPENSES			
Administrative and operating expenses	21	(243,055,116)	(143,118,925)
Management, investment advisory, processing fee and other related income sharing	22	(88,902,768)	(49,949,199)
Finance cost		(47,030)	(2,660)
		<u>(332,004,914)</u>	<u>(193,070,784)</u>
Other income		7,976,270	996,989
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		<u>205,139,298</u>	<u>90,716,313</u>
Taxation	23	(60,559,631)	(19,081,365)
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		<u>144,579,667</u>	<u>71,634,948</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	24	<u>2.01</u>	<u>1.97</u>

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



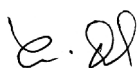
Executive Vice Chairman / Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

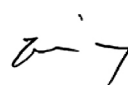
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	----- (Rupees) -----	
Profit after tax	144,579,667	71,634,948
Other Comprehensive income		
Unrealized fair value gain / (loss) on available for sale investments	29,713,705	(1,095,847)
Related deferred tax	(109,585)	109,585
	29,604,120	(986,262)
Unrealized fair value loss transferred to profit and loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	143,021	-
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation	801,248	475,532
Related deferred tax liability	(266,723)	(156,583)
	534,525	318,949
Total comprehensive income	174,861,333	70,967,635

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

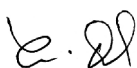


Executive Vice Chairman / Director

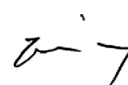
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
Note	----- (Rupees) -----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	205,139,298	90,716,313
Adjustments for non cash items:		
Depreciation	12,780,102	9,171,593
Amortisation	2,012,314	1,657,397
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(227,581)	(979,489)
Capital gain on sale of available for sale investments	(9,862,788)	-
Unrealized gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss	(34,998,488)	(28,675,708)
Finance cost	47,030	2,660
	(30,249,411)	(18,823,547)
Cash flow from operations before working capital changes	174,889,887	71,892,766
Changes in working capital		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets		
Remuneration receivable from related parties	58,657,635	(5,424,090)
Short term investments	(102,540,429)	90,559,050
Formation cost	-	5,330,765
Loans and advances	1,747,661	(607,871)
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(895,585)	(209,026)
Mark-up accrued	823,768	(717,091)
Other receivables	-	(54,898,246)
	(42,206,950)	34,033,491
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	796,814	1,379,368
Net working capital changes	(41,410,136)	35,412,859
Net cash flows after working capital changes	133,479,751	107,305,625
Income tax paid	(14,582,114)	(20,186,136)
Dividend paid	(162,000,000)	(30,000,000)
Finance cost paid	(47,030)	(2,660)
Net cash (used in) / flow from operating activities	(43,149,393)	57,116,829
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets	(3,921,942)	(3,472,582)
Proceeds from sale of property plant and equipment	729,099	1,036,933
Long term loans and receivables	378,068	(811,354)
Net inflow of cash on acquisition of subsidiary	-	41,573,019
Long term security deposits	(225,000)	-
Long term investments made	-	(50,000,000)
Long term receivable from funds - formation cost	-	155,000
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,039,775)	(11,518,984)
NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(46,189,168)	45,597,845
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	57,779,770	12,181,925
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 12)	11,590,602	57,779,770

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Executive Vice Chairman / Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Capital Reserve				Reserves			Sub Total	Total
	Issued, Subscribed and paid-up share capital	Share Premium	Deficit arising on amalgamation	Sub Total	Unrealized (Loss) / Gain on available for sale investment	Un- appropriated profit	Sub Total		
	Rupees								
Balance as at 30 June 2010	300,000,000	-	-	-	-	161,762,359	161,762,359	161,762,359	461,762,359
Bonus Share Issued @ 20% of issued share capital	60,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,000,000
Issue of share capital on amalgamation	360,000,000	396,000,000	-	396,000,000	-	-	-	396,000,000	756,000,000
Deficit arising on account of difference in share capital of AHIL and MCB AMC	-	-	(60,000,000)	(60,000,000)	-	-	-	(60,000,000)	(60,000,000)
Dividend Paid @ 10% (Re. 1 per share)	-	-	-	-	-	(30,000,000)	(30,000,000)	(30,000,000)	(30,000,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year									
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	71,634,948	71,634,948	71,634,948	71,634,948
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	-	318,949	318,949	318,949	318,949
Unrealized fair value loss on available for sale Investments	-	-	-	-	(986,262)	-	(986,262)	(986,262)	(986,262)
	-	-	-	-	(986,262)	71,953,897	70,648,686	70,967,635	70,967,635
Balance as at 30 June 2011	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	(986,262)	203,716,256	202,411,045	538,729,994	1,258,729,994
Dividend paid @15% (Rupee 1.5 per share) for the year ended 30 June 2011	-	-	-	-	-	(108,000,000)	(108,000,000)	(108,000,000)	(108,000,000)
Dividend paid @7.5% (Rupee 0.75 per share) for the half year ended 31 December 2011	-	-	-	-	-	(54,000,000)	(54,000,000)	(54,000,000)	(54,000,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year									
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	144,579,667	144,579,667	144,579,667	144,579,667
Unrealized fair value gain on available for sale Investments	-	-	-	-	29,604,120	-	29,604,120	29,604,120	29,604,120
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets on account of incremental depreciation net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	-	534,525	534,525	534,525	534,525
Unrealized fair value loss transferred to profit and loss on disposal of available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	-	143,021	-	143,021	143,021	143,021
	-	-	-	-	29,747,141	145,114,192	174,861,333	174,861,333	174,861,333
Balance as at 30 June 2012	720,000,000	396,000,000	(60,000,000)	336,000,000	28,760,879	186,830,448	215,272,378	551,591,327	1,271,591,327

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

6.28
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER


Executive Vice Chairman / Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Arif Habib Investments Limited (the Company) was incorporated on 30 August 2000, as an unquoted public limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. During 2008, the Company was listed on the Karachi Stock Exchange by way of offer for sale of shares by a few of the existing shareholders of the Company to the general public. In the same financial year, the name of the Company was changed from Arif Habib Investment Management Limited to Arif Habib Investments Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at 8th Floor, Techno City, Corporate Tower, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi, Pakistan. The Company is a subsidiary of MCB Bank Limited (MCB) which has 51.33% (2011: 51.33%) direct holding in the Company.

1.2 During the year ended 30 June 2011, a transfer agreement was signed on 19 January 2011 between Arif Habib Corporation Limited (AHCL) [the then parent of the Company] and MCB Bank Limited (MCB Bank) [the then parent of MCB Asset Management Company Limited (MCB AMC)] for the transfer of entire business of MCB AMC to the Company to achieve synergies in business and access to a wider distribution network. The scheme of amalgamation (the scheme) was approved by the shareholders of the Company and MCB AMC in their respective extra ordinary general meetings held on 21 May 2011. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its order dated 10 June 2011 under Section 282(L) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Sanction Order) approved the Scheme. As per the Sanction Order, the effective date of amalgamation was 27 June 2011 (the effective date).

Pursuant to amalgamation, the entire undertaking of MCB AMC including all properties, assets, liabilities, receivables, payables and all other rights and obligations was transferred into and vested in the Company as on the effective date. As part of the Scheme, the Company issued and allotted 36 million Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each, as fully paid shares, to registered Ordinary shareholders of MCB AMC in the ratio of 1.2 Ordinary shares of the Company for each share of Rupees 10 of MCB AMC as consideration. The fair value of the shares issued to the shareholders of MCB AMC was based on the published quoted price of the Ordinary shares of the Company as at 24 June 2011 (25 June 2011 and 26 June 2011 being public holidays) being Rupees 21 per share.

Accordingly, the Company is a subsidiary of MCB Bank Limited from the end of the preceding year which owns 51.33% Ordinary shares in the Company (30 June 2011: 51.33% Ordinary shares as at the effective date).

After the close of business on 27 June 2011, the SECP issued another order under Section 484(2) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Extension Order) to extend the effective date from 27 June 2011 to 30 July 2011.

Based upon legal advice, the Company filed a constitutional petition before the Honorable High Court of Sindh (the Court) on 02 July 2011 pleading that the merger is a past and closed transaction and the Extension Order was illegal and not tenable under law. On 04 July 2011, the Court suspended the operation of the Extension Order till the disposal of the application.

On the basis of the order of the Honorable High Court of Sindh dated 04 July 2011 and the legal advice regarding merits of the case, management strongly believes that the outcome of the petition would be in its favor.

1.3 The Company is registered as an Asset Management Company and Investment Advisor under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC) and Pension Fund Manager under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005. The Company also manages discretionary portfolio accounts.

1.4 The Company is currently acting as Asset Management Company of the following open ended funds:

	Net Asset Value as at	
	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	---- (Rupees in million) ----	
Open-end mutual funds		
Pakistan Income Fund	1,301	1,814
Pakistan Stock Market Fund	921	1,244
Metro Bank-Pakistan Sovereign Fund	6,369	2,999
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	294	337
Pakistan Capital Market Fund	354	390
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	3,836	2,711
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	991	1,624
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund - Fixed Income Securities	240	237
AH Dow Jones SAFE Pakistan Titans 15 Index Fund	101	123
Pakistan Premier Fund	468	688
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund	352	608
MCB Islamic Income Fund	1,507	182
MCB Dynamic Allocation Fund	100	333
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund	726	693
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	18,971	10,393
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund	6,696	5,020
Pension Funds		
Pakistan Pension Fund	260	221
Pakistan Islamic Pension Fund	157	127
Discretionary portfolio	1,604	801

The company is also managing investors under discretionary portfolio management agreement, the details of which is given below:

Number of accounts	12	8
Cost of the Portfolio - Rupees	1,534,061,819	706,469,688
Market Value of Portfolio - Rupees	1,582,976,575	718,679,880
Management Fee earned - Rupees	2,842,334	221,203

1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned an asset manager rating of AM2 to the Company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting

Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. Wherever the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 or the requirements of the said directives shall prevail.

b) Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain investments which are carried at fair value.

c) Significant judgments and key sources of estimation in applying the accounting policies

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the management has not identified any area where significant judgments have been exercised which have material impact on the financial statements, except as mentioned below. Further, there are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimating uncertainty at the reporting date that have significant risks of causing a material adjustment within the next financial year. The Company has used significant judgement and estimates in the following areas:

- Useful life of fixed assets (note 2.2)
- Non current assets held for sale (note 2.3)
- Fair valuation of unquoted available-for-investments (note 2.4.3)
- Impairment in available-for-sale investments (note 2.4.5)
- Provision for tax and deferred tax (note 2.7)
- Provisions (note 2.11)
- Impairment in non financial assets (note 2.16)

d) Amendments to published approved standards that are effective in current period and are relevant

International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1 (Amendment), 'Presentation of Financial Statements', now requires an entity to present an analysis of other comprehensive income for each component of equity, either in the statement of changes in equity or in the notes to the financial statements. The company has preferred to present this analysis in the statement of changes in equity.

IFRS 7 (Amendments), 'Financial Instruments', emphasizes the interaction between quantitative and qualitative disclosures about the nature and extent of risks associated with financial instruments.

IAS 24 (Revised), 'Related Party Disclosures', issued in November 2009. It supersedes IAS 24, 'Related Party Disclosures', issued in 2003. The revised standard clarifies and simplifies the definition of a related party and removes the requirement for government-related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government-related entities.

e) Interpretations and amendments to published approved standards that are effective in current period but not relevant.

There are other new interpretations and amendments to the published approved standards that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2011 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

f) Standards and amendments to published approved standards that are not yet effective but relevant

Following standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2012 or later periods:

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2013). IFRS 9 is the first step in the process to replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. It requires that all equity investments are to be measured at fair value while eliminating the cost model for unquoted equity investments. Certain categories of financial instruments available under IAS 39 will be eliminated. Moreover, it also amends certain disclosure requirements relating to financial instruments under IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'. The management of the Company is in the process of evaluating impacts of the aforesaid standard on the Company's financial statements.

IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'. This standard provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across IFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within IFRSs or US GAAP. The standard is not applicable until 01 July 2013 but is available for early adoption.

IAS 1, 'Financial statement presentation' (Amendment). The main change resulting from this amendment is the requirement for entities to group items presented in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) on the basis of whether they are potentially recycled to profit or loss (reclassification adjustments). The amendment does not address which items are presented in OCI. The company will apply these amendments from 01 July 2013.

IFRS 12, 'Disclosures of interests in other entities'. This standard includes the disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off balance sheet vehicles. The standard is not applicable until April 01, 2013 but is available for early adoption.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the company.

g) Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved standards that are not effective in current year and not considered relevant.

There are other accounting standards, amendments to published approved standards and new interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2012 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

2.2 Fixed assets

2.2.1 Property and equipment

Property and equipment except for office premises and Capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation

and impairment in value, if any. Capital work-in-progress are stated at cost. Office premises are measured under revaluation model and stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any. Surplus arising on revaluation is credited to surplus on revaluation of property and equipment. The surplus on revaluation of property and equipment to the extent of incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit through statement of comprehensive income, net of deferred tax.

Assets' residual values, if significant and their useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Depreciation is charged to income by applying the straight line method except for office premises which is depreciated applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in the relevant note. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, depreciation is charged when the asset is available for use and upto the date the asset's derecognition respectively.

Subsequent costs are recognized as a separate asset, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses on disposal of assets, if any, are recognized as and when incurred.

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these are available for use.

2.2.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite useful life - Computer software

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life using straight line method and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. Intangible assets - computer software is amortised at the rates specified in the relevant note. Intangible assets' residual values, if significant and their useful lives are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Amortisation on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalised while no amortisation is charged for the month in which that asset is disposed of.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful life - Goodwill and Management rights

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level.

Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as an intangible asset.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indication of impairment as per the requirement of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 36, 'Impairment of Assets'. Impairment charge in respect of goodwill is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Management rights

This intangible asset represents the present value of future cash flows relating to the management fee that would be earned by the Company assuming growth factors, based on the necessary market assumptions, on Asset Under Management (AUM) of Arif Habib Investments Limited. This benefit also considers the fact that the economic life time of these AUMs are unlimited. Based on this assumption, this intangible asset has been valued using certain valuation techniques.

The fair value of this identifiable intangible asset has been determined using an income approach by the Management of the Company. The income approach begins with an estimation of the annual cash flows, which a market participant acquirer would expect the asset to generate over a discrete projection period. The estimated cash flows for each of the years in the discrete projection period are then converted to their present value equivalent using a rate of return appropriate for the risk of achieving the asset's projected cash flows. The present value of the estimated cash flows are then added to the present value equivalent to the residual value of the asset at the end of the discrete projection period to arrive at an estimate of the fair value of the specific asset.

In applying the income approach, the Company used the Multiple-period Excess Earnings Method to determine the value of the above intangible assets. Under this method the value of a specific intangible asset is estimated from the residual earnings after fair returns on all other assets (if any) employed have been deducted from the asset's after-tax operating earnings.

The valuations are based on information at the time of acquisition and the expectations and assumptions that have been deemed reasonable by the Company's Management. It has been assumed that the underlying assumptions or events associated with such assets will occur as projected.

After initial recognition, management rights are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment is tested at each reporting date.

2.3 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Non current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable, the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition, management is committed to the sale, and expects to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Property and equipment and intangible assets once classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortized.

2.4 Financial instruments

2.4.1 Classification

(a) Investments at 'fair value through profit or loss'

These include financial instruments categorised as 'held-for-trading' which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or dealers' margins or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit taking exists.

These include investments that are designated as investments at 'fair value through profit or loss' upon initial recognition.

(b) Held to maturity

These are securities acquired by the Company with the intention and ability to hold them upto maturity.

(c) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' or 'available-for-sale'.

(d) Available-for-sale

Investments which are not classified in any of the preceding categories are classified as available-for-sale investments.

2.4.2 Recognition

The Company recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company follows trade date accounting for purchase and sale of investments. Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract or the contract is a derivative contract.

2.4.3 Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not at 'fair value through profit or loss', transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at 'fair value through profit or loss' are charged to the income statement immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, instruments classified as financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' and 'available-for-sale' are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' are recognised in the income statement. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as 'available-for-sale' are recognised in other comprehensive income until derecognised or impaired when the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in other comprehensive income are included in the income statement.

Financial assets classified as 'loans and receivables' and 'held to maturity' are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities, other than those at 'fair value through profit or loss', are measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

2.4.4 Fair value measurement principles

The fair value of financial instruments were determined as follows:

- The carrying value of debt securities is based on the value determined and announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).
- Provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets are non performing. Additional provision may be recognised when there is objective evidence of the continuity of non-performance. Further, the reversal of provisions are made where there is an objective evidence that the impairment is reversed.

The fair value of shares of listed companies / units of funds is based on their price quoted on the Karachi Stock Exchange at the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets and financial liabilities are priced at their fair market value.

2.4.5 Impairment

Impairment loss on investments other than 'available-for-sale' is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of investment exceeds its recoverable amount. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised decreases the impairment is reversed through the income statement.

In case of investments classified as 'available-for-sale', a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for 'available-for-sale' financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement. However, the decrease in impairment loss on equity securities classified as 'available-for-sale' is not reversed through the income statement but is recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.4.6 Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the cash flow from the financial asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

2.5 Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such financial assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the profit

and loss account when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

2.6 Employee benefits

Defined contributory plan

The Company contributes to an approved funded provident / pension fund for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and the employees at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary per annum.

2.7 Taxation

Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation, after taking into account tax rebates and tax credits available, if any, or minimum taxation at the rate of one percent of turnover under Section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (applicable for the tax year 2012) whichever is higher. Payment of minimum tax is subject to adjustment against tax liabilities of following three years. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of Technical Release-27 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is charged to profit and loss account, except in case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income in which case its is included in comprehensive income.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and bank balances. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

2.9 Dividend and other distributions

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are declared and other appropriations are recognized in the period in which these are approved by the Board of Directors.

2.10 Offsetting

A financial asset and liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the transaction and the Company also intends to settle on the net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2.12 Other payables

Liabilities for other amounts payable are measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether billed to the Company or not.

2.13 Revenue recognition

2.13.1 Management / advisory fee

Management / advisory fee is calculated on a daily / monthly basis by charging specified rates to the net asset value / income of the Collective Investment Schemes. The fee so charged does not exceed the limit prescribed in the NBFC Regulations / Voluntary Pension System Rules 2005.

Management fee from open-end schemes is calculated by charging the specified rates to the net asset value / income of open end schemes at the close of business of each calendar day. Advisory fee from closed-end schemes is calculated on daily / monthly basis by charging the specified rates to the net assets value of closed-end schemes. Advisory fee from the discretionary portfolios is calculated in accordance with the respective agreements with the clients. Management fee from pension funds is calculated by charging the specified rates to the average net assets value.

Specified rates of management and advisory fees are as follows:

Open-end scheme	Basis	30 June 2012 Percentage	30 June 2011 Percentage
Pakistan Income Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Pakistan Stock Market Fund	Net asset value	2	2
MetroBank-Pakistan Sovereign Fund	10% of income or 1.5% of Net Assets whichever is lower subject to a minimum of 0.5%	10 / 1.5 / 0.5	10 / 1.5 / 0.5
Pakistan Capital Market Fund	Net asset value	2	2
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	10% of gross earnings or 0.25% of Net Assets whichever is higher	10 / 0.25	10 / 0.25
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund (PIEIF)			
PIEIF – A	Net asset value	3	3
PIEIF – B	Net asset value	3	3
PIEIF – C	Net asset value	2	2
PIEIF – D	Net asset value	2	2
PIEIF – E	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Pakistan Premier Fund	Net asset value	2	2
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund	Net asset value	2	2
AH Dow Jones SAFE Pakistan Titans 15 Index Fund	Net asset value	1	1
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund - Fixed Income Securities	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
MCB Islamic Income Fund	10% of gross earnings or 0.25% of Net Assets whichever is higher	10 / 0.25	10 / 0.25
MCB Dynamic Allocation Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund	Net asset value	3	3
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	10% of gross earnings or 0.25% of Net Assets whichever is higher	10 / 0.25	10 / 0.25
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Pension Funds			
Pakistan Pension Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Pakistan Islamic Pension Fund	Net asset value	1.5	1.5
Discretionary portfolios	Net asset value / Performance	0.0-2.0	0.0-2.0

2.13.2 Processing and other related income

These are recognised once the services are provided to unit holders in connection with their investments in the open-end schemes managed by the Company.

2.13.3 Dividend income

Dividend income from investment is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

2.13.4 Mark-up / interest income

Mark-up / interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding at the effective interest rates applicable.

2.14 Share Capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

2.15 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is calculated if there is any potential dilutive effect on the Company's reported net profits.

2.16 Impairment - Non financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets except deferred tax assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

3. BUSINESS COMBINATION - FINALIZATION OF FAIR VALUES

The Company's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011 were prepared using reverse acquisition method in accordance with the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standard – 3 (revised) 'Business Combinations'. As permitted under IFRS-3, the fair values of the assets of the Company assumed and accounted for under reverse acquisition method were incorporated provisionally in the aforementioned financial statements based on limited information. IFRS 3 requires to retrospectively adjust such provisional amounts recognized at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date. The provisional amounts recognized were required to be adjusted during the 'Measurement period' which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date.

During the year, the management finalized the fair values of such assets as at 31 December 2011. The retrospective adjustment has

been made in the balance sheet and the comparatives have been revised as under:

		Carrying amount as at 26 June 2011	Fair values provisionally determined as at 26 June 2011	Further adjustments to finalize the fair values identified	Fair values finalized and adjusted retrospectively
Note					
		Rupees			
Fixed assets		35,752,429	34,654,895	-	34,654,895
Investments		262,261,172	262,261,172	-	262,261,172
Long-term loans and receivables		6,051,191	6,051,191	-	6,051,191
Long-term deposits		115,000	115,000	-	115,000
Intangible assets acquired on amalgamation	4.3	-	109,000,000	83,000,000	192,000,000
Deferred tax asset		62,760,149	62,760,149	(21,572,968)	41,187,181
Cash and bank balances		41,573,019	41,573,019	-	41,573,019
Other current assets – net		160,705,655	160,705,655	5,470,621	166,176,276
Total assets		569,218,615	677,121,081	66,897,653	744,018,734
Liabilities					
Trade and other payables		50,535,712	67,776,760	-	67,776,760
Provision for taxation		2,368,907	2,368,907	-	2,368,907
Total liabilities		52,904,619	70,145,667	-	70,145,667
Net assets acquired		516,313,996	606,975,414	66,897,653	673,873,067
Fair value of the consideration transferred			756,000,000	-	756,000,000
Goodwill arising on acquisition – adjusted (Note 4.3)			149,024,586	66,897,653	82,126,933

3.1 This exercise resulted in an increase in the value of 'Intangible Asset-Management Rights' by Rupees 83 million, a decrease in the 'Deferred Tax Asset' by Rupees 21.572 million, a increase in 'Other Current Assets' of Rupees 5.471 million and a corresponding decrease in the 'Goodwill' by Rupees 66.898 million.

The fair value of 'Intangible Asset-Management Rights' has been worked out by an independent valuer as at the reporting date based on future projections of earnings after taking into account reasonable assumptions and related data. The 'Deferred Tax Asset' and 'Other Current Assets' have been adjusted upon identifying further information that could not be substantiated as at the acquisition date. No change has been identified with respect to the values of all other assets due to which such values have now been treated as final. The management believes that the exercise of finalizing the fair values is now complete effective from 31 December 2011.

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
Note		(Rupees)	
4. FIXED ASSETS			
Property and equipment	4.1	104,030,443	113,905,121
Capital work in progress	4.2	5,000,000	5,200,000
Intangible assets	4.3	279,241,002	280,840,816
		388,271,445	399,945,937

4.1 Property and equipment

30 June 2012	COST / REVALUATION			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				Net Book Value At 30 June 2012	Rate
	At 01 July 2011	Additions / (disposals)	Surplus on revaluation / reversal of depreciation due to revaluation	Assets acquired under amalgamation	At 30 June 2012	At 01 July 2011	Charge for the year / (depreciation on disposals)	Reversal of depreciation due to revaluation	
			(Rupees)				(Rupees)		%
Office premises	80,800,000	-	-	-	80,800,000	2,356,669	3,922,164	-	5
Furniture and fittings	12,662,491	2,181,807 (293,030)	-	-	14,551,268	3,857,637	1,384,659 (4,474)	-	10
Office equipment	8,208,600	582,487 (103,910)	-	-	8,687,177	2,695,891	1,368,694 (6,719)	-	20
Motor vehicles	9,952,063	-	-	-	8,616,063	1,814,135	2,095,883 (1,336,000)	-	20-25
Computers	23,349,010	642,648 (122,537)	-	-	23,869,121	10,342,711	4,008,702 (6,766)	-	25
	134,972,164	3,406,942 (1,855,477)	-	-	136,523,629	21,067,043	12,780,102 (1,353,959)	-	

4.1.1 The office premises of the Company was originally revalued by an independent professional valuer on 20 November 2007. The revaluation was carried out by M/s.Pee Dee & Associates on the basis of professional assessment of present market values and resulted in a surplus of Rs.1.623 million.

During the last year, the Company revalued its office premises using the same independent professional valuer as on 01 October 2010. The said revaluation was based on present market values and resulted in a further surplus of Rs.15.260 million. Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of the said office premises as at 30 June 2012 would have been Rupees 59.11 million (2011: 62.219 million).

30 June 2011	COST / REVALUATION			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				Rate
	At 01 July 2010	Additions / (disposals)	Surplus on revaluation / reversal of depreciation due to amalgamation	At 30 June 2011	At 01 July 2010	Charge for the year / (depreciation on disposals)	Reversal of depreciation due to revaluation	Net Book Value At 30 June 2011
			(Rupees)			(Rupees)		%
Building	71,811,000	-	15,260,062 (6,271,062)	80,800,000	4,876,598	3,751,133	(6,271,062)	78,443,331 5
Furniture and fittings	9,435,459	1,604,766	1,622,266	12,662,491	2,800,382	1,057,255	-	8,804,854 10
Office equipment	3,329,336	982,286 (36,950)	3,933,928	8,208,600	1,973,651	735,173 (12,933)	-	5,512,709 20
Motor vehicles	6,780,663	- (4,884,663)	8,056,063	9,952,063	5,570,740	1,128,058 (4,884,663)	-	8,137,928 20-25
Computers	12,269,461	847,386 (61,712)	10,293,875	23,349,010	7,871,022	2,499,974 (28,285)	-	13,006,299 25
	103,625,919	3,434,438 (4,983,325)	15,260,062 (6,271,062)	134,972,164	23,092,393	9,171,593 (4,925,881)	(6,271,062)	113,905,121

4.1.2 Particulars of disposal of property and equipment during the year are as follows:

Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceeds	Gain	Mode of disposal	Buyer's particulars
Motor vehicle	1,336,000	1,336,000	-	267,200	267,200	As per Company Policy	Mr. Junaid Khalid (Employee)

The other assets disposed of during the year were individually below Rupees 50,000.

4.2 Capital work-in-progress

This represents amount paid for upgradation of computer software to a consultant.

4.3 Intangible assets

30 June 2012	Note	COST		ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION			NET BOOK VALUE AT 30 JUNE 2012	RATE
		At 01 July 2011	Additions / (deletions)	Assets acquired under amalgamation	At 30 June 2012	At 01 July 2011	Charge for the year	At 30 June 2012
				(Rupees)	(Rupees)		(Rupees)	%
Computer software		13,056,056	515,000 (102,500)	-	13,468,556	6,342,173	2,012,315	8,354,487
								25
Goodwill	3, 4.3.1	82,126,933	-	-	82,126,933	-	-	-
Management rights	3	192,000,000	-	-	192,000,000	-	-	192,000,000
								-
		287,182,989	515,000 (102,500)	-	287,595,489	6,342,173	2,012,315	8,354,487
								279,241,002
30 June 2011		COST		ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION			NET BOOK VALUE AT 30 JUNE 2011	RATE
		At 01 July 2010	Additions / (deletions)	Assets acquired under amalgamation	At 30 June 2011	At 01 July 2010	Charge for the year	At 30 June 2011
				(Rupees)	(Rupees)		(Rupees)	%
Computer software		7,469,149	38,144	5,548,763	13,056,056	4,684,776	1,657,397	6,342,173
								25
Goodwill (Restated)		-	-	82,126,933	82,126,933	-	-	-
Management rights (Restated)		-	-	192,000,000	192,000,000	-	-	-
								192,000,000
		7,469,149	38,144	279,675,696	287,182,989	4,684,776	1,657,397	6,342,173
								280,840,816

4.3.1 The company believes that the entire amount of goodwill will be deductible for tax purpose.

Note ----- (Rupees) -----

5.1	326,549,333	310,324,182
-----	-------------	-------------

5.1.1 This represents investment in seed capital of the Fund.

5.1.2 The fund will complete its term on 15th August 2012. Accordingly, this investment has been shown under 'short term investment'. (Note 11.2.1).

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	
6. LONG-TERM LOANS AND RECEIVABLES			
Related parties - unsecured - considered good Loans			
Chief executive	6.1	277,510	413,470
Loan to employees	6.1	2,510,175	1,897,959
	6.2 & 6.3	2,787,685	2,311,429
Less: Current portion	8	(795,275)	(440,544)
		1,992,410	1,870,885
Other receivables - from related parties			
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	6.4	-	553,389
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	6.4	-	535,338
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund	6.4	5,585,109	4,045,100
Pakistan Premier Fund	6.4	4,281,370	3,176,301
MCB Islamic Income Fund	6.4	-	1,000,000
		9,866,479	9,310,128
Less: Current portion	7.1	(5,311,887)	(4,255,943)
	6.5	6,547,002	6,925,070

6.1 This includes loans given to employees for the purpose of purchase of cars. These loans are given to employees against down payment of leased car as per the Company policy and are adjustable on availing revised facility on change of entitlement of an employee or at the time of final settlement on leaving the Company.

6.2 Reconciliation of loans to chief executive and employees:

Opening balance	2,311,429	503,069
Acquired on amalgamation	-	997,006
Disbursed during the year	1,488,686	2,138,503
Recovered during the year	(1,012,430)	(1,327,149)
	2,787,685	2,311,429

6.3 Maximum aggregate balance of loans due from related parties during the period was Rupees 3.573 (30 June 2011: Rupees 1.240) million.

6.4 This includes expenses incurred in connection with the incorporation, registration, establishment and offering for sale and distribution of the securities of the Funds borne by the Company and reimbursable by Funds in equal amounts, payable annually over a period of five years or period till maturity, whichever is earlier. The fair values of receivable from related parties are based on discounted cash flows.

6.5 The carrying value of "Long-Term Loans and Receivables" is denominated in Pak Rupees, and the amounts approximate their fair values which is neither past due nor impaired.

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		----- (Rupees) -----	
7. RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES			
Unsecured - considered good			
Pakistan Income Fund		2,003,378	2,358,954
Pakistan Stock Market Fund		2,052,906	2,363,179
Metro Bank-Pakistan Sovereign Fund		6,636,515	1,858,264
Pakistan Premier Fund		3,161,088	2,296,231
Pakistan Capital Market Fund		672,963	652,122
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund		3,707,972	2,643,774
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund		531,657	548,130
Pakistan Pension Fund		360,530	302,116
Pakistan Islamic Pension Fund		221,353	172,120
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund-I		-	286,155
Pakistan Cash Management Fund		4,683,759	3,674,087
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund		1,612,335	2,339,002
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund - FIS		341,426	292,377
AH Dow Jones SAFE Pakistan Titans 15 Index Fund		93,320	3,822,055
MCB Islamic Income Fund		2,242,749	1,135,777
MCB Dynamic Allocation Fund		161,502	411,462
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund		1,684,462	1,718,962
MCB Cash Management Optimizer		21,715,351	11,111,400
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund		9,980,785	5,783,157
MCB Sarmaya Mehfooz Fund 1		721,399	56,054,023
	7.1	<u>62,585,450</u>	<u>99,823,347</u>
Discretionary Portfolio (advisory fee)		357,407	148,826
Fatima Fertilizer (Private) Limited		-	208,233
Employees' Trust	7.2	-	1,420,086
Rotocast Engineering (Private) Limited	7.3	<u>57,970,426</u>	-
	7.4	<u><u>120,913,283</u></u>	<u><u>101,600,492</u></u>

7.1 The above amounts represent receivable on account of management fee, current portion of long-term receivables and other expenses paid on behalf of related parties.

7.2 This represents amount receivable from "Arif Habib Investment Employees Stock Beneficial Ownership Trust".

7.3 During the year company received Rupees 20 million against non current assets classified as held for sale of in 2011.

7.4 The carrying value of "Receivable from related parties" is denominated in Pak Rupees, and the amount approximates their fair values which is neither past due nor impaired.

8. LOANS AND ADVANCES

Note

Considered good - unsecured

Current portion of loan to employees	6	795,275	440,544
Advance to employees		32,023	1,966,484
Advance to suppliers and contractors		454,940	622,871
	8.1	<u><u>1,282,238</u></u>	<u><u>3,029,899</u></u>

8.1 The carrying value of "Loans and advances" is denominated in Pak Rupees, and the amount approximates their fair values which is neither past due nor impaired.

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		(Rupees)	
9. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Deposits		449,614	399,198
Prepayments			
Registration fee		3,047,021	1,811,459
Maintenance		1,283,335	1,450,000
Insurance		2,434,913	898,206
Others		1,705,013	1,890,118
		8,470,282	6,049,783
Other receivables			
Discretionary Portfolio (advisory fee)		1,186,256	415,186
Others		87,605	2,434,005
		1,273,861	2,849,191
	9.1	10,193,757	9,298,172

9.1 The carrying value of "Deposits" and "Other receivables" is denominated in Pak Rupees, and the amount approximates their fair values which is neither past due nor impaired.

10. TAXATION - net

Advance tax		14,436,677	31,461,991
Income tax refundable	10.1	76,668,264	49,904,034
		91,104,941	81,366,025
Provision for taxation		(15,121,721)	(5,212,995)
		75,983,220	76,153,030

10.1 The above amount includes assessed refunds for the tax years 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011.

11.

SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

In Collective Investment Schemes - related parties

At fair value through profit or loss

Available-for-sale investments

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	(Rupees)	(Rupees)
11.1		465,242,143	305,785,131
11.2		2,417,385	841,143
		<u>467,659,528</u>	<u>306,626,274</u>

11.1 At fair value through profit or loss

Name of the investee Fund	As at 30 June 2012				As at 30 June 2011	
	As at 01 July 2011	Additions (Disposals)	As at 30 June 2012	Market value	Cost	Market value
	Units			(Rupees)		
Open end mutual funds						
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund	1,920,726	1,795,413	3,716,139	376,907,202	172,449,232	194,616,986
MCB Cash Management Optimizer	608,892	(463,380)	145,512	14,567,804	54,660,191	61,041,545
MCB Islamic Income Fund	500,000	105,733	605,733	50,126,600	50,000,000	50,126,600
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	-	262,009	262,009	13,115,552	-	-
				<u>430,243,695</u>	<u>465,242,143</u>	<u>305,785,131</u>

11.2

Available-for-sale investments

Name of the investee Fund	As at 30 June 2012				As at 30 June 2011	
	As at 01 July 2011	Additions	As at 30 June 2012	Accumulated unrealized gain on revaluation of Investments	Market value	Unrealized gain on revaluation of investments
Open end mutual funds						
Metro Bank-Pakistan Sovereign Fund	16,494	3,042	19,536	839,515	942,002	102,487
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund -						
Fixed Income Securities (FIS)	126,502	17,861	144,363	1,339,657	1,475,383	135,726
				<u>2,179,172</u>	<u>2,417,385</u>	<u>238,213</u>
					<u>841,143</u>	<u>1,628</u>

11.2.1 The Pakistan Capital Fund – Fixed Income Securities was launched in 2010 with a fixed term of 2.5 years, Subsequent to the reporting date the Fund will complete its term on 15th August 2012.

	Note	30 June 2012 ----- (Rupees) -----	30 June 2011 -----
12. CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
Cash in hand		25,000	26,893
Cash at bank in			
Current accounts		3,617,351	816,901
Deposit accounts	12.1 & 12.2	7,948,251	56,935,976
		11,565,602	57,752,877
		11,590,602	57,779,770

12.1 This includes cash at bank in deposit accounts with Summit Bank Limited (a related party), amounting to Rupees 2.907 million (2011: Rupees 36.899 million) carrying mark-up at the rate of 11.00% (2011: 11.00%) per annum.

12.2 This includes cash at bank in deposit accounts with MCB Bank Limited (a related party), amounting to Rupees 4.108 million (2011: Rupees 16.180 million) carrying mark-up at the rate of 11% (2011: 12.00%) per annum.

13. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Lease hold improvements	-	42,985,127
Generator	-	12,914,414
Furniture and fixtures	-	7,270,313
Office equipment	-	13,056,555
Computer equipment	-	1,744,017
	13.1	77,970,426

13.1 These represent property and equipment acquired on amalgamation which were previously in use of the Company. Consequent to the merger, the Company relocated its office premises and, accordingly, these assets were classified as held for sale. During the year, these assets have been sold to Rotocast Engineering Company (Private) Limited, a related party, at the values negotiated during the last year.

14. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

30 June 2012 ----- (Number of shares) -----	30 June 2011		30 June 2012 ----- (Rupees) -----	30 June 2011
		Ordinary Share of Rs.10 each		
50,000,000	50,000,000	Fully paid in cash	50,000,000	50,000,000
310,000,000	310,000,000	As fully paid bonus shares	310,000,000	310,000,000
360,000,000	360,000,000	Shares issued for consideration other than cash 14.2	360,000,000	360,000,000
720,000,000	720,000,000		720,000,000	720,000,000

14.1 At 30 June 2012, MCB Bank Limited, the holding Company, held 36,956,768 (2011: 36,956,768) Ordinary shares of Rupees10 each representing 51.33% of share capital.

14.2 During the last year, the Company issued 36,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rupees10 each to MCB Bank Limited on account of an

agreement entered into between the shareholders of the Company and MCB Bank Limited, as more fully explained in note 1.2 to the financial statements.

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	-----
15. RESERVES			
Share premium		396,000,000	396,000,000
Deficit arising on amalgamation	15.1	(60,000,000)	(60,000,000)
Unappropriated profit		186,830,448	203,716,256
Unrealised fair value gain / (loss) on available-for-sale investments - net		28,760,879	(986,262)
		<u>551,591,327</u>	<u>538,729,994</u>

15.1 This represents deficit arising on account of difference in share capital of AHIL and MCB AMC.

	Note		
16. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS - net of tax			
Surplus on revaluation of office premises		16,206,923	1,422,393
Add: Revaluation made during the year	4.1	-	15,260,062
		16,206,923	16,682,455
Transferred to unappropriated profit in respect of: Incremental depreciation charged during the year - net of deferred tax		(534,525)	(318,949)
Related deferred tax liability		(266,723)	(156,583)
		<u>(801,248)</u>	<u>(475,532)</u>
Surplus on revaluation - closing balance		15,405,675	16,206,923
Less: Related deferred tax liability on:			
Opening balance		5,336,615	458,259
Adjustment due to change in rate of exempt income and income under final tax		-	10,106
Revaluation made during the year		-	5,024,833
Incremental depreciation charged on related assets		(266,723)	(156,583)
		<u>5,069,892</u>	<u>5,336,615</u>
		<u>10,335,783</u>	<u>10,870,308</u>

17. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deductible temporary differences:

- Tax losses	-	(27,437,771)
- Minimum tax	-	(5,207,308)
- Deferred tax on revaluation and others adjustments	5,069,892	4,387,901
	5,069,892	(28,257,178)

Taxable temporary differences:

- Property and equipment	15,161,980	21,959,146
- Intangible assets	20,055,371	970,509
	<u>35,217,351</u>	<u>22,929,655</u>
	<u>40,287,243</u>	<u>(5,327,523)</u>

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	
18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Accrued expenses	18.1	45,604,023	63,665,527
Withholding tax payable		38,424	8,558,856
Sales tax payable		7,823,129	-
Payable to facilitators / distributor		33,107,248	14,460,053
Unclaimed dividend		1,213,760	178,730
Others		23,396	150,000
		<u>87,809,980</u>	<u>87,013,166</u>

18.1 This Includes Rs. 5.184 million (2011: Rupees 17.858 million) payable to Rotocast Engineering Private Limited (a related party).

19. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

19.1 Contingencies

Bank Guarantee of Rupees Nil (2011: Rupees 1.55 million) against the limit of Rupees Nil (2011: Rupees 2.10 million) issued by Summit Bank Limited, a related party, in favour of a commercial bank in relation to credit cards issued to the employees of the Company by the said commercial bank.

19.2 Commitments

There were no commitments at the reporting date.

		30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	Note	----- (Rupees) -----	
20. MANAGEMENT FEE / INVESTMENT ADVISORY FEE			
From related parties			
Collective Investment Schemes	20.1	553,507,067	237,006,096
Discretionary portfolios		2,842,334	221,203
		556,349,401	237,227,299
Less : Sind Sales Tax		(76,738,090)	-
		<u>479,611,311</u>	<u>237,227,299</u>

20.1 From Collective Investment Schemes

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		----- (Rupees) -----	
Pakistan Income Fund		27,679,659	296,472
Pakistan Stock Market Fund		23,416,092	275,476
MetroBank-Pakistan Sovereign Fund		72,153,447	242,316
Pakistan Premier Fund		12,637,448	152,794
Pakistan Capital Market Fund		8,326,723	85,922
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund		11,615,548	141,860
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund		6,113,939	65,071
Pakistan Pension Fund		3,837,402	35,835
Pakistan Islamic Pension Fund		2,367,531	20,974
Pakistan Cash Management Fund		35,537,012	371,653
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund		23,039,228	266,785
Pakistan Capital Protected Fund - FIS		4,143,157	38,890
AH Dow Jones SAFE Pakistan Titans 15 Index Fund		1,327,427	13,569
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund		101,777,575	78,255,216
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund		21,161,852	20,044,600
MCB Dynamic Allocation Fund		4,581,753	5,508,647
MCB Cash Management Optimizer		184,780,977	117,174,261
MCB Islamic Income Fund		9,010,297	50,777
MCB Sarmaya Mehfooz Fund 1		-	13,964,978
		<u>553,507,067</u>	<u>237,006,096</u>

21. ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		----- (Rupees) -----	
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	21.1	142,212,804	81,089,071
Marketing and advertising expenses		2,214,427	9,566,580
Legal and professional charges		17,718,114	8,971,476
Traveling and conveyance charges		3,558,268	1,471,713
Repairs and maintenance		25,791,111	7,134,748
Office supplies		437,370	369,921
Auditors' remuneration	21.2	880,000	357,081
Directors' meeting fee		1,175,002	570,000
Insurance		1,031,632	2,094,551
Depreciation		12,780,102	9,171,593
Amortisation		2,012,315	1,657,397
Stamp duty and taxes		490,845	84,404
Printing and stationery		6,763,453	2,322,880
Utilities		8,171,924	4,342,231
Telephone expenses		3,228,643	2,844,475
Entertainment expenses		1,604,457	1,130,482
Books, periodicals and subscription		7,516,395	7,134,576
Registrar Fee		2,866,024	-
Miscellaneous expenses		2,602,230	2,805,746
		<u>243,055,116</u>	<u>143,118,925</u>

21.1 This amount includes contribution to provident / pension fund amounting to Rupees 4.35 (2011: Rupees 2.315) million.

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		----- (Rupees) -----	
21.2 Auditors' Remuneration			
Audit fee		650,000	250,000
Half yearly review		140,000	-
Out of pocket expenses		30,000	50,000
Audit fee Employees' Provident Fund		30,000	30,000
Other certification		30,000	27,081
		<u>880,000</u>	<u>357,081</u>

22. MANAGEMENT / INVESTMENT ADVISORY FEE/ PROCESSING AND OTHER RELATED INCOME SHARING

The Company shares a percentage of processing income and management fee earned by the Company with its facilitators, sales agents. During the year, the Company shared management fee with MCB Bank Limited, the holding Company, amounting to Rupees 29.914 (2011: Rupees 20.143) million.

	Note	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
		----- (Rupees) -----	
23. TAXATION			
Current		15,121,721	2,844,088
Prior		(553,146)	634,538
Deferred		45,991,056	15,602,739
		<u>60,559,631</u>	<u>19,081,365</u>
Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit:			
Accounting profit		<u>205,139,298</u>	<u>90,716,313</u>
Tax @ 35%		71,798,754	31,750,710
Effect of:			
Tax on separately chargeable income		-	5,667
Tax effect of computation adjustments		(10,685,978)	(13,309,550)
Effect of prior year adjustment		(553,146)	634,538
		<u>60,559,630</u>	<u>19,081,365</u>

24. EARNINGS PER SHARE - Basic and diluted

Net income for the year (Rupees)	144,579,667	71,634,948
Shares outstanding as at 30 June 2012 (number of shares)	72,000,000	36,394,521
Earnings per unit - basic (Rupees)	2.01	1.97

24.1 Diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Company does not have any convertible Instruments in issue at 30 June 2012 and 2011 which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

25. REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration including all benefits to the Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives of the Company was as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2012			Year ended 30 June 2011		
	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives
	----- Rupees -----					
Managerial remuneration	4,836,000	10,909,200	26,404,784	4,026,000	140,917	19,981,971
Bonus	2,500,000	-	11,501,699	4,000,000	-	10,401,211
Retirement benefits	407,316	1,195,704	2,253,723	339,817	-	1,651,964
Rent and house Maintenance	2,176,200	4,909,080	11,882,156	1,811,700	-	8,918,548
Utilities	483,600	1,090,920	2,640,478	402,600	-	1,982,542
Medical	471,336	1,090,800	2,577,605	398,976	-	2,045,507
Meeting fee	-	1,175,000	-	-	570,000	-
Others	2,692,464	300,000	8,606,209	224,372	-	6,259,374
	13,566,916	20,670,704	65,866,654	11,203,465	710,917	51,241,117
Number of persons	1	7	24	1	9	25

One executive is provided with free use of Company maintained car.

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**26.1 Financial risk factors**

The Company monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk management on an ongoing basis. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. In connection with the Company's financing of operations, the finance function ensures adequate and flexible liquidity. This is guaranteed by placing deposits in cash and extremely liquid negotiable instruments, and/or using binding credit facilities.

The Company seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by managing financial assets and liabilities to minimize the risk exposures. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis.

26.2 Market risk

"Market risk is the risk that changes in the market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices would have an impact on the value of the financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the returns.

Company's policy is to manage market risk through diversification and selection of securities within specified limits set by the Board of Directors.

26.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flow. The Company does not hold any fixed interest based securities that expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk. However, the Company has availed short and long term financing on floating rates that are exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the balance sheet date was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/ lower and all other variables were held constant, the company's profit for the year ended 30 June 2012 would increase / decrease by rupees .0.080 million (2011: Rupees 0.569 million). This is mainly attributable to the company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate.

26.4 Equity price risk

"The Company's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price fluctuation arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Company's significant investment includes investments in Collective Investments Schemes (CIS) managed by the Company itself. Senior management of the Company review the Company's Investments on a regular basis. Further the Board of Directors of the Company also reviews and approves all significant equity investment decisions.

Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to valuation gains and losses for investment portfolio of the Company. The analysis is prepared on the amount of investments at the balance sheet date. 15 percent increase or decrease in equity instrument prices and 0.5 percent increase or decrease in fixed income / money market instrument prices are used when reporting price risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in equity and fixed income / money market instruments rates.

If prices in equity instruments had been 15 percent higher/lower and prices in fixed income / money market instruments had been 0.5 percent higher / lower, the Company's:

- unrealized gain on fair value of available -for-sale investments as on 30 June 2012 would increase / decrease by Rupees 49.203 million (2011 : Rupees 46.548 million).

26.5 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

26.6 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that may have been recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. The entire financial assets are subject to the credit risk. Management believes that the Company's credit risk is minimal as major portion of financial assets comprise of investments in or receivables from the Funds which are managed by the Company, and the financial position of these funds is sound.

Credit policy

Credit policy of the Company is governed by corporate laws including NBFC Rules & Regulations, Offering documents of Collective Investment Schemes under its management and Company's Personnel Policy.

Concentration of credit risk

Out of total receivables from related parties, 53.5% is receivable from funds under management of the Company.

Credit quality

The Company's financial assets are neither past due nor impaired as at the reporting date.

Ratings of Funds from which amounts are receivable.

Fund	Star rating		Rating
	Normal	Long-term	
Pakistan Stock Market Fund	2- star	4- star	PACRA
Pakistan Premier Fund	3- star	4- star	PACRA
Pakistan Capital Market Fund	2- star	3- star	PACRA
Pakistan International Element Islamic Asset Allocation Fund	3- star	2- star	PACRA
Pakistan Strategic Allocation Fund	3- star	4- star	PACRA
MCB Dynamic Stock Fund	4- star	5- star	
MCB Allocation Fund	4- star	4- star	PACRA
			PACRA
	Stability rating		Rating
Pakistan Cash Management Fund	AAA (f)		PACRA
Pakistan Income Fund	A+ (f)		PACRA
MetroBank - Pakistan Sovereign Fund	AA (f)		PACRA
Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund	A + (f)		PACRA
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund	A + (f)		PACRA
MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	AA + (f)		PACRA
MCB Islamic Income Fund	AA - (f)		

Ratings of banks in which deposits are placed.

BANK	Rating		
	Short-term	Long-term	Agency
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA
Summit Bank Limited	A-2	A -	JCR-VIS
Bank Al Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA

26.7 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects the Company's inability in raising funds to meet its commitments. Management closely monitors the Company's liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of balance sheet liquidity ratios and rational investment decisions after taking into consideration the current availability of the liquid resources. As at 30 June 2012, the company's cash and bank balances amounted to Rupees 11.591 million.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The following are details of the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities.

	Less than one year	One to two year	Two to three year	More than three years	Total
	----- Rupees -----				
2012					
Trade and other payable	87,809,980	-	-	-	87,809,980
	<u>87,809,980</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,809,980</u>
2011					
Trade and other payable	87,013,166	-	-	-	87,013,166
	<u>87,013,166</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,013,166</u>

26.8 Financial instruments by category

Name and amount of financial assets/ financial liabilities on which financial instrument policy is applied.

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	----- (Rupees) -----	
Financial Assets		
Cash and bank balances	<u>11,590,602</u>	<u>57,779,770</u>
Investments		
Available-for-sale investments - non-current assets	326,549,333	310,324,182
Investments at fair value through profit or loss - current assets	465,242,143	305,785,131
Available-for-sale investments - current assets	<u>2,417,385</u>	<u>841,143</u>
	<u>794,208,861</u>	<u>616,950,456</u>
Loans and receivables		
Long-term loans, advances and receivables	6,547,002	6,925,070
Long-term deposits	849,700	624,700
Receivables from related parties	120,913,283	101,600,492
Loans and advances	1,282,238	3,029,899
Deposits and other receivables	1,723,475	3,248,389
Accrued Markup	<u>184,225</u>	<u>1,007,993</u>
	<u>131,499,923</u>	<u>116,436,543</u>
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	87,809,980	87,013,166
	<u>87,809,980</u>	<u>87,013,166</u>

26.9 Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of the financial instruments have been analysed in various fair value levels as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices)

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Rupees			
Assets				
Available for sale investments	328,966,718	-	-	328,966,718
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	465,242,143	-	-	465,242,143
Total	<u>794,208,861</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>794,208,861</u>

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial instruments held by the Company is the current bid price. These financial instruments are classified under level 1 in above referred table.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value a financial instrument are observable, those financial instruments are classified under level 2 in above referred table. The Company has no such type of financial instruments as on 30 June 2012.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the financial instrument is classified under level 3. The carrying amount less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the company for similar financial instruments. The Company has no such type of financial instruments as on 30 June 2012.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

27. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, and
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services that commensurate with the level of risk.

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

28. DISCRETIONARY PORTFOLIO

	30 June 2012		30 June 2011	
	Cost	Market value	Cost	Market value
	Rupees			
	12		8	
Number of Portfolios				
- Equity portfolio	214,465,167	216,001,972	96,822,012	109,674,282
- Debt portfolio	1,319,596,652	1,366,974,603	609,647,676	609,005,598

29. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of related group companies, collective investment schemes managed by the company, associated companies, directors and their close family members and retirement benefit plan. Transactions and Balances with related parties/associated undertakings during the period were as follows:

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	(Rupees)	
CONTRIBUTION TO PROVIDENT FUND	4,359,841	2,313,224
MCB BANK LIMITED		
Bank balance	7,182,164	16,179,858
Receivable as share of expense	206,162	-
Commission and other expenses	29,914,771	20,143,321
Commission payable	7,284,308	3,500,000
Mark up receivable	156,429	730,957
Mark up income	1,057,453	1,339,765
Reimbursement for other expenses	9,154,325	3,871,576
Dividend paid	83,152,728	29,998,000
ARIF HABIB CORPORATION LIMITED		
Sale of fixed assets	89,749	-
Dividend paid	48,744,376	-
MCB DYNAMIC CASH FUND		
Remuneration income	101,777,575	78,255,216
Remuneration receivable	9,529,989	5,780,321
Sale load receivable	450,789	2,836
Purchase of units	319,000,000	-
Redemption of units	165,000,000	100,000,000
Bonus units 332,318 (2011: 355,979 units)	28,851,933	36,124,658
Closing balance of investment in units	376,907,202	194,616,986
MCB DYNAMIC STOCK FUND		
Remuneration income	21,161,852	20,044,600
Remuneration receivable	1,361,400	1,712,517
Sale load receivable	323,062	6,445

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	----- (Rupees) -----	
MCB DYNAMIC ALLOCATION FUND		
Remuneration income	4,581,753	5,508,647
Remuneration receivable	143,502	411,462
Sale load receivable	18,000	-
MCB CASH MANAGEMENT OPTIMIZER		
Remuneration Income	184,780,977	117,174,261
Remuneration receivable	21,715,351	11,111,400
Redemption of units	51,459,571	-
Bonus units 48,358 units (2011: 72,299)	4,835,838	7,229,900
Closing balance of investment in units	14,567,804	61,041,545
MCB SARMA YA MEHFOOZ FUND 1		
Remuneration income	-	13,964,978
Remuneration receivable	721,399	721,399
Bonus units NIL (2011: 1346)	-	134,600
Other receivable	-	55,332,624
MCB ISLAMIC INCOME FUND		
Remuneration Income	9,010,297	50,777
Remuneration receivable	1,455,141	50,777
Other receivable	787,608	403,000
Long term receivable - formation cost	-	1,000,000
Bonus units 105,733 units (2011: NIL)	10,576,512	-
Closing balance of investment in units	110,716,235	100,253,200
PAKISTAN STOCK MARKET FUND		
Remuneration Income	23,416,092	275,476
Remuneration receivable	1,754,585	2,096,477
Share of load receivable	298,321	266,702
PAKISTAN INCOME FUND		
Remuneration Income	27,679,659	296,472
Remuneration receivable	1,856,277	2,234,200
Share of load receivable	147,101	124,754
PAKISTAN PREMIER FUND		
Remuneration Income	12,637,448	152,794
Remuneration receivable	889,264	1,160,319
Conversion cost receivable	5,679,560	5,679,560

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	----- (Rupees) -----	
METRO BANK-PAKISTAN SOVEREIGN FUND		
Remuneration Income	72,153,447	242,316
Remuneration receivable	6,636,069	1,855,296
Bonus units 3,036 units (2011: NIL)	146,217	-
Closing balance of investment in units	942,002	841,143
Share of load receivable	446	2,968
PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND		
Remuneration Income	8,326,723	85,922
Remuneration receivable	672,963	652,122
PAKISTAN STRATEGIC ALLOCATION FUND		
Remuneration Income	11,615,548	141,860
Remuneration receivable	667,909	1,123,743
Conversion cost receivable	7,600,157	7,600,157
PAKISTAN PENSION FUND		
Remuneration Income	3,837,402	35,835
Remuneration receivable	357,743	265,852
Closing balance of investment in units	126,426,000	112,992,000
Share of load receivable	2,787	36,264
PAKISTAN INTERNATIONAL ELEMENT ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND		
Remuneration Income	6,113,939	65,071
Remuneration receivable	492,829	503,002
Share of load receivable	38,828	45,128
PAKISTAN CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND-I		
Others receivable	-	286,155
PAKISTAN ISLAMIC PENSION FUND		
Remuneration Income	2,367,531	20,974
Remuneration receivable	221,353	156,708
Closing balance of investment in units	125,682,000	110,991,000
Share of load receivable	-	15,412
PAKISTAN CAPITAL PROTECTED FUND - FIS		
Remuneration Income	4,143,157	38,890
Remuneration receivable	341,426	292,377
Bonus units 17,861 units (2011: NIL)	182,037	-
Closing balance of investment in units	-	1,396,582
PAKISTAN CASH MANAGEMENT FUND		
Remuneration Income	35,537,012	371,653
Remuneration receivable	4,633,730	3,203,401
Bonus units 4,477 units (2011: NIL)	224,271	-
Closing balance of investment in units	13,115,552	-
Others receivable	50,029	70,769
Formation cost - receivable	-	600,000

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
	----- (Rupees) -----	-----
PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND		
Remuneration Income	23,039,228	266,785
Remuneration receivable	1,469,726	2,003,530
Share of load receivable	135,034	133,472
Others receivable	7,575	2,000
Formation cost - receivable	-	600,000
AH DOW JONES SAFE PAKISTAN TITANS 15 INDEX FUND		
Remuneration Income	1,327,427	13,569
Remuneration receivable	93,320	102,055
Bonus units 37,407 units (2011: NIL)	2,104,261	-
Closing balance of investment in units	24,376,683	34,818,000
Others receivable	-	2,720,000
Formation cost - receivable	-	1,000,000

30. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 15 August 2012 has announced a cash dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2012 of Rupees 1.5 per share of Rupees 10 each (15%) [2011 : Rupees 1.5 per share of Rupees 10 each (15%)]. These financial statements do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

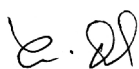
31. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on 15 August 2012 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

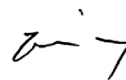
32. GENERAL

32.1 No significant reclassification or re-arrangement of the corresponding figures has been made in these financial statements.

32.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise stated.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



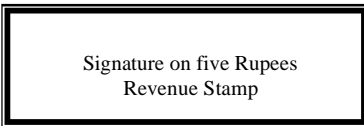
Executive Vice Chairman / Director

FORM OF PROXY
TWELVETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
ON SEPTEMBER 26, 2012

The Company Secretary,
Arif Habib Investments Limited,
8th Floor, Techno City Corporate Tower,
Hasrat Mohani Road,
Karachi-Pakistan.

I/We _____ of _____ in the district of _____ being a member of Arif Habib Investments Limited, hereby appoint _____ of _____ as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Twelveth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Wednesday, September 26, 2012 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on this _____ day of _____ 2012.



(The signature should agree with the specimen registered with the Company)

1. WITNESS:

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Address: _____

CNIC/ Passport No. _____

2. WITNESS:

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Address: _____

CNIC/ Passport No. _____

Shareholder Folio No.

CDC Participant ID No & Sub Account No.

--

Notes:

1. This Proxy Form, duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 8th Floor, Techno City, Corporate Tower, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi-Pakistan not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
2. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instruments of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of the proxy shall be rendered invalid.
3. CDC shareholders and their proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.
4. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
5. In case of corporate entities, board of directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

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AFFIX
CORRECT
POSTAGE

ARIF HABIB INVESTMENTS LIMITED

8th Floor, Techno City Corporate Tower,
Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

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Please find us on



by typing: **Bachat Ka Doosra Naam**

Arif Habib Investments Limited (A subsidiary of MCB Bank Limited)

8th Floor, Techno City Corporate Tower, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

UAN: (+92-21) 11-11-622-24 (11-11-MCB-AH), 111-468378 (111-INVEST), Peshawar 091-5852961,

Toll Free: 0800-622-24 (0800-MCB-AH), Fax: (+92-21)32276898, 32276908, URL: www.mcbah.com