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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Board of Directors Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Vice Chairman Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Kashif A. Habib Director Director Mirza Qamar Beg Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Director Director Director

Audit Committee Mirza Qamar Beg Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Chairman Member Member

Mr. Kashif A. Habib Member Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Member

Human Resource & Mirza Qamar Beg Chairman Mr. Nasim Beg Mr. Ahmed Jahangir **Remuneration Committee** Member Member Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Member

Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Member Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Member

Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Operating Officer &

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi

Company Secretary Mr. Altaf Ahmad Faisal

Central Depositary Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'S.M.C.H.S Trustee

Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcpakistan.com

Bankers MCB Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Bank Al-Falah Limited Faysal Bank Limited United Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Silk Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited

NRSP Micro Finance Bank Limited Mobilink Micro Finance Bank Limited U Micro Finance Bank Limited Khushali Micro Finance Bank Limited Telenor Micro Finance Bank Limited Finca Micro Finance Bank Limited

JS Bank Limited Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited HBL Mirco Finance Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Khyber

Auditors A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Acountants

(A Member Firm of PWC Network) State Life Building 1-C I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Bawaney & Partners Legal Advisor

3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area

Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi

Transfer Agent MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Rating AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present **Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund** accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Economy and Money Market Review

Fiscal year 2022 (FY22) remained a difficult year for Pakistan as the country faced multiple challenges on macroeconomic front along with political uncertainty. While the economy weathered the Covid challenge relatively well, reopening of global economies and supply chain disruptions stimulated a spike in global commodity prices increasing pressure on trade deficit. Russia- Ukraine war pushed the commodity prices even further, exacerbating the already widening trade deficit with highest ever import bill during the year. A spike in energy and food prices coupled with a weak exchange rate led to a sharp pickup in domestic inflation. Commodity price led Inflationary trends were also visible in global economies particularly US and Eurozone and consequent tightening has raised fears of a broader recession.

Pakistan's economy was already coping with macroeconomic challenges and the political upheaval further aggravated the situation. The elevated political noise led to populist measures like fuel and power subsidies undermining the much needed fiscal adjustments. In addition, an unscheduled change of country's leadership and ensuring political uncertainty led to delay in policy actions and adjustments needed for IMF program.

The country posted a current account deficit of USD 15.2bn in 11MFY22 compared to a deficit of USD 1.1bn in the corresponding period last year. This was the largest CAD since FY18, when country witnessed a deficit of USD 15.9bn in first eleven months of the fiscal year. The deterioration came in primarily on the back of higher imports which grew by 36.5% in 11MFY22 compared to export growth of 26.7%. Trade Deficit increased by 45.5% to USD 36.1bn compared to USD 24.8bn in the same period last year. The unprecedented increase in imports mainly came from historic high prices of our commodity basket including crude oil, palm oil, coal coupled with one time vaccines imports.

Foreign exchange reserves of central bank declined by USD 7.4bn in FY22 on account of higher current account deficit and debt repayments. In addition, delay in IMF program led to slowdown in other foreign inflows which dragged the reserves to USD 9.8bn, implying an import cover of 1.7 months. These outflows coupled with widening current account deficit led PKR to weaken by 23.0% against USD since start of the fiscal year.

Inflation remained highly concerning as rising commodities continued to create challenges for policy makers. Headline inflation represented by CPI averaged 12.1% in FY22 compared to 8.9% in FY21. The rise mainly came from higher food prices, elevated energy costs (both electricity and fuel) and second round impact of PKR depreciation, which kept the prices of imported commodities high. Core inflation as measured by Non Food Non Energy also depicted an upwards trend with an increase of 12.3% in June 2022 compared to 6.9% in June 2021. Expectations of above 20% in the next fiscal year along with weak fiscal framework, led SBP to increase policy rate by a cumulative 625bps to 13.75% in the fiscal year to counter inflationary pressures and slowdown the overall aggregate demand. It further increased policy rate by 125 basis points to 15% in July-22.

On the fiscal side, FBR tax collection increased by 29.1% in FY22 to PKR 6,125bn compared to PKR 4,744bn during the same period last year. This exceeded the target by 25bn. The improved tax collection was primarily on the back of higher customs duty and sales tax collected due to higher imports.

Secondary markets yields have increased significantly in FY22 as SBP started the monetary tightening cycle. The depreciation in the rupee along with persistently high energy prices will add pressure to inflation and we expect average inflation numbers to remain elevated in medium term.

Bond yields for tenors of 3 years, 5 years and 10 years witnessed a rise of 4.5%, 3.4% and 3.0%, respectively during the period.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 10.42% against its benchmark return of 11.88%.

WAM of fund stood at 2.0 years. The fund was mainly invested in Cash & TFCs.

At period-end, the fund was 54.8% invested in Cash, 16.8% in TFCs.

The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 870 million as compared to Rs. 630 million as at June 30, 2021 registering an increase of 38.1%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 54.1576 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.9015 per unit as at June 30, 2021 registering an increase of Rs. 0.2561 per unit.

Economy & Market – Future Outlook

The government has taken several harsh steps including increasing petroleum, electricity and gas prices to meet the IMF prior conditions. It has also increased interest rate to 15% and made changes in the FY23 Budget to targets primary fiscal surplus in FY23. These steps have led to a successful staff level agreement with IMF and should pave the way for the disbursement of USD 1.2bn from the fund under the combined 7th and 8th review of the Extended Fund Facility (EFF). The government was also able to convince IMF to increase funding by USD 1 billion to USD 7 billion and extend the duration till June 2023 compared to September 2022 earlier. IMF program shall provide stability to the external account and provide a window to policy makers requiring continued fiscal discipline and measured trade account policies in the short term while focus on the economic policies that can support sustainable growth in the long term.

Pakistan GDP growth clocked at 6.0% in FY22 with Agricultural, Industrial and Services sector grew by 4.4%, 7.2% and 6.2% respectively. However, we expect GDP growth to sharply decline to a range of 2.5-3.0% in FY23. The monetary tightening and rupee devaluation would lead to slowdown in economy and would impact industrial growth. The government is also focusing on controlling imports to curtail current account deficit which would affect services sector growth.

The international commodities have eased from their recent high but energy prices remain stubbornly high. We expect the government to keep a tight leash on imports and discourage unnecessary dollar outflows. The imports are expected to decrease by 14% YoY to USD 63bn as we will witness volumetric compression in several segments of the economy. Thus we expect the current account deficit to ease to USD 7.6bn (2.0% of GDP) in FY23 compared to expected current account deficit of USD 16.5bn (4.2% of GDP) in FY22.

Successful resumption of the IMF program will be a key prerequisite to keep the financial account in positive zone as we await funding commitment from friendly countries. Sustaining remittances along with bilateral and multilateral flows would also be crucial in managing our external position. USD/PKR is trading in a range of 225-230 due to ensuing political uncertainty and delay in IMF tranche. We expect Rupee to recover post disbursement of IMF tranche along with receipts from friendly countries. We expect however USD/PKR to depreciate by the close of fiscal year to 235.

CPI based inflation for June 2022 clocked at 21.3% on the back of increase in petroleum and electricity prices as the relief measures announced by the previous government were reversed. We will witness the second round impact of currency devaluation and petroleum price increase which will keep inflation elevated for the remainder of the year. We expect FY23 average inflation to clock at 21.8%. SBP increased the policy rate to 15% to slowdown aggregate demand and ward off inflationary pressures. Increasing interest rate to unnecessarily higher level impacts

fiscal position and does little to tame cost push inflation. We thus SBP to balance monetary tightening and fiscal costs by maintaining negative interest rates

From capital market perspective, particularly equities, the correction in stock prices has further opened up valuation. The market has priced in the interest rate increase and currency depreciation. Market cap to GDP ratio has declined to 10.1%, a discount of 52% from its historical average. Similarly, risk premiums are close to 8.3%, compared to historical average of 2.2% signifying deep discount at which market is trading. We believe a micro view of sectors and stock will remain important and investment selection should focus on companies which trade at a deep discount to their intrinsic value. The market is currently trading at PER of 4.7x, while offering a dividend yield of 9.5%.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year. On the other hand, government bonds yields may continue to remain at elevated levels given inflationary pressure. We remain cautious at the current levels of bond yields and would continue to monitor the data points to capitalize on opportunities.

Mutual Fund Industry Review

The Net Assets of the open end mutual fund industry increased by about 19.2% during FY22 to PKR 1,214bn. Total money market funds grew by about 43.8% since June 2021. Within the money market sphere, the conventional funds dominated with a growth of about 56.4% to PKR 446bn while Islamic funds increased by 24.1% to PKR 225bn. In addition, the total fixed Income funds increased by about 21.9% since June 2021, as the conventional income funds rose by 27.9% to PKR 161bn. Equity and related funds declined by 23.1% as market witnessed a decline in FY22 eroding AUMS as concern over macroeconomic and geopolitical factors kept investors at bay.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 55.3%, followed by Income funds with a share of 24.6% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 18.9% as at the end of FY22.

Mutual Fund Industry Outlook

Increase in interest rates would encourage higher flows in the money market funds. Recent changes in Finance Act 2023 also incentivize investors to save and invest through Mutual funds. Prevailing yields of near 15% in fixed income funds are ideal for investors with a short term horizon and low risk profile. However recent correction in stock prices has opened up valuations and long term investors would look to add equity exposure at these highly attractive levels. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge due to aggressive investment in digital access and online customer experience, the environment provides an opportunity with growing number of investors available online.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board comprises of eight (8) members including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and has a diverse mix of gender and knowledge. The Board consists of 1 female and 7 male directors, categorized as follows:

- 4 Non Executive Directors;
- 3 Independent Directors; and
- 1 Executive Director (CEO).

The details of above are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Status	Memb	pership in other Board Committees
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Non-Executive Director		None
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee.
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Non-Executive Director	(i)	Audit Committee
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee HR&R* Committee
6.	Mirza Qamar Beg	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee (Chairman); and HR&R* Committee (Chairman).
7. 8.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Independent Director Executive Director	(i) (i)	HR&R* Committee HR&R* Committee

^{*} HR&R stands for Human Resource and Remuneration

Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance. The Fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

The Board of Directors is pleased to report that:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- h. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- i. The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.

- j. As at June 30, 2022, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Directors' Training Program, as contained in Regulation No. 19 of the Code.
- k. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations are enclosed.
- I. A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, members of the Board and Committees of the Board.
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below are the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2022:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, nine (9) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

		Number	Number of meetings			
	Name of Persons	of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg(Chairman)	9	9	9	_	
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	9	-	
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	9	9	8	1	
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	9	9	6	3	
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	9	9	9	-	

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, five (5) meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

		Number	Number of meetings			
Name of Persons		Number of meeting s	Attendan ce required	Attended	Leave granted	
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg (chairman)	5	5	5	-	
2.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	5	5	2	3	
3.	Mr. Nasim Beg	5	5	2	3	
4.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	5	5	5	-	
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	5	5	2	3	
6.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	5	5	5	-	

n. The trades in the Units of the Fund were carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

S. No.	Name	Designation	Investment	Redemption	Dividend Distributio n
J. 140.	Name	Designation	(N	umber of Units)	
1	Mobin Ahmed Siddiqui	Chief Internal Auditor	31,879.44	61,154.57	0

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors, **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** have expressed their willingness to continue as the fund auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2023. The audit committee of the Board has recommended reappointment of **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2023 and the Board of Directors also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Executive Officer

August 15, 2022

Nasim Beg

Director and Vice Chairman

n. فنڈ کے پیٹس میں تجار تدورانِ سال ڈائز کیٹرز، چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری،اور مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے چیف انٹرنل آڈیٹراوران کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کے ذریعے کی گئی۔

ڈ یویڈ نڈ کی تقسیم	واپسی	سرماییکاری	عبده	رن	نمبرشار
	يونٹس کی تعداد				
-	61,154.57	31,879.44	چيف انٹرنل آ ڈيٹر	مبين احمه حديقي	1

خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز اے ایف فرگون اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا وَنَمُنٹس 'نے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال محتتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پر جاری رہنے کی رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمپنٹی نے 'اے ایف فرگون اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس' کی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال محتتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پر دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش پیش کی ہے۔ اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے بھی آڈٹ کمپٹٹی کی سفارش کی توثیق کی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر

بورڈ فنڈ کے قابلِ قدرسر مایہ کاروں،سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمپینچ نمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کےٹرسٹیز کےمسلسل تعاون اور حمایت کے لیےشکر گزار ہے۔ نیز، ڈائز یکٹرزا قطامیٹیم کی کاوشوں کوبھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائر یکٹرز

My Jani Jel

محمد ثا قب سليم چيف ايگزيکٹوآ فيسر

15 اگست 2022ء

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ

i. پراویڈنٹ/ گویچو نٹی اور پینشن فنڈ کی سر مایہ کاریوں کی قدر کے بیان کا اطلاق فنڈ پرنہیں ہوتا لیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے؟ چنانچہ ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ میں کوئی اظہار نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔

30.j جون2022ء تک، کمپنی ڈایئر کیٹرز کے تربیتی پروگرام کے تقاضوں کی تعمیل کررہی ہے، جیسا کہ کوڈ کے ضابطہ نمبر 19 میں موجود ہے۔

k. این بی ایف می ریگولیشنز کے مطابق مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کاتفصیلی خا کہ منسلک ہے۔

ا ا. بورڈ کی اپنی کارکردگی ، بورڈ کے اراکین اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کے سالا نہ جائزے کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اورموژ طریقہ کاروضع کیا جاتا ہے۔

m. بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزمیٹنگ کی حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کردی گئی ہیں۔سال مختصمه 30 جون 2022ء کے دوران ہونے والی ممیٹی میٹنگز کی تفصیلات درج ذمیل ہیں:

ا۔ آؤٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ دوران سال آڈٹ کمیٹی کی نو (9) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبهحاضري	منعقده میثنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	9	9	9	ا۔ مرزامحد قمر بیگ (چیئز مین)
-	9	9	9	۲۔ جناب سیم بیگ
1	8	9	9	۳۔ جناب احمد جہا نگیر
3	6	9	9	۴۔ جناب کاشف اے حبیب
-	9	9	9	۵۔سیدساویل میکالځسین

۲۔ جیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیوزیشن کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیونریش کمیٹی کی پانچ (5) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

		,		*
	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده میثنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	5	5	5	ا۔ جناب مرزاقمر بیگ (چیئر مین)
3	2	5	5	۲۔ جناب احمد جہانگیر
3	2	5	5	س _{ا۔} جناب نیم بیگ
-	5	5	5	۴ محتر مه ما وراءعا دل خان
3	2	5	5	۵۔ سیدساویل میکال مُسین
-	5	5	5	۲۔ جناب محمد ثا قب سلیم (سیای او)

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ڈائر یکٹرزر ب<u>و</u>رٹ

مندرجه بالاتفصيلات درج ذيل بين:

ديگر بور د کميٹيوں ميں رُکنيت	عہدہ	ام	نمبرشار
کوئی نہیں	Nonا گیزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	جناب ہارون رشیر	.1
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii) ایچ آراینڈ آر کمیٹی*	Nonا گَیزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب نیم بیگ	.2
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii) ایچ آراینڈ آر کمیٹی*	Nonا گَیزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب احمد جهاتگير	.3
آ ۋ ئے كميٹى	Nonا گیزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب كاشف الصحبيب	.4
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii)ایچ آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر	سيدساويل ميكالځسين	.5
(i) آؤٹ کمیٹی (چیئر مین)؛اور (ii)ایچ آراینڈ آر کمیٹی*(چیئر مین)	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر	جناب مرزاقمر بیگ	.6
ایچ آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر	محترمه ماوراءعادل خان	.7
ایچ آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	ا يَّزِيكُوْدُائرَ يَكْثَر	جناب محمد ثا قب سليم	.8

^{*}انچ آرایندْآر: ہیومن ریسورس ایندرمیوزیش

مینجمنٹ کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنینس میں متعین کردہ بہترین روایات کی دفعات کی تعمیل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ فنڈ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچنج کی لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز ،جن میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزاورمینجمنٹ کے کرداراورذ مہداریوں کوواضح کیا گیاہے، کےمطابق کاروبارکرنے پرکار بندہے۔

بوردُ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی طرف سے بالمسرّ ت مطلع کیاجا تاہے کہ:

a. مالیاتی گوشوار کے مینی کے معاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ، نقذ کی آمدورفت اورا یکوئی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ ء کاسی کرتے ہیں۔

b. كېينى كى درُست بكس آف اكاؤنش بنائى گئى بين؛

c. مالياتي گوشواروں كى تيارى ميں درُست ا كا ؤنٽنگ ياليسيوں كا با قاعدگى كے ساتھ اطلاق كيا گيا ہے اورا كا ؤنٽنگ تخيينے معقول اور محتاط اندازوں يرمبني ہيں ؟

d. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں یاکتان میں حتّٰی الإطلاق بین الاقوامی مالیاتی ربورٹنگ کے معیارات ، non بینکنگ فائنانس کمپنیز

(اسٹیبلشمنٹ اینڈریگولیشنز) رُولز 2003، non بینکنگ فائنانس کمینیز اینڈنوٹیفائیڈ اینٹٹیز ریگولیشنز 2008،متعلقه ٹرسٹ ڈیڈز کی

ضرور یات اورسکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایم پینے کمیشن آف یا کتان کی ہدایات کی تعمیل کی گئے ہے؟

انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مستخکم خطوط پراستوار اورمؤثر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے اوراس کی مؤثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اوراسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں؛

f. فنڈ کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کسی قشم کے کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں ؟

g. كاربوريث گونينس كى بهترين روايات سے كوئى قابل ذكرانح اف نهيں مواہے ؟

h. واجبُ الا داء تیکس، قانونی چار جزاور ڈیوٹیز (اگر کوئی ہیں تو) کوآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں کممل طور پرظا ہر کیا گیا ہے۔

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ڈائر کیٹرزر ب<u>و</u>رٹ

ميوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن اینڈ میوچل فنڈ میں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 43.8 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ Money مارکیٹ کے دائر ہ کار میں روایتی فنڈ حاوی رہے مارکیٹ کی مجموعی فنڈ میں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 43.8 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ Money مارکیٹ کے دائر ہ کار میں روایتی فنڈ حاوی رہے کیونکہ تقریباً 56.4 فیصد بڑھ کر 205 بلئین روپے ہوگئے۔ مزید برال، مجموعی فکسڈ انکم فنڈ زو 27 فیصد بڑھ کر 161 بلئین روپے ہوگئے۔ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ زمیں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 21.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا کیونکہ روایتی انکم فنڈ زو 27 فیصد بڑھ کر 161 بلئین روپے ہوگئے۔ ایکوٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ زمیں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریباً 2020ء میں مارکیٹ میں انحطاط اور اثاثہ جات تحت الانتظامیہ میں کی ہے کیونکہ مجموعی معاثی وجغرافیا کی سے کیونکہ مجموعی معاثی وجغرافیا کی سے کیونکہ مجموعی معاثی وجغرافیا کی سے کیونکہ مجموعی معاثی کی صوصلہ شکنی کا سبب بے۔

شعبہ جاتی اعتبار سے مالی سال 2022ء کے اختتام پر Money مارکیٹ فنڈ تقریباً 55.3 فیصد حقے کے ساتھ سب سے آگے تھے، جبکہ دوسر سے نمبر پر اِنکم فنڈ تھے جن کا 24.6 فیصد حصہ تھا، اور تیسر سے نمبر پرایکوٹی فنڈ اور متعلقہ فنڈ تھے جن کا 18.9 فیصد حصہ تھا۔

میوچل فنڈ کی صنعت کے ستقبل کا منظر

سود کی شرحوں میں اضافے سے Money مارکیٹ فنڈ زمیں آمدورفت کی حوصلہ افزائی ہوگ۔ فائنانس ایکٹ 2023ء میں حالیہ تبدیلیوں سے بھی سرمایہ کاروں کو ترغیب ملے گی کہ وہ میوچل فنڈ زکے ذریعے بچت اور سرمایہ کاری کریں۔ فکسڈ اٹکم فنڈ زمیں رائج الوقت تقریباً 15 فیصد منافع جات ایسے سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہیں جو مختصر میعاد میں رہنا چاہتے ہیں اور زیادہ خطرہ مول لینانہیں چاہتے۔ تاہم اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ سے قدر کاروں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہیں جو مختصر میعاد میں رہنا چاہتے ہیں اور ذیادہ خطرہ مول لینانہیں چاہتے۔ تاہم اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ ہے تو تو تاہم اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ ہوئی تعداد ہے اور ڈیجیٹل کیوٹ میں مزید بیسے لگانا چاہیں گے۔ ہمارے آپریشنز بلار کاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور آن لائن سہولیات میں بھر پورسرمایہ کاری کے نتیج میں ہمیں جو سبقت حاصل ہے اس کی بدولت ہم آن لائن کام کرنے والے سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے استفادہ کر سکتے ہیں۔

كار پوريٹ گورنينس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورنس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیارات کو نافذ کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔ بورڈ آٹھ (8) اراکین پرمشمل ہے جس میں چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر (CEO) شامل ہیں اوراس میں صنف اور علم کامتنوع امتزاج ہے۔ بورڈ 1 خاتون اور 7 مردڈ ائر کیٹرز پرمشمل ہے، جن کی درجہ بندی درج ذیل ہے:

- 4•غير-ا يگزيكڻوڈائر يکٹرز؛
 - •3 آزاد ڈائریکٹرز؛اور
- •1ا يَّزِيكُووْارُ يَكِتْر(CEO)_

ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ

پاکتان کی مجموع مُلکی پیداوار (جی ڈی پی) مالی سال 2022ء میں 6.0 فیصد تھی۔ زرعی صنعتی اور خدمات کے شعبوں نے بالتر تیب 4.4 فیصد، 7.2 فیصد اور 6.2 فیصد تک کی بڑی کی آئے گی۔ مالیاتی فیصداور 6.2 فیصد تق کی ۔ تاہم ہم سبجھتے ہیں کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں جی ڈی پی کی ترتی میں 2.5 سے 3.0 فیصد تک کی بڑی کی آئے گی۔ مالیاتی سختی اور روپے کی قدر میں کی کے نتیجے میں معیشت میں سست رفتاری آئے گی اور اس کا اثر صنعتی ترتی پر پڑے گا۔ مزید براں حکومت درآمدات میں کی پر توجہ مرکوز کر رہی ہے تا کہ کرنٹ اکا وَنٹ خیارہ کم کیا جا سکے جس سے خدمات کے شعبے کی ترتی متاثر ہوگی۔

بین الاقوامی اشیاء اپنی حالیہ بلندی سے بینچآ گئی ہیں لیکن توانائی کی قیمتیں بلندی پرڈٹی ہوئی ہیں۔ہم اُمیدکرتے ہیں کہ حکومت درآ مدات پر مضبوط لگام دے کرر کھے گی اورڈ الرکے غیر ضروری خارجی بہاؤکی حوصلہ شکنی کرے گی۔درآ مدات متوقع طور پر 14 فیصد ۲۰۵۷ کم ہوکر 63 بلین ڈالر ہوجا عیں گکو کے درآ مدات متوقع طور پر 201 فیصد ۲۰۰۹ کم ہوگا و شعبوں کے جم سکو جا نمیں گے۔ چنانچ ہمیں اُمید ہے کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں کرنٹ اکا وُنٹ خسارہ 16.5 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 20.0 فیصد) کم ہوگا جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل مالی سال 2022ء میں متوقع کرنٹ اکا وُنٹ خسارہ 16.5 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 20.0 فیصد) تھا۔

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کی کامیاب بحالی مالیاتی اکاؤنٹ کومثبت حدود میں رکھنے کے لیے کلیدی شرط ہوگی ، اور ہم دوست ممالک سے فنڈنگ کے منتظر بھی ہیں۔ با قاعدگی کے ساتھ ہونے والی ترسیلات اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ دوطر فداور کثیر الجہتی بہاؤ بھی ہماری خارجی صور تحال کوسنجالنے میں اہم کر دارا داکریں گے۔ ڈالر/روپے کی تجارت 230 - 225 کی حدود میں ہور ہی ہے جس کی وجہ متوقع سیاسی غیر بقینی حالات اور آئی ایم ایف کی قسط میں تاخیر ہے۔ ہم سبجھتے ہیں کہ آئی ایم ایف کی قسط کے اجراء اور دوست ممالک سے حصول کے بعدرو پہلی قدر بحال ہوگی۔ تاہم مالی سال کے اختتام تک روپے کی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں قدر میں متوقع طور یرکی آئے گی اور بہ 235 تک پہنچ سکتا ہے۔

سی پی آئی پر مبنی مہنگائی جون 2022ء کے لیے 21.3 فیصد کی سطح پرتھی جس کی وجہ پٹرول اور بجلی کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ تھا کیونکہ سابقہ حکومت کے اعلان کردہ امدادی اقدامات روک دیئے گئے۔ ہم رو پے کی قدر میں کمی کے اثر کا دوسرا دَور دیکھیں گے اور پٹرول کی قیمت میں اضافہ بھی ہوگا جس کے باعث سال کے بقیہ حصے میں مہنگائی بلندر ہے گی۔ مالی سال 2023ء میں مہنگائی کا اوسط 21.8 فیصد متوقع ہے۔ ایس بی پی نے پالیسی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کر دیا تا کہ مجموعی ما نگ کی رفتار اور مہنگائی کے دباؤ میں کمی لائی جاسکے۔ سود کی شرحوں میں غیر ضروری بلند سطح تک اضافے سے مالیاتی صور تھال متاثر ہوتی ہے اور cost-push مہنگائی کو قابو کرنے میں کوئی قابلِ ذکر مدونہیں ملتی۔ چنا نچہ ہم اُمید کرتے ہیں کہ ایس بی پی منفی شروح سود برقر ار رکھنے کے ذریعے مالیاتی سختی اور لاگتوں کو متواز ن کرے گا۔

کیپیٹل مارکیٹ ،خصوصًا ایکوٹیز، کے نقطہ نظر سے اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں تصحیح سے تعیین قدر مزید کھُل گئی ہے۔ مارکیٹ نے شرح سود میں اضافے اور روپ کی قدر میں کمی کومدِ نظر رکھا ہے۔ مارکیٹ حصوصًا کی وسط سے 52 فیصد کی قدر میں کمی کومدِ نظر رکھا ہے۔ مارکیٹ میں اصط سے 52 فیصد کے قدیم اوسط 2.2 فیصد سے موازنہ کرنے پراُس بھر پور کمی کا پیتہ چاتا ہے جس پر ہے۔ اس طرح ،خطرات کے پر بیمیئم 8.3 فیصد کے قریب ہیں ،اور ان کے قدیم اوسط 2.2 فیصد سے موازنہ کرنے پراُس بھر پور کمی کا پیتہ چاتا ہے جس پر مارکیٹ میں تجارت ہور ہی ہے۔ ہم بچھتے ہیں کہ اسٹاک اور شعبہ جات کا مجموعی تناظر اہم رہے گا اور سرمایہ کاری کے انتخاب کے لیے اُن کمپنیز پر توجہ مرکوز کی جانی چاہد ڈیویڈنڈ کی جانی چاہد ڈیویڈنڈ کی جانی چاہیہ ہور ہی ہے جبکہ ڈیویڈنڈ کی جانی چاہیہ جو اپنی اندرونی قدر میں بھر پور کمی پر تجارت کرتی ہیں۔ موجودہ طور پر مارکیٹ میں کے 4.7 کے PER پر تجارت ہور ہی ہے جبکہ ڈیویڈنڈ کی سطح 9.5 فیصد بر ہے۔

حاملینِ قرض کے لیے ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ بازارِزر کے فنڈ سال بھر بلار کاوٹ پالیسی شرحوں کی عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔دوسری جانب حکومتی بانڈ زمتوقع پیداواری خم میں شامل ہو تھے ہیں۔ ہم بانڈ ز کے منافع جات کی موجودہ سطحوں پر مختاط ہیں اور ڈیٹا پو اُنٹش کی نگرانی جاری رکھیں گے تا کہ مواقع سے فائدہ اُٹھا یا جا سکے۔

ڈائر کیٹرزر بورٹ

نظر آیا اور جون 2022ء میں 12.3 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جبکہ جون 2021ء میں 6.9 فیصد تھا۔ اگلے مالی سال میں 20 فیصد سے زائد کی تو قعات کے ساتھ ساتھ کمزور مالیاتی ڈھانچے کے نتیج میں SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں زیرِ جائزہ مالی سال میں مجموعی طور پر 625 بیسِسس پوائنٹس (bps) کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 13.75 فیصد کردیا تا کہ مہنگائی کے دباؤ کا مقابلہ کیا جا سکے اور مجموعی طور پر کل مانگ کی رفتار میں کمی لائی جا سکے۔ جولائی 2022ء میں حزید SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں مزید 125 bps کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 15 فیصد کردیا۔

مالیاتی جہت میں ایف بی آرکی ٹیکس وصولی مالی سال 2022ء میں 29.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 6,125 بلئین روپے ہوگئ جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت کے دوران 4,744 بلئین روپے تھی۔ یہ ہدف سے 25 بلئین زائد تھا۔ ٹیکس وصولی میں بہتری کی بنیادی وجہ درآ مدات میں اضافے کی بدولت سٹمز ڈیوٹی میں اضافہ اور زیادہ سینز ٹیکس کی وصولی ہے۔

دوسری بات پیکہ بازاروں کے منافع میں مالی سال 2022ء میں قابلِ ذکراضا فہ ہواہے کیونکہ SBP نے مالیاتی سختی کا چگر شروع کر دیا تھا۔روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے ساتھ ساتھ توانائی کی مسلسل بلند قیتوں سے مہنگائی پر دباؤمیں اضافہ ہوگا ،اور ہماری توقع کے مطابق مہنگائی کا اوسط درمیانی مدّت میں بلند رہے گا۔ تین سالہ، پانچ سالہ اوردس سالہ بانڈز کے منافعوں میں دورانِ مدّت پالتر تیب 4.5 فیصد ، 3.4 فیصد اور 3.0 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زير جائز ہ مذت كے دوران فنڈ كاايك سال يرمحيط منافع 10.42 فيصدتھا، جبكيه مقرر ہ معيار كامنافع 11.88 فيصدتھا۔

فنڈ کی پالوزن اوسط میچورٹی 2 سال کی سطح پرتھی۔فنڈ کی زیادہ تر سر مایہ کاری نقد اور ٹرم فائنانس سرٹیفکیٹس (ٹی ایف سی) میں تھی جواختتا م بدت پر پالتر تیب 54.8 فیصد اور 16.8 فیصد تھی۔

30 جون 2022ء کوفنڈ کے net ثاثہ جات 870 ملکین روپے تھے جو 30 جون 2021ء کی سط 630 ملکین روپے کے مقابلے میں 38.1 فیصد اضافہ ہے۔

30 جون 2022ء کو net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (این اے وی) فی یونٹ 54.1576 روپے تھی جو 30 جون 2021ء کو ابتدا کی این اے وی 53.9015 روپے فی یونٹ کے مقابلے میں 0.2561 روپے فی یونٹ اضافہ ہے۔

معیشت اور مارکیه - مستقبل کا منظرنامه

حکومت نے متعدد بخت فیصلے کے ہیں ہیمول پٹرول ، بخلی اور گیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ، تا کہ آئی ایم ایف کی شرائط پوری کی جاسکیں ۔ علاوہ ازیں ، سود کی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کیا ہے اور مالی سال 2023ء میں بنیادی مالیاتی surplus کو ہڑف بنایا کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کیا ہے اور مالی سال 2023ء میں بنیادی مالیاتی و بدف بنایا جاسکے ۔ ان اقدامات کے نتیج میں آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ اسٹان سطح کا ایک کا میاب معاہدہ ہوگیا ہے جس کے بعدا یک ٹینڈ ڈونڈ فیسٹنی (ای ایف ایف) کے مشتر کہ ساتویں اور آٹھویں جائزے کے تحت فنڈ سے 1.2 بلئین ڈالر کے اجراء کی راہیں ہموار ہوں گی۔ مزید براں ، حکومت آئی ایم ایف کو اس بات کے لیے قائل کرنے میں کا میاب ہوئی ہے کہ فنڈ نگ کو 1 بلئین ڈالر سے 7 بلئین ڈالر کیا جائے اور سمبر 2022ء کی بجائے جون 2023ء تک مذت کی توسیع کی جائے ۔ آئی ایم ایف پروگرام سے خارجی اکا و نے مستملم ہوگا اور پالیسی سازوں کو درکار مختصر مذت میں بلار کا وٹ مالیاتی نظم وضبط اور پیائش شدہ تجارتی اکا وَ نٹ پالیسیوں اور طویل مذت میں قابلی بقاء ترتی کے لیے معاشی یالیسیوں پرار تکا زِ تو جہ کے لیے راہ فراہم ہوگی۔

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عزيزسر ماييكار

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی طرف سے پاکستان انکم انتسمنٹ فنڈ کے گوشواروں کا جائز ہرائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء پیشِ خدمت ہے۔

معيشت اور بإزار زركا جائزه

مالی سال 2022ء پاکستان کے لیے مشکل سال رہا کیونکہ ملک کو مجموعی معاشیاتی جہت میں متعدد چیننج درپیش رہے اور ساتھ ساتھ سیاس صور تحال بھی غیریقین رہی۔اگر چہ معیشت نے کووڈ چیننج کا بہتر انداز میں مقابلہ کیالیکن عالمی معیشتوں کی بحالی اور زئیجر رسد میں رکاوٹوں کے باعث عالمی سطح پراشیاء کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہواجس سے تجارتی خسارے پر دباؤ میں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔ روس یوکرین جنگ کے نتیج میں اشیاء کی قیمتیں مزید بڑھ گئیں جس کے باعث دورانِ سال اب تک کے سب سے بڑے درآمداتی بل نے پہلے سے پھلتے ہوئے تجارتی خسارے کو مزید متاثر کیا۔ توانائی اور اشیائے خوردونوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا۔ اشیاء کی قیمتوں سے ہونے والی مہنگائی کے اضافہ ہوا۔ اشیاء کی قیمتوں سے ہونے والی مہنگائی کے رجانات بھی عالمی معیشتوں میں واضح نظر آئے ،خصوصًا امریکا اور یور پی خطے میں ، اور اس کے نتیج میں ہونے والی مالیاتی سختی کے باعث وسیع ترکساد بازاری کا خوف پیدا ہو گیا ہے۔

پاکستان کی معیشت پہلے ہی مجموعی معاشیاتی چیلنجوں سے نبردآ زماہور ہی تھی اور سیاسی افراتفری نے حالات میں مزید بگاڑ پیدا کردیا۔ بڑھتی ہوئی سیاسی ہلچل کے نتیج میں عوامی سطح کے اقدامات کیے گئے ،مثلًا ایندھن اور بجل کی سبسڈ یز ،جس سے مطلوبہ مالیاتی ترامیم کرنامشکل ہوگیا۔علاوہ ازیں ،مُلکی قیادت میں غیر متوقع تبدیلی اور اس سے پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی غیر تقین صورتحال کے نتیج میں آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے لیے درکار پالیسی اقدامات اور ترامیم میں تاخیر ہوئی۔

مالی سال 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں ملک کا CAD یعنی کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ 15.2 بلین ڈالرتھا جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 1.1 بلین ڈالرتھا۔ یہ مالی سال 2018ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں ہونے والے 15.9 CAD بلین ڈالر کے بعد اب تک کا سب سے بڑا خسارہ تھا۔ اس تنزُل کی بنیادی وجہ مالی سال 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں درآ مدات میں 36.5 فیصد اضافہ تھا جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل برآ مدات میں اضافہ 26.7 فیصد تھا۔ تجارتی خسارہ 45.5 فیصد بڑھ کر 36.1 بلین ڈالر ہو گیا جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 24.8 بلین ڈالرتھا۔ درآ مدات میں اس بے قابوا ضافے کی بنیادی وجہ ہماری اشیاء کے دائرہ کا رہشمول خام تل، پام تیل اورکو کلے کی تاریخی بلند قیمتیں اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ یک بارویکسین درآ مدات تھی۔

مالی سال 2022ء میں مرکزی بینک کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں 7.4 بلین ڈالر کی ہوئی جس کی وجہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ اور قرضوں کی ادائیگیوں میں اضافہ ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں، آئی ایم ایف پروگرام میں تاخیر کے نتیج میں دیگر غیر مُلکی آمدات ست رفتاری کا شکار ہوگئیں اور اس کے باعث زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر کم ہوکر 9.8 بلین ڈالر ہو گئے جس کا مطلب 1.7 ماہ کا درآمداتی cover بتنا ہے۔ اس اخراجی بہاؤاور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ پھیلتے ہوئے کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کے نتیج میں مالی سال کے آغاز سے لے کراب تک روپیدڈ الرکے مقابلے میں 23.0 فیصد کمزور ہوگیا۔

مہنگائی بے صدتشویشناک رہی کیونکہ اشیاء کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں نے پالیسی سازوں کے لیے متعدد چیلنج پیدا کرنے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ ہیڈ لائن مہنگائی ، جس کی ترجمانی CPl سے ہوتی ہے، کا اوسط مالی سال 2022ء میں 12.1 فیصد تھا جبکہ مالی سال 2021ء میں 8.9 فیصد تھا۔ اس اضافے کی بنیادی وجوہ اشیائے خورد ونوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ، توانائی (بجلی اور ایندھن، دونوں) کی لاگتوں میں اضافہ، اور روپے کی قدر میں کمی کا دوسرا وَ ورتھیں، جس کے باعث در آمد شدہ اشیاء کی قیمتیں بلندر ہیں۔ بنیادی مہنگائی ، جس کی پیائش اشیائے خورد ونوش اور توانائی کے علاوہ سے ہوتی ہے، میں بھی اضافے کار جھان

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fund Type and Category

Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund— (PIEF) is an open end fund which comes under aggressive income scheme. This fund may invest in bonds, money market placements, certificates of deposits, certificates of Musharikas, Commercial Papers, TFCs/Sukuks and debt securities issued by the Government of Pakistan as well as Reverse Repurchase transactions (Reverse-REPOs) against government securities with at least 10% of the net assets shall be invested in cash and/or near cash instruments which include cash in bank account (excluding TDRs), Treasury bills not exceeding 90 days maturity.

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for PIEF is One (1) year KIBOR rates.

Investment Objective

The objective of the fund is to deliver return from aggressive investment strategy in debt and fixed income market

Manager's Review

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 10.42% against its benchmark return of 11.88%. WAM of fund stood at 2.0 years. At period-end, the fund was 54.8% invested in Cash, 16.8% in TFCs and 26.7% in PIBs.

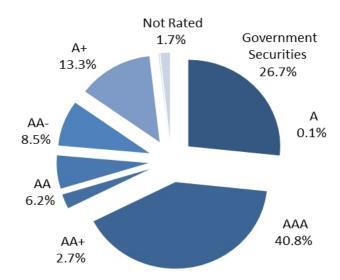
The Net Assets of the fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 870 million as compared to Rs. 630 million as at June 30, 2021 registering a increase of 38.1%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 54.1576 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.9015 per unit as at June 30, 2021 registering an increase of Rs. 0.2561 per unit.

Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)

Asset Allocation (%age of Total Assets)	Jun-22
Others including receivables	1.7%
PIBs	26.7%
T-Bills	0.0%
TFCs / Sukuks	16.8%
Cash	54.8%
Margin Trading	0.0%
Spread Transactions	0.0%

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Asset Quality as of June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)



Saad Ahmed Fund Manager

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel : (92-21) 111-111-500

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TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

PAKISTAN INCOME ENHANCEMENT FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2022 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Badiuddin Akber Chief Executive Officer

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: September 19, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unit holders of Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2022, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S.No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Net Asset Value (NAV) (Refer notes 4 and 5 to the annexed financial statements) Balances with banks and Investments constitute the most significant components of the NAV. Balances with banks of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 aggregated to Rs 676.103 million and Investments amounted to Rs 536.402 million. The existence of balances with banks and the existence and proper valuation of Investments for the determination of NAV of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 was considered a high risk area and therefore we considered this as a key audit matter.	existence of the investment portfolio and balances with banks as at June 30, 2022 and traced them to the books and records of the Fund. Where such confirmations were not available, alternate audit procedures were performed; Re-performed valuation to assess that investments are carried as per the valuation methodology specified in the accounting policies; and

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■ KARACHI ■ LAHORE ■ ISLAMABAD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the management company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



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A.F.FERGUSON&CO.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with board of directors of the management company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide board of directors of the management company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with board of directors of the management company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Noman Abbas Sheikh.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Dated: September 22, 2022

Karachi

UDIN: AR202210061id3rj8sk9

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
Balances with banks	4	676,103	156,989
Investments	5	536,402	475,217
Interest, dividend and other receivable	7	16,175	5,290
Receivable against margin trading system		1	2,257
Receivables against sale of investment		-	4,699
Advances, deposits and prepayments	8	3,274	3,416
Receivable from the National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		2,181	17,470
Total assets		1,234,136	665,338
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable against redemption of units Payable against purchase of Investments Accrued and other liabilities Total liabilities	9 10 11	3,804 60 213 2,079 335,236 22,386 363,778	1,263 48 137 2,079 - 32,215 35,742
NET ASSETS		870,358	629,596
Unitholders' fund (as per statement attached)		870,358	629,596
Contingencies and commitments	13		
		(Number	of units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE		16,070,836	11,680,502
		(Rupe	ees)
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	3.6	54.1576	53.9015
NEI AGGET VALGE FER UNIT	3.0	34.1370	33.9013

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

INCOME STATEMENTFOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		For the yea	ar ended
	Note	June 30,	June 30,
		2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
INCOME			
Interest income from government securities		38,708	8,160
Interest income from term finance certificates		20,414	19,391
Profit on bank deposits		41,128	17,268
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net		(15,160)	2,293
Dividend income		7,114	10,123
Income on spread income		16,930	1,243
Profit on margin trading system		1	1,866
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments classified			
as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net	5.5	1,327	7,089
Other income		695	737
Total income	•	111,157	68,170
EXPENSES	<u>-</u>		
Remuneration of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited			
- Management Company	9.1	10,614	7,016
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of Management Company	9.2	1,380	912
Allocated expenses	9.3	1,066	686
Selling and marketing expenses	9.4	315	3,196
Remuneration of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	10.1	799	515
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of Trustee	10.2	104	67
Annual Fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	11.1	213	137
Securities transaction cost		2,156	4,802
Fees and subscription		933	598
Legal and professional charges		2	137
Auditors' remuneration	14	606	705
Bank charges		256	139
Other expenses		40	180
Total expenses	L	18,484	19,090
Total expenses		10,404	10,000
Net income from operating activities	-	92,673	49,080
Reversal of provision / (provision) for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)		9,434	(982)
	-	100 107	40.000
Net income for before taxation	4.5	102,107	48,098
Taxation	15	-	-
Net income after taxation	-	102,107	48,098
Earnings per unit	3.12		
Allocation of not income.			
Allocation of net income:		400 407	40.000
Net income after taxation		102,107	48,098
Income already paid on units redeemed	-	(45,606)	(9,217)
	=	56,501	38,881
Accounting income available for distribution			
- Relating to capital gains		-	6,423
- Excluding capital gains	Ţ	56,501	32,458
	-	56,501	38,881
	=		

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	For the ye	ar ended
	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
Net income for the year after taxation	102,107	48,098
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	102,107	48,098

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2022			2021	
	Capital Value	Undistributed income	Total	Capital Value	Undistributed income	Total
			(Rupees	in '000)		
Net assets at beginning of the year	526,749	102,847	629,596	604,007	102,828	706,835
Issuance of 59,087,611 units (2021:14,773,388 units)						
 Capital value (at ex-net asset value per unit at the beginning of the year) 	3,184,911	_	3,184,911	796,200	_	796,200
- Element of income	156,516	_	156,516	21,470	_	21,470
	3,341,427	-	3,341,427	817,670	-	817,670
Redemption of 54,697,277 units (2021:16,208,119 units)						
- Capital value (at ex-net asset value per unit						
at the beginning of the year)	2,948,265	-	2,948,265	873,524	-	873,524
- Element of loss	137,841	45,606	183,447	18,476	9,217	27,693
	3,086,106	45,606	3,131,712	892,000	9,217	901,217
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	102,107	102,107	-	48,098	48,098
Interim dividend for the year ended June 30, 2022		I	1		1	
@ Rs 5.3543 per unit on June 24, 2022	_	(55,128)	(55,128)	_	_	_
Refund of capital for the year ended June 30, 2022	(15,932)		(15,932)	_	-	-
Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021						
@ Rs 3.9355 per unit on June 25, 2021	-	-	-	- (0.000)	(38,862)	(38,862)
Refund of capital for the year ended June 30, 2021	-	-	-	(2,928)	-	(2,928)
Total distributions during the year	(15,932)	(55,128)	(71,060)	(2,928)	(38,862)	(41,790)
Net assets at end of the year	766,138	104,220	870,358	526,749	102,847	629,596
Undistributed income brought forward comprising of						
- Realised		95,758			103,123	
- Unrealised		7,089	•		(295)	
Undistributed income brought forward		102,847			102,828	
Accounting income available for distribution			7			
- Relating to capital gains		- 56 501			6,423	
- Excluding capital gains		56,501 56,501			32,458 38,881	
Distributions during the year		(55,128)			(38,862)	
Undistributed income carried forward		104,220			102,847	
Undistributed income carried forward comprising of:			•			
- Realised		102,893			95,758	
- Unrealised		1,327	_		7,089	
		104,220	:		102,847	
		(Rupees)			(Rupees)	
Net asset value per unit at beginning of the year		53.9015	:		53.8942	
Net asset value per unit at end of the year		54.1576	-		53.9015	
			•			

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		For the year	r ended
	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Rupees i	in '000)
Net income for the year before taxation		102,107	48,098
Adjustments for non cash and other items: Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments			
classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net		(1,327)	(7,089)
(Reversal of provision) / provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)		(9,434)	982
(Increase) / decrease in assets		91,346	41,991
Investments - net	ſ	(134,653)	251,323
Interest, dividend and other receivable		(10,885)	7,376
Receivable against margin trading system		2,256	(2,257)
Receivables against sale of Investment		4,699	(4,699)
Advances, deposit and prepayments		142	(131)
Receivable from the National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		15,289	(15,449)
ŭ ,	L	(123,152)	236,163
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities			
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments		2,541	623
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		12	(5)
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan		76	(13)
Payable against purchase of Investments		335,236	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(395)	(15)
		337,470	590
Net cash generated from operating activities		305,664	278,744
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend noid	Γ	(55,128)	(38,862)
Dividend paid Cash received from issuance of units net of refund of capital		3,325,495	(36,662) 814,742
Cash paid for redemption of units		(3,131,712)	(901,217)
Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activities	Į	138,655	(125,337)
Het ousti generated from / (used) in infanting activities		100,000	(120,001)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	•	444,319	153,407
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		231,784	78,377
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	16	676,103	231,784

The annexed notes from 1 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund (the Fund) was established through a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (now MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited), as Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as Trustee. The draft Trust Deed was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letters dated June 26, 2008 and July 7, 2008 consequent to which Trust Deed was executed on July 14, 2008 in accordance with the Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995 (AMC Rules) repealed by the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules 2003 through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund and has been categorised as 'Aggressive Fixed Income Scheme' by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the requirements of Circular 7 of 2009 dated March 6, 2009 issued by the SECP, and offers units for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. Unitholders are divided into plan 'A' and plan 'B'. The unit holders under plan "A" are entitled for bonus units as well as cash dividend, whereas unit holders under plan "B" are entitled for cash dividend only. The units are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX).
- 1.4 The Fund primarily invests in debt securities, unlisted government securities, secured debt securities, money market transactions, reverse repurchase transactions, spread transactions and transactions under Margin Trading System.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of AM1 dated October 06, 2021 to the Management Company and "A+(f)" as stability rating dated March 9, 2022 to the Fund.
- **1.6** Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.
- 1.7 During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Trust Act, 1882 was repealed due to the promulgation of Provincial Trust Act namely "Sindh Trusts Act, 2020" (the Sindh Trust Act) as empowered under the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Fund is required to be registered under the Sindh Trust Act. Accordingly, on August 13, 2021 the above-mentioned Trust Deed has been registered under the Sindh Trust Act.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of :

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and the requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRS's, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year:

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2021. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financial statements.

2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain other standards, amendments and interpretations that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or will not have any significant effect on the Fund's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Fund's financial statements or where judgement was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification, valuation and impairment of financial assets (notes 3.2 and 5), provision for Federal Excise Duty (note 12.2) and provision for taxation (notes 3.11 and 15).

2.6 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

These comprise balances with banks in savings and current accounts and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

3.2 Financial assets

3.2.1 Classification and subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

IFRS 9 has provided a criteria for debt securities whereby these debt securities are either classified as:

- amortised cost
- at fair value through other comprehensive income "(FVOCI)"
- at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) based on the business model of the entity

However, IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognised at FVTPL. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. Therefore the management considers its investment in debt securities as being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective and are instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

All equity investments are required to be measured in the "Statement of Assets and Liabilities" at fair value, with gains and losses recognised in the "Income Statement", except where an irrevocable election has been made at the time of initial recognition to measure the investment at FVOCI. The management considers its investment in equity securities being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL. Accordingly, the irrevocable option has not been considered.

The dividend income on equity securities classified under FVTPL is recognised in the Income Statement.

The Fund can also invest in equity securities for the purpose of spread transactions.

3.2.2 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets (other than debt instruments as per Circular 33 of 2012) carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted around that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The 12 months ECL is recorded for all financial assets in which there is no significant increase in the credit risk from the date of initial recognition, whereas a lifetime ECL is recorded for all remaining financial assets.

3.2.3 Impairment loss on debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time-based criteria as prescribed by the SECP and based on the management's assessment made in line with its provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the guidelines issued by the SECP. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the Income Statement.

As allowed by the SECP, the Management Company may make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed by the SECP in accordance with the provisioning policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

3.2.4 Regular way contracts

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

3.2.5 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are recognised in the Income Statement.

3.2.6 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets is taken to the Income Statement.

3.2.7 Derivatives

Derivate instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured at fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

3.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost using effective interest method. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial liabilities is taken to the Income Statement. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities.

3.4 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial labilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the 'Statement of Assets and Liabilities' when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.6 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

3.7 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the Management Company / distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as of the close of the business day, plus the allowable sales load and provision of any duties, charges and transaction costs, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the Management Company / distributors.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price applicable to units for which the Management Company / distributors receive redemption application during business hours of that day. The redemption price is equal to NAV as of the close of the business day, less an amount as the Management Company may consider to be an appropriate for provision of duties, charges and transactions costs, if applicable.

3.8 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net asset value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. Further, the element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

3.9 Revenue recognition

- Interest income on government securities is recognised on an accrual basis using effective interest method.
- Income on debt securities (including term finance certificates and sukuks) is recognised on an accrual basis using effective interest method.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognised on an accrual basis using effective interest method.
- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are recorded at the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and derivatives are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive the same is established.

3.10 Expenses

All expenses including Management fee, Trustee fee, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee and allocated expenses are recognised in the Income Statement on an accrual basis.

3.11 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxes after taking into account tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of the taxable profit.

The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on enacted tax rates.

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders in cash. Provided that, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

3.12 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit is calculated by dividing the net income of the year after taxation of the Fund by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year.

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

3.13 Distribution to units holders fund

Distributions to the unit holders are recognised upon declaration and approval by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the year in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

3.14 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement and from the translation at year end exchange rates for monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement.

		Note	2022	2021
4	BALANCES WITH BANKS		(Rupees	in '000)
	In current account	4.2	5,428	7,610
	In deposit accounts	4.1	670,675	149,379
			676,103	156,989

- 4.1 These carry mark-up at rates ranging between 5.50% to 17.50% per annum (2021: 5.50% to 9.75% per annum).
- 4.2 These include balances held with MCB Bank Limited (a related party) of Rs 5.440 million (2021: Rs 7.683) million.

5	INVESTMENTS	Note	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss			
	Government securities	5.1	329,152	74,795
	Listed debt securities	5.2	-	-
	Unlisted debt securities	5.3	207,250	156,233
	Listed equity securities	5.4	-	236,537
	Future stock contracts		-	7,652
			536,402	475,217
5.1	Government securities			
	Market Treasury Bills	5.1.1	-	74,795
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	5.1.2	329,152	-
	Sukuk Certificate	5.1.3	-	-
			329,152	74,795

June 30

luno 30

5.1.1 Market Treasury Bills

				Face v	alue		J	une 30, 202	2	Market	Market
Tenure	Note	Issue Date	At July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold / matured during the year	At June 30, 2022	Carrying value	Market value	(Diminu- tion) / apprecia- tion	value as a percentage of net assets	value as a percentage of total investments
					(Rupe	es in '000) ·					%
Market Treasury bills											
- 3 months		April 22, 2021	75,000	-	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		June 3, 2021	-	30,000	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		July 2, 2021	-	535,000	535,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		July 15, 2021	-	530,000	530,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		July 29, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		August 12, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		August 26, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		September 9, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		October 7, 2021	-	750,000	750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		November 4, 2021	-	350,000	350,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		December 30, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		January 27, 2022	-	700,000	700,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		April 7, 2022	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months		April 21, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market Treasury bills											
- 6 months		March 25, 2021	-	165,000	165,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		April 22, 2021	-	35,000	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		May 20, 2021	-	35,000	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		June 3, 2021	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		July 2, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		July 15, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		July 29, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		August 12, 2021	-	850,000	850,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		August 26, 2021	-	725,000	725,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		September 9, 2021	-	2,150,000	2,150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		December 2, 2021	-	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		December 16, 2021	-	750,000	750,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		January 27, 2022	-	825,000	825,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months		April 21, 2022	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2022							-	-	-		
As at June 30, 2021							74,793	74,795	2	•	

5.1.2 Pakistan Investments Bonds

			Face	value			June 30, 2	022	Market	value as a
Tenure	Issue Date	At July 01,	Purchased	Sold during	At June	Carrying	Market	(Diminution) /	perce	ntage of
Tenure	issue Date	2021	during the year	the year	30, 2022	value	value	appreciation	net assets	total investments
				(F	Rupees in '0	00)				%
Pakistan Investment Bonds - 2 years	August 26, 2021		1,325,000	1,075,000	250,000	248,875	248,275	(600)	29%	46%
Pakistan Investment Bonds - 3 years	April 7, 2022	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pakistan Investment Bonds						-	-	-	-	-
- 5 years	October 15, 2020	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 5 years	April 29, 2022	-	200,000	100,000	100,000	81,156	80,877	(279)	9%	15%
As at June 30, 2022						330,031	329,152	(879)		
As at June 30, 2021						-	-	-		

5.1.3 Sukuk Certificate

		Number of	certificates			June 30, 2	Market value as a percentage of		
Particulars	As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold during the year	As at June 30, 2022	Carrying value	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)	Net assets	Total invest- ments
	-			(Rupees	in '000)			· 9	%
GOP Ijara - 5 years (Dec-15-2021 - Dec-15, 2026)	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2022					-	-	-		
As at June 30, 2021					-	-	-	:	

5.2 Listed debt securities - Term Finance Certificates / Sukuk Certificates

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

		Numb	er of Certifi	cates			June 30, 20	Market value as a		
Name of investee company	At July 1,	Purchased	Matured	Sold	At June 30, 2022	Carrying	Market	Appreciation/	percentage of	
Nume of investee company	2021	during the year	* *	during the year		value	value	(diminution)	net assets	total investment
							Rupees in	000		%
Real Estate investment and services										
Pace Pakistan Limited (15-02-08) (note 6)	15,000	-	-	-	15,000	74,910				
Less: Provision for impairment						(74,910)				
						-	-	-	-	-
As at June 30, 2022						-	-	-		
As at June 30, 2021						-	-	-		

5.3 Unlisted debt securities - Term Finance Certificates

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

		Num	ber of Certifi	cates			June 30, 2022	2	Market va percent	
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2021	Purchased during the year	Matured during the year	Sold during the year	As at June 30,2022	Carrying value	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)	Net assets	Total invest- ment
							- Rupees in '00	0	%	6
Financial Institutions										
Askari Bank Limited VII - TFC (March 17, 2020)**	20	-	-	-	20	19,796	20,300	504	2.33%	3.78%
Samba Bank Limited-TFC -I (1 March 2021)*	400	-	-	-	400	39,984	40,142	158	4.61%	7.48%
The Bank of Punjab Limited TFC - I (December 23, 2016)*	550	-	-	-	550	55,428	55,099	(329)	6.33%	10.27%
Jahangir Siddiqui & Company Limited - TFC -III (July 18, 2017)	17,000	-	-	-	17,000	29,341	30,679	1,338	-	-
Bank Al-Habib Ltd TFC (September 30, 2021)	-	5,000	-	-	5,000	24,995	25,721	726	2.96%	4.80%
								-	0.00%	0.00%
Construction and Material										
Cinergyco PK Limited (Formerly: Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd)										
- Sukuk (January 18, 2017)*	20	-	-	-	20	500	509	9	0.06%	0.09%
Pak Elektron LtdSukuk (November 15, 2021)**	-	35	-	-	35	35,000	34,800	(200)	4.00%	6.49%
Eden Housing Limited - Sukuk (March 31, 2008) (note 6)										
- Due but not received	10,415	-	-	-	10,415	10,251				
Less: Provision for impairment						(10,251)				
						-	-	-	-	-
Total as at June 30, 2022					:	205,044	207,250	2,206		
Total as at June 30, 2021					:	154,652	156,233	1,581		
								·		

 $^{^{\}star}$ Face value of this sukuk certificate is Rs.100,000 per certificate.

5.3.1 Circular No. 33 of 2012 allows the asset manager to apply a mark up / mark down within available limit for valuation of any specific debt security. Exercising the discretionary power, the above mentioned term finance certificates of Pak Elektron Limited have been valued at a discretionary rate of Rs 99.4298 where as the reported market rates on MUFAP valuation sheet as at June 30, 2022 were Rs 98.8378.

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Face value of this sukuk certificate is Rs.1,000,000 per certificate.

5.4 Listed equity securities

Shares of listed companies - fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each unless stated otherwise

		Number	of shares			June 30, 202	22		alue as a	Percentage in relation to paid-
Name of investee company	As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the period	Sold during the period	As at June 31, 2022	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealised (loss) / gain	net assets	total invest- ments	up capital of the investee company
Automobile Accombles						Rupees in '	000)		······ % ·	
Automobile Assembler	E E00	25.000	20 500						T -	1
Sazgar Engineering Works Pak Suzuki Motors Company Limited	5,500 1,000	25,000 53,500	30,500 54,500	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Tak Gazaki Motoro Gompany Emilion	1,000	00,000	01,000		<u> </u>	-		-		
Cable & electrical goods					u-					
Pak Elektron Limited*	263,500	991,000	1,254,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waves Singer Pakistan Limited	-	452,500	452,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cement					-	-	-	•	•	•
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited*	37,500	149,000	186,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fauji Cement Company Limited	35,500	79,500	115,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lucky Cement Limited	-	23,500	23,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	127,500	259,000	386,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pioneer Cement Limited	25,500	50,500	76,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power Cement Limited*	-	207,500	207,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemicals					-	-	-	-	-	-
Engro Polymer and Chemicals Limited	34,500	389,000	423,500	_				_	-	_
Ghani Global Holdings Limited	650,000	201,000	851,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lotte Chemical Pakistan Limited	178,000	830,500	1,008,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering	14 000	12.000	26 000						1	1
Amreli Steels Limited Aisha Steel Mills Limited*	14,000	12,000	26,000	-	-	-		-	-	-
International Industries Limited	524,000 9,500	536,500 390,000	1,060,500 399,500	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
International Steels Limited	196,000	302,000	498,000		_	-	-	-	_	_
Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited	2,000	515,000	517,000	-		[_	_	_
Mughai non a Steel industries Limited	2,000	313,000	317,000	_		-		-	-	
Fertilizer					_					
Engro Corporation Limited	1,500	7,000	8,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited	96,000	223,500	319,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	-	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oil and Gas Exploration Companies					-	-	•	-	•	•
Oil & Gas Development Company Limited	26,000	528,000	554,000	-	-	-	l - 1	-	-	-
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	8,500	108,000	116,500	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
					-	-	•	-	-	-
Oil and Gas Marketing Companies	0 = 6 =	40 =0-	47.00-						1	
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	6,500	40,500	47,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	93,500	440,000	533,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	3,000	-	3,000	-	<u> </u>	-		-	<u> </u>	
Pharmaceuticals										
The Searle Company Limited	-	25,500	25,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Power Generation & Distribution					•	-	-	-	-	-
The Hub Power Company Limited	10,500	365,000	375,500	_	_	-		-	-	-
Kot Addu Power Company Limited	181,000	11,500	192,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
K-Electric Limited**	202,000	22,500	224,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	. ,	,	,			•	-	-	•	-
Delener control from 1										
Balance carried forward					-	-	•	-	-	-

^{*}These transactions relate to shares of related parties

^{**} This has a face value of Rs. 3.5 per share

		Number	of shares		,	June 30, 2022		Market Value as a percentage of		Percentage in relation to paid-	
Name of investee company	As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the period	Sold during the period	As at June 31, 2022	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealised (loss) / gain	net assets	total invest- ments	up capital of the investee company	
					(Rupees in '(000)		····· % ·		
Balance carried forward					-	-	-	-	-		
Refinery											
Attock Refinery Limited	110,000	201,000	311,000	_	_	-	-	_	-	_ 1	
Cnergyico PK Limited	,	,	,								
-(Formerly: Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd)	1,224,500	8,117,500	9,342,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
National Refinery Limited	3,000	130,000	133,000	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
Pakistan Refinery Limited	-	505,500	505,500	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	
·,		,	,		<u> </u>	-	-		-		
Technology & Communications											
Avanceon Limited	108,500	1,213,500	1,322,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	
Hum Network Limited	3,400,000	2,106,500	5,506,500	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	
Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited	16,500	316,500	333,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Worldcall Telecom Limited	-	147,500	147,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NetSol Technologies Limited	-	363,000	363,000	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	
TRG Pakistan Limited	92,000	1,243,500	1,335,500		-	-	-	-	-	-	
						-			-	-	
Textile Composite											
Gul Ahmed Textile Mills Limited	26,500	57,000	83,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nishat (Chunian) Limited*	-	853,500	853,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Nishat Mills Limited*	-	16,500	16,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
					-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transport											
Pakistan Interntional Bulk Terminal Limited	39,000	693,500	732,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
					-	-	-	-	-	-	
Vanaspati & Allied Industries											
Unity Foods Limited	453,500	1,956,000	2,409,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
					-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous											
Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited*	-	285,000	285,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		
					-	-	-	-	-		
Total as at less 00 0000								•			
Total as at June 30, 2022	2					-		:			
Total as at June 30, 2021					238,683	236,537	(2,146)				

^{*}These transactions relate to shares of related parties

The movement in equity securities represents spread transactions entered into by the Fund. The fund purchases equity securities in ready settlement market and sells the securities in future settlement market on the same day resulting in spread income / (loss) due to difference in ready and future stock prices.

5.5	Net unrealised appreciation / (diminution) in value of investments at fair value through profit or loss	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
	Market value of investments	5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.1.3, 5.2 ,5.3 & 5.4	536,402	475,217
	Carrying value of investments	5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.1.3, 5.2 ,5.3 & 5.4	535,075	468,128
		_ _	1,327	7,089

5.6 Significant terms and conditions of term finance certificates and other securities outstanding at the year end are as follows:

Name of security	Number of certificates	Face value per certificate	Face value / redemption value in total	Interest rate per annum	Maturity	Secured / unsecured	Rating
		Rupees	Rupees				
Unlisted debt securities							
The Bank of Punjab Limited - TFC I	550	100,000	99,780	6M KIBOR+1%	December 23, 2026	Unsecured	AA
Jahangir Siddiqui & Company							
Limited TFC III	17,000	5,000	1,750	6M KIBOR+1.4%	July 18, 2023	Secured	AA+
Cinergyco PK Limited (Formerly:							
Byco Petroleum Pakistan Ltd)							
- Sukuk	20	100,000	25,000	3M KIBOR+1.05%	January 18, 2023	Secured	AAA
Askari Bank Limited VII - TFC	20	1,000,000	1,000,000	3M KIBOR+1.2%	March 17, 2030	Unsecured	AA
Samba Bank Limited -(TFC-I)	400	100,000	99,960	6M Kibor + 1.35%	March 1, 2031	Secured	AA-
Bank Al Habib - TFC	5,000	5,000	4,999	6M Kibor + 0.75%	September 30, 2031	Unsecured	AAA
Pak Elektron Ltd (Sukuk)	35	1,000,000	1,000,000	3M kibor + 1.3%	February 15, 2023	Secured	A+

6. DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT WITH THE INVESTMENT CRITERIA AS SPECIFIED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

In accordance with clause (v) of the investment criteria laid down for 'income scheme' in Circular No. 7 of 2009, the Fund is required to invest in any security having rating not lower than the investment grade (credit rating of BBB and above). However, as at June 30, 2022, the Fund is non-compliant with the above mentioned requirement in respect of the following investments. The securities were in compliance with the circular (i.e. investment grade) at the time of purchase and were subsequently downgraded to non investment grade by MUFAP on default by the respective issuer at the time of repayment of coupon due on the respective dates.

	Category of non-compliant investment	Name of Company	Value of investment before provision	Provision held, if any	Value of investment after provision	Percentage of net assets	Percentage of gross assets
				Rs in '000			
	Investment in debt securities	a) Pace Pakistan Limited (see note 5.2)b) Eden Housing Limited (see note 5.3)	74,910 10,251	74,910 10,251	-	-	-
7	INTEREST, DIVIDEND AI	ND OTHER RECEIVABLE		Note	June 202 (F	•	June 30, 2021 '000)
	Interest on: - Term finance certificat - Government securities - Deposit accounts - Margin trading system Dividend receivable Other receivable	5			5	5,282 5,204 5,679 - - 10 5,175	2,983 - 1,049 20 66 1,172 5,290
8	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS	AND PREPAYMENTS					
	Advance tax Deposits with:			8.1		329	303
	- National Clearing Cor	mpany of Pakistan Limited ompany of Pakistan Limited			2	2,500 200 245	2,500 200 413
					3	3,274	3,416

8.1 As per clause 47(B) of part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, payments made to collective investment schemes (CISs) are exempt from withholding tax under section 151 and 150. However, withholding tax on dividend, profit on bank deposits, profit on markup on margin trading system and profit on debt securities paid to the Fund has been deducted by various withholding agents based on the interpretation issued by FBR vide letter C. no. 1(43) DG (WHT)/2008-VOL.II-66417-R dated May 12, 2015 which requires every withholding agent to withhold income tax at applicable rates in case a valid exemption certificate under section 159(1) issued by the concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) is not produced before him by the withholdee. The tax withheld on profit on debt securities, profit on bank deposits and profit on margin trading system transactions amounts to Rs.0.329 million (2021: Rs.0.303 million).

For this purpose, Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) on behalf of various mutual funds (including the Funds being managed by the Management Company) had filed a petition in the Honourable Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the above mentioned interpretation of the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) which was decided by the SHC in favour of FBR. On January 28, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Management Company passed a resolution by circulation, authorising all CISs to file an appeal in the Honourable Supreme Court through their Trustees, to direct all persons being withholding agents, including share registrars and banks to observe the provisions of clause 47B of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 without imposing any conditions at the time of making any payment to the CISs being managed by the Management Company. Accordingly, a petition was filed in the Supreme Court of Pakistan by the Funds together with other CISs (managed by the Management Company and other Asset Management Companies) whereby the Supreme Court granted the petitioners leave to appeal from the initial judgement of the SHC. Pending resolution of the matter, the amount of withholding tax deducted on profit received by the Fund on profit on debt securities, profit on bank deposits and prepayments' as at June 30, 2022 as, in the opinion of the management, the amount of tax deducted at source will be refunded.

9	PAYABLE TO MCB-ARIF HABIB SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED - MANAGEMENT COMPANY	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
	Management remuneration payable	9.1	1,004	1,052
	Sindh Sales Tax payable on remuneration of the			
	Management Company	9.2	130	136
	Allocated expenses payable	9.3	70	54
	Selling and marketing expenses payable	9.4	150	_
	Sales load payable		2,450	21
			3,804	1,263

- 9.1 The management company has charged management fee at the rate upto, 15% of the gross earnings of scheme, calculated on daily basis. The aforementioned limit was revised and is effective since January 7, 2022. Previously, the management fee was charged upto, 15% of the gross earnings of scheme, calculated on daily basis subject to minimum fee of 0.25% of average daily net assets of the Fund.
- 9.2 During the year, an amount of Rs 1.380 million (2021: Rs 0.912 million) was charged on account of sales tax on management remuneration levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 and an amount of Rs 1.386 million (2021: Rs 0.799 million) has been paid on account of sales tax on management remuneration to the Management Company which acts as a collecting agent.
- 9.3 In accordance with Regulation 60 of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to charge fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services, related to a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS).

The Management Company has allocated expenses to the Fund based on its discretion subject to not being higher than actual expense, which has also been approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

9.4 The SECP has allowed the Asset Management Companies to charge selling and marketing expenses to all categories of open-end mutual funds (except fund of funds) upto a maximum limit approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company as part of annual plan.

The Management Company has charged selling and marketing expenses to the Fund based on its discretion subject to not being higher than actual expense, which has also been approved by the BOD of the Management Company.

10	PAYABLE TO CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 s in '000)
	Trustee remuneration payable	10.1	53	42
	Sindh Sales Tax payable on trustee remuneration	10.2	7	6
			60	48

- 10.1 The Trustee is entitled to monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed. The Fund has charged Trustee Fee at the rate of 0.075% (2021: 0.075%) of average daily net assets of the Fund during the year.
- 10.2 During the year, an amount of Rs 0.104 million (2021: Rs 0.67 million) was charged on account of sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 and an amount of Rs.0.103 million (2021: 0.67 million) on account of sales tax on remuneration of trustee was paid to the Trustee which acts as a collecting agent.

11	PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 s in '000)	
	Annual fee	11.1	213	137	

11.1 In accordance with the NBFC Regulations, a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS) is required to pay annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

In accordance with the SRO No. 685(I)/2019 dated June 28, 2019 issued by SECP, the Fund has charged SECP fee at the rate of 0.02% (June 30, 2021: 0.02%) of average daily net assets of the Fund during the year.

		Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
12	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Provision for Sindh workers' welfare fund	12.1	_	9,434
	Provision for federal excise duty payable on	12.2		
	- Management fee		16,590	16,590
	- Sales load		4,746	4,746
	Brokerage payable		16	443
	Capital gain tax payable		541	231
	Auditors' remuneration payable		386	396
	Printing expense payable		40	37
	Legal advisor payable		35	31
	Other payable		32	307
			22,386	32,215

12.1 Provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund

As a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan, in May 2015 the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (SWWF Act) had been passed by the Government of Sindh as a result of which every industrial establishment located in the Province of Sindh, the total income of which in any accounting year is not less than Rs 0.50 million, is required to pay Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) in respect of that year a sum equal to two percent of such income. The matter was taken up by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) with the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) collectively on behalf of various asset management companies and their CISs whereby it was contested that mutual funds should be excluded from the ambit of SWWF Act as these were not industrial establishments but were pass-through investment vehicles and did not employ workers. The SRB held that mutual funds were included in the definition of financial institutions as per the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 and were, hence, required to register and pay SWWF under the SWWF Act. Thereafter, MUFAP had taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have CISs / mutual funds excluded from the applicability of SWWF. In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of SWWF on CISs / mutual funds, MUFAP had recommended that as a matter of abundant caution provision in respect of SWWF should be made on a prudent basis with effect from the date of enactment of the Sindh WWF Act, 2014 (i.e. starting from May 21, 2015). The Funds had accordingly made provision in respect of SWWF as recommended by MUFAP.

During the current year, SRB through its letter dated August 12, 2021 intimated MUFAP that the mutual funds do not qualify as Financial Institutions / Industrial Establishments and are therefore, not liable to pay the SWWF contributions. This development was discussed at MUFAP level and was also taken up with the SECP and all the Asset Management Companies, in consultation with the SECP, have reversed the cumulative provision for SWWF recognised in the financial statements of the Funds, for the period from May 21, 2015 to August 12, 2021, on August 13, 2021. The SECP also gave its concurrence for prospective reversal of provision for SWWF. Going forward, no provision for SWWF has been recognised in these financial statements of the Fund.

12.2 Federal Excise Duty payable

The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) as a result of which FED at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load was applicable with effect from June 13, 2013. The Management Company was of the view that since the remuneration was already subject to provincial sales tax, further levy of FED would result in double taxation which did not appear to be the spirit of the law. Hence, on September 4, 2013 a constitutional petition was filed with the Sindh High Court (SHC) by the Management Company together with various other asset management companies challenging the levy of FED.

With effect from July 1, 2016, FED on services provided or rendered by non-banking financial institutions dealing in services which are subject to provincial sales tax has been withdrawn by the Finance Act, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the SHC passed an order whereby all notices, proceedings taken or pending, orders made, duty recovered or actions taken under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in respect of the rendering or providing of services (to the extent as challenged in any relevant petition) were set aside. In response to this, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has filed a Civil Petition for leave to appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication.

In view of the above, the Fund has discontinued making further provision in respect of FED on remuneration of the Management Company with effect from July 1, 2016. However, as a matter of abundant caution the provision for FED made for the period from June 13, 2013 till June 30, 2016 amounting to Rs 21.336 million is being retained in the financial statements of the Fund as the matter is pending before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Had the provision for FED not been recorded in the financial statements of the Fund, the net assets value of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 would have been higher by Rs 1.33 (2021: Rs 1.42) per unit.

13 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies outstanding as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Commitments		2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	ns of equity securities entered into by the t been settled as at year end	-	250,704 4,721
Margin Trading sale tra	ansactions not settled as at year end	-	2,269
14 AUDITORS' REMUNE	RATION		
Annual audit fee		297	297
Half yearly review fee		181	181
Other certifications		50	50
Out of pocket expense	s & SST	78_	177
		606	705

15 TAXATION

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders as cash dividend. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year derived from sources other than capital gains as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable thereon to the unit holders. Since the management has distributed the required minimum percentage of income earned by the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022 to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements during the year.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

June 30

June 30

16	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
	Balances with banks	4	676,103	156,989
	Treasury bills - 3 months	5.1.1	676,103	74,795 231,784

17 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO

The Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund for the year is 1.73% (2021: 2.92%) which includes 0.16% (2021: 0.3%) representing government levies on the Fund such as provision for Sindh Sales tax, Annual fee to the SECP etc. The prescribed limit for the ratio is 2.5% under the NBFC Regulations for a collective investment scheme categorised as a "Aggresive fixed income scheme". However, collective investment scheme categorised as a "Aggresive fixed income scheme" which invest in Margin Trading System (MTS) and / or ready future spread transaction, may charge additional MTS and / or ready future spread transaction related expenses upto 0.5% of Net assets to the Scheme. Accordingly, the enhanced prescribed limit for the ratio after incorporating the aforementioned additional expenses is 3% (2021: 3%).

18 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OUTSTANDING WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / OTHER RELATED PARTIES

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owing directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration to the Management Company of the Fund is determined in accordance with the provision of the NBFC Regulations and the Offering document.

Remuneration to the Trustee of the Fund is determined in accordance with the provision of the Trust Deed.

The details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties / connected persons are as follows:

18.1	Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:	For the year ended		
	·	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	
		(Rupees	in '000)	
	MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company			
	Remuneration including indirect taxes	11,994	7,928	
	Allocated expenses	1,066	686	
	Selling and marketing expense	315	3,196	
	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee			
	Remuneration including indirect taxes	903	582	
	CDC Settlement charges	182	191	
	MCB Bank Limited			
	Profit on bank deposits	24	90	
	Bank charges	28	19	
	Purchase of securities - Face Value: Rs. Nil (2021: 250,000,000)	-	242,800	
	Nishat Mills Limited - Group Company of Parent Company			
	Purchase of Shares 2022: 16,500 (2021: 169,500)	1,590	16,708	
	Sale of Shares 2022: 16,500 (2021: 169,500)	1,603	16,330	
	Dividend Income	-	512	

	For the year ended	
	June 30,	June 30,
	2022	2021
	(Rupees	in '000)
Nishat (Chunian) Limited - Group Company of Parent Company		
Purchase of Shares 2022: 853,500 (2021: 47,000)	42,693	2,081
Sale of Shares 2022: 853,500 (2021: 47,000)	43,103	2,103
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited		
Purchase of shares 2022: 149,000 (2021: 450,000)	16,035	50,575
Sale of shares 2022: 186,500 (2021: 412,500)	20,913	46,232
Aisha Steel Mills Limited - Group Company of Parent Company		
Purchase of Shares 2022: 536,500 (2021: 1,004,000)	13,026	24,575
Sale of Shares 2022: 1,060,500 (2021: 480,000)	26,766	11,200
Power Cement Limited- subsidiary of associated company		
Purchase of Shares 2022: 207,500 (2021: 199,000)	1,742	1,951
Sale of Shares 2022: 207,500 (2021: 199,000)	1,758	1,975
Pak Elektron Limited		
Purchase of Shares 2022: 991,000 (2021: 2,687,000)	29,792	90,234
Sale of Shares 2022: 1,254,500 (2021: 2,423,500)	30,054	90,974
Siddigsons Tin Plate Limited		
Purchase of Shares 2022: 285,500 (2021: Nil)	4,552	-
Sale of Shares 2022: 285,500 (2021: Nil)	4,589	-
Arif Habib Limited		
Brokerage*	2	-

^{*} The amount disclosed represents the amount of brokerage paid to connected persons and not the purchase or sale value of securities transacted through them. The purchase or sale value has not been treated as transactions with connected persons as the ultimate counter parties are not connected persons.

18.2 Amounts outstanding at year end	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
Management remuneration payable	1,004	1,052
Sindh Sales Tax payable on remuneration of the Management Company	130	136
Allocated expenses payable	70	54
Selling and marketing expenses payable	150	-
Sales load payable	2,450	21
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Trustee remuneration payable	53	42
Sindh Sales Tax payable on trustee remuneration	7	6
Security deposits	200	200
MCB Bank Limited		
Bank deposits held	5,440	7,683
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited		
Shares held Nil (2021: 37,500)	-	4,422
Aisha Steel Mills Limited		
Shares held Nil (2021: 524,000)	-	13,053
Pak Elektron Limited		
Shares held Nil (2021: 263,500)	-	9,238

18.3 Transactions during the year with connected persons / related parties in units of the Fund:

		For the Year Ended ended June 30, 2022						
	As at July	Issued	Redeemed	As at June	As at July	Issued	Redeemed	As at June
	01, 2021	for cash	redecined	30, 2022	01, 2021 fo	for cash	Neuceilleu	30, 2022
		U	nits			(Rupees	s in '000)	
Associated companies:								
Security General Insurance Company								
Limited Employees Provident Fund Trust	50,227	-	50,227	-	2,707	184	2,970	-
D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited								
Employees Provident Fund Trust	-	477,036	-	477,036	-	25,783	-	25,835
V	00.070	47.507	70.000	4	4.570	0.040	4.040	
Key management personnel *	29,276	47,567	76,839	4	1,578	2,616	4,248	-
Unit holders holding 10% or more units	2,031,021	200,957	-	2,231,978	109,475	10,875	-	120,879

^{*} This reflects the position of related party / connected persons status as at June 30, 2022.

		For the Year Ended ended June 30, 2021						
	As at July	Issued	Redeemed	Redeemed As at June 30, 2021	As at July	Issued	Redeemed	As at June
	01, 2020	for cash			01, 2020	for cash		30, 2021
		U	nits			(Rupees	in '000)	
Associated companies:								
Security General Insurance Company								
Limited Employees Provident Fund Trust	46,809	3,418	-	50,227	2,523	184	-	2,707
Mandate under discretionary								
portfolio services	8	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Key management personnel *	-	29,285	9	29,276	-	1,578	1	1,578
Unit holders holding 10% or more units	1,892,804	138,217	-	2,031,021	102,011	7,449	-	109,475

^{*} This reflects the position of related party / connected persons status as at June 30, 2021.

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Financial assets
Balances with banks
Investments
Interest, dividend and other receivable
Deposits
Receivable against margin trading system
Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited

At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
	(Rupees in'000)	
676,103	_	676,103
-	536,402	536,402
16,175	-	16,175
2,700	-	2,700
1	-	1
2,181		2,181
697,160	536,402	1,233,562

----- June 30, 2022 ------

June 30, 2022						
At fair value through profit or loss	At amortised cost	Total				
(Rupees in'000)					
-	3,804	3,804				
-	60 2,079	60 2,079				

335,236

341,688

335,236

Financial liabilities
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments
Limited - Management Company
Payable to Central Depository Company of
Pakistan Limited - Trustee
Payable against redemption of units
Payable against purchase of Investments

Accrued and other liabilities

		June 30, 2021	
	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit or loss	Total
		(Rupees in'000) -	
Financial assets			
Balances with banks	156,989	-	156,989
Investments	-	475,217	475,217
Interest, dividend and other receivable	5,290	-	5,290
Deposits	2,700	-	2,700
Receivable against margin trading system	2,257	-	2,257
Receivables against sale of investment	4,699	-	4,699
Receivable from National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited	17,470		17,470
	189,405	475,217	664,622
		June 30, 2021	
	At fair value through profit or loss	At amortised cost	Total
Financial liabilities		(Rupees in'000) -	
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments		1 263	1 263
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	-	1,263	1,263
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of	-	,	,
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	- -	48	48
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of	- - -	,	,

20 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the protection of unit holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are primarily set up to be performed based on limits established by the Management Company, the constitutive documents of the Fund and the regulations and directives of the SECP. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of the risk that the Fund is willing to accept. The Board of Directors of the Management Company supervises the overall risk management approach within the Fund. The Fund is exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

20.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages the market risk through diversification of the investment portfolio and by following the internal guidelines established by the Investment Committee.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

20.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund does not have any financial instrument in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

20.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2022, the Fund is exposed to such risk on its balances held with banks, investments in term finance certificates, investment in sukuk certificates and investment in government securities. The Investment Committee of the Fund reviews the portfolio of the Fund on a regular basis to ensure that the risk is managed within the acceptable limits.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund holds KIBOR based interest bearing Pakistan Investment Bond, Term Finance, and Sukuk certificates exposing the Fund to cash flow profit rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR on the last repricing date with all other variables held constant, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs 4.555 million (2021: Rs 1.562 million).

The Fund holds Pakistan Investment Bond, Term Finance, and Sukuks Certificates classified as 'fair value through profit or loss' exposing the Fund to interest rate fair value risk. In case of a 5% increase / decrease in rates determined by MUFAP as on June 30, 2022, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would increase / decrease by Rs. 22.776 million (2021: Rs. 7.8116 million), as a result of reduction / increase in unrealised gains / (losses) respectively.

The Fund is also exposed to mark-up rate risk on bank deposits. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR at year end, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs 6.706 million (2021: Rs 1.493 million).

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund holds government securities which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in rates announced by Financial Market Association of Pakistan (FMAP) on June 30, 2022, with all other variables held constant, the net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs 0.809 million (2021: higher / lower by Rs 0.748 million).

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by FMAP is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2022 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

The Fund's interest rate sensitivity related to financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2022 can be determined as follows:

	June 30, 2022					
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
			F	Rupees in '000		
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks	5.50% to 17.50%	670,675	-	-	5,428	676,103
Investments						
at fair value through profit and loss - net						
Listed equity securities		-	-	-	-	-
Future Stock Contracts		-	-	-	-	-
- Market Treasury Bills		-	-	-	-	-
- Listed debt securities	6M kibor+1.35%	-	-	-	-	-
 Pakistan Investments Bonds Unlisted debt securities 	11.506% 3M Kibor+1.05% to 6M Kibor 1.4%	- 55.403	- 151.847	329,152	-	329,152 207,250
- Unlisted debt securities	3W KIDOT+1.05% to 6W KIDOT 1.4%	55,403	151,847	329,152		536,402
Interest, dividend and other receivable		-	101,047	-	16,175	16,175
Security deposits		_	_	_	2.700	2.700
Receivable against margin trading system		_	_	_	2,. 00	1
Receivable from National Clearing Company of	Pakistan Limited	_	-	_	2,181	2,181
5 , ,		726,078	151,847	329,152	26,485	1,233,562
Financial Liabilities			•	•	•	
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Invest	ments					
Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	3,804	3,804
Payable to Central Depository Company						
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	60	60
Payable against redemption of units		-	-	-	2,079	2,079
Payable against purchase of Investments		-	-	-	335,236	335,236
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	509	509
			-	-	341,688	341,688
On halaman aband man (a)		700.070	454.047	200.452	(045,000)	004.074
On-balance sheet gap (a)		726,078	151,847	329,152	(315,203)	891,874
Off-balance sheet financial instruments			-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	•	-	-	•
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		726,078	151,847	329,152		
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		726,078	877,925	1,207,077	-	

		June	30, 2021			
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
				Rupees in '000		
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks	5.50% to 9.75%	149,379	-	-	7,610	156,989
Investments						
at fair value through profit and loss - net						
Listed equity securities		-	-	-	236,537	236,537
Future Stock Contracts		-	-	-	7,652	7,652
- Market Treasury Bills	7.25%	74,795	-	-	-	74,795
- Pakistan Investments Bonds		-	-	-	-	-
- Listed debt securities	6M kibor+1.35%	-	-	-	-	-
- Unlisted debt securities	3M Kibor+1.05% to 6M Kibor 1.4%	20,963	135,270	-	-	156,233
		95,758	135,270	-	244,189	475,217
Interest, dividend and other receivable		-	-	-	5,290	5,290
Security deposits		-	-	-	2,700	2,700
Receivable against margin trading system		-	-	-	2,257	2,257
Receivables against sale of investment		-	-	-	4,699	4,699
Receivable from National Clearing Company	of Pakistan Limited	- 245 427	105 070	-	17,470	17,470
		245,137	135,270		284,215	664,622
Financial Liabilities			ı			
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Inve	stments				4 000	4.000
Limited - Management Company		-	-	-	1,263	1,263
Payable to Central Depository Company					4.0	40
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	48	48
Payable against redemption of units		-	-	-	2,079	2,079
Accrued and other liabilities			-		1,214 4.604	1,214 4,604
				-	4,004	4,004
On-balance sheet gap (a)		245,137	135,270	-	279,611	660,018
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	257,694	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		-	_	-	257,694	_
Total interest rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		245,137	135,270	-	_	·
Cumulative interest rate sensitivity gap		245,137	380,407	380,407	=	
gup			555,.01	555, 761	=	

20.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Fund has exposure to equity price risk arising from its investments in equity securities. The Fund manages its price risk arising from investment in the equity securities by diversifying its portfolio within the eligible limits prescribed in the Fund's constitutive documents, the NBFC Regulations and circulars issued by SECP from time to time. The Fund's equity investments and their fair values exposed to price risk as at the year end are concentrated in the sectors given in note 5.4.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit for the year and the unit holders' fund to an increase or decrease of 5% in the fair values of the Fund's equity securities. This level of change is considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Fund's equity securities at each statement of assets and liabilities date, with all other variables held constant.

June 30, June 30,
2022 2021
---- (Rupees in '000) ---- 11,827
- 11,827

Investments
Income statement

20.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted.

The Fund is exposed to counter party credit risks on investment in term finance certificates, sukuks, balances with bank and other receivable balances. The credit risk on the Fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in Treasury bills are government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by the independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The table below analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

	2022		202	21
	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk
		Rupees	in '000	_
Balances with banks	676,103	676,103	156,989	156,989
Investments in government securities	329,152	-	74,795	-
Investments in debt securities	207,250	207,250	156,233	156,233
Listed equity securities	-	-	236,537	-
Future Stock Contracts	-	-	7,652	-
Interest, dividend and other receivable	16,175	10,971	5,290	5,290
Deposits	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Receivable against margin trading system	1	1	2,257	2,257
Receivables against sale of investment	-	-	4,699	4,699
Receivable from National Clearing Company of				
Pakistan Limited	2,181	2,181	17,470	17,470
	1,233,562	899,206	664,622	345,638

Difference in the balance as per statement of asset and liabilities and maximum exposure is due to the fact that investments in government securities of Rs. 329.152 million (2021: Rs. 74.795 million), investment in listed equity securities of Rs. Nil (2021: 236.537 million), investment in future stock contracts of Rs. Nil (2021: 7.652 million) and profit receivable from these securities of Rs. 5.204 million (2021: Rs. Nil) are not exposed to credit risk.

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

Bank Balances by rating category	2022	2021
	9	%
AAA	70.65	15.57
AA+	0.48	0.66
AA	0.11	1.01
AA-	9.62	49.98
A+	19.06	32.76
A	0.08	0.01
A-	-	0.01
	100.00	100.00
	·	

The analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the Fund's investment in government securities, term finance certificates and sukuks as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

Investments by rating category	June 30, 2022 %-	June 30, 2021	
Government Securities	61.36	32.38	
AAA,AA, AA-, AA+	38.64	67.62	
	100.00	100.00	

Investment in fixed income securities

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of counter party to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed. Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in securities is considered to be minimal as the Fund uses brokers with high creditworthiness and the transactions are settled or paid for only upon delivery using the central clearing system.

20.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligation in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund is exposed to daily redemptions at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. The Fund's policy is, therefore, to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of and are considered readily realisable.

As per the NBFC Regulations, the Fund can borrow in the short-term to ensure settlement the maximum limit of which is fifteen percent of the net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund may also withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Within 1 month Within 1 month with and upto three months and upto one months with ree months and upto three months with ree months with ree months and upto five years with no fixed maturity	 June 30, 2022							
	one month and upto three	three months and upto one	one year and upto		instruments with no fixed	Total		

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and
Investments Limited - Management Company
Payable to Central Depository Company
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee
Payable against redemption of units
Payable against purchase of Investments
Accrued expenses and other liabilities

3,804	-	-	1	-	-	3,804
60	-	-	-	-	-	60
2,079	-	-	-	-	-	2,079
335,236	-	-	-	-	-	335,236
509	-	-	-	-	-	509
341,688	-	-	-	-	-	341,688

	June 30, 2021					
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total
Rupees in '000						

Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable against redemption of units Accrued expenses and other liabilities

1,263	-	-	-	-	-	1,263
48	-	-	-	-	-	48
2,079	-	-	-	-	-	2,079
1,214	-	-	-	-	-	1,214
4,604	-	-	-	-	-	4,604

21 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from the respective book values.

Fair Value Hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund held the following financial instruments measured at fair values:

	June 30, 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		(Rupees	in '000)		
ASSETS					
Government securities	-	329,152	-	329,152	
Unlisted debt securities	-	207,250	-	207,250	
		536,402	-	536,402	
		June 30	, 2021		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		(Rupees	in '000)		
ASSETS					
Government securities	-	74,795	-	74,795	
Unlisted debt securities	-	156,233	-	156,233	
Listed debt securities	236,537	-	-	236,537	
Future stock contracts	7,652	-	-	7,652	
	244,189	231,028	-	475,217	

22 UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to dividends and to payment of their proportionate share of the Fund's Net Asset Value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the 'Statement of Movement in Unitholders' Fund'.

The Fund has no restriction on the subscription and redemption of units. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain fund size (i.e. net assets of the Fund) of Rs 100 million at all times during the life of the scheme. The Fund has historically maintained and complied with the requirement of minimum fund size at all times.

The Fund's objectives when managing unit holders' funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to the unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets to meet unexpected losses or opportunities.

In accordance with the risk management policies as stated in note 20, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investment avenues while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments or short-term borrowings, where necessary.

23 PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Name Designation		Experience in years
1	Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	FCCA, FCA	24.5
2	Muhammad Asim	Chief Investment Officer	MBA, CFA	19
3	Awais Abdul Sattar	Portfolio Manager Equities	MBA, CFA	11
4	Jawad Naeem	Head of Islamic Equity	MBA Finance & CFA Level 1	14
5	Saad Ahmed	Head Of Fixed Income	MBA	16
6	Syed Abid Ali	Head Of Equities	MBA	14
7	Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal	Fund Manager	Graduate	18

- 23.1 Mr. Saad Ahmed is the Fund manager. Details of the other funds being managed by him are as follows:
 - MCB DCF Income Fund
 - MCB Cash Management Optimizer
 - Pakistan Cash Management Fund
 - MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund
 - Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund
 - MCB Pakistan Fixed Return Fund

24	TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID		2022 (Percentage)
	1	Adam Securities Pvt Limited	67.84%
	2	Top Line Securities Pvt Limited	15.10%
	3	Khadim Ali Shah Bukhari Securities	12.13%
	4	Continental Exchange Pvt.	1.48%
	5	Invest One Markets Private	1.02%
	6	Paramount Capital Pvt Limited	0.83%
	7	Bipl Securities Limited	0.78%
	8	Pearl Securities Limited	0.55%
	9	Icon Management Private Limited	0.17%
	10	Arif Habib Limited	0.10%

		2021
		(Percentage)
1	Adam Securities Pvt I td	59.92%
2	Top Line Securities Pvt Ltd	17.81%
3	Efg Hermes Pakistan Limited	13.48%
4	Mra Securities Limited	4.28%
5	Bma Capital Management Ltd	1.30%
6	Multiline Securities Pvt Ltd	0.83%
7	Next Capital Ltd	0.75%
8	Continental Exchange Pvt.	0.62%
9	Invest One Markets Private	0.30%
10	Paramount Capital Pvt Limited	0.20%

25 PATTERN OF UNITHOLDINGS

		As at Ju	ne 30, 2022	
	Number of unit holders	Number of units	Investment amount	Percentage investment
			(Rupees in '000')	%
Individual	973	11,940,791	646,685	74.30
Retirement Fund	16	1,026,323	55,583	6.39
Associated company	1	477,036	25,835	2.97
Others	13	2,626,686	142,255	16.34
	1,003	16,070,836	870,358	100
			ne 30, 2021	

		AS at Julie 30, 2021					
	Number of	Number of	Investment	Percentage			
	unit holders	units	amount	investment			
			(Rupees in '000')	%			
Individuals	808	7,466,508	402,456	63.92			
Associated company	1	50,227	2,707	0.43			
Retirement funds	17	1,754,081	94,548	15.02			
Others	12_	2,409,686	129,885	20.63			
	838	11,680,502	629,596	100			

26 ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th and 176th meeting of the Board of Directors were held on August 9, 2021, September 15, 2021, October 18, 2021, October 22, 2021, February 3, 2022, February 18, 2022, March 10, 2022, April 13, 2022, May 04, 2022 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by the directors and other persons in the meetings is given below:

Name of discrete attending the		Number of	Numb	er of meeti	Mastinus not	
Names of directors attending the meetings	Designation	meetings held	Attendanc e required	Attended	Leave granted	Meetings not attended
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman	9	9	8	1	176th
Mr. Nasim Beg	Vice Chairman	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	9	9	8	1	170th
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Director	9	9	9	-	-
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Director	9	9	8	1	169th
Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Director	9	9	7	2	169th and 176th
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Director	9	9	7	2	168th & 170th

27 GENERAL

27.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise specified.

28	DATE	OF AL	ITHORIZ	ZATION	FOR	ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 15 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director

PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No. of Unit Holders	Unit holdings	Total units held
457	A. 001-10,000	16,074
182	B. 10,001 – 100,000	124,569
210	C. 100,001 – 1000,000	1,709,448
154	D. 1000,001 & Above	14,220,745
1,003	-	16,070,836

PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Performance Information	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	870.3580	629.5960	706.8346	1,106.0000	1,350.0000
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	54.1576	53.9015	53.8942	53.1512	55.8399
Closing Offer Price	55.3816	55.1197	55.1122	54.3524	57.1019
Closing Repurchase Price	52.3217	52.0742	52.0672	53.1512	55.8399
Highest offer price per unit	60.8128	59.1479	62.4156	58.5188	57.1019
Lowest offer price per unit	55.1869	54.9296	54.3835	53.1070	54.3263
Highest Redemption price per unit	59.4688	57.8407	61.0362	57.2255	55.8399
Lowest Redemption price per unit	53.9672	53.7156	53.1816	53.1208	53.1257
Distribution per unit – Rs. *	5.3543	3.9355	6.9605	6.8514	
Average Annual Return - %					
One year	10.42	7.32	14.45	7.84	5.17
Two year	8.87	10.89	11.15	6.51	5.12
Three year	10.73	9.87	9.15	6.02	6.19
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	102.1075	48.0980	101.3760	65.9800	66.2700
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	100.7340	48.0790	93.7550	116.6830	-
Accumulated Capital Growth - Rs. in million	1.3735	0.0190	18.8450	(50.7500)	66.2700
Weighted average Portfolio Duration (years)	2.0	1.5	2.6	1.8	2.0

^{*} Date of Distribution

2022		
Date	Rate	
June 24, 2022	5 3543	

2021		
Date	Rate	
June 25, 2021	3 9355	

2020		
Date	Rate	
June 26, 2020	6.9605	

2019			
Date	Rate		
July 04,2018	2.7329		
June 28, 2019	4.1185		

2018		
Date	Rate	

NiL

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.